LEWIS & CLARK COUNTY



Rocky Mountain Front near Augusta

APPROVED OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET FISCAL YEAR 2014-2015



Lewis & Clark County, Montana

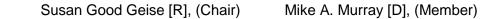
APPROVED OPERATING AND CAPITAL BUDGET Fiscal Year 2014 - 2015

COUNTY COMMISSION



Andy Hunthausen [D], (Member)







CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER

Eric Bryson

COUNTY TREASURER / CLERK & RECORDER

Paulette DeHart

FINANCE DIRECTOR Nancy Everson



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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Eric Bryson Chief Administrative Officer (406) 447-8311 Office (406) 447-8370 Fax



Lewis and Clark County

Administrative Services and Financial Department

Budget Message

September 12, 2014

Lewis & Clark County Commission & Residents of Lewis & Clark County:

This document is the Approved Operating and Capital Budget for Lewis & Clark County, Montana, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 (FY 15). A summary of the Final Budget follows.

Overview of Budgeted Resources

The following table depicts the projected beginning cash balances, estimated revenues, budgeted expenditures, and projected ending cash balances for FY 15. All county funds are included in the foregoing budget. The table reflects estimated revenues of \$68.0 million, budgeted expenditures of \$79.8 million, resulting in projected ending cash balances of \$19.0 million, for all funds. An explanation of the significant changes in fund and cash balances (those greater than 10%) is provided on the following page.

SUMMARY OF MAJOR REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 (FY 15)

	Governmental Fund Types				Proprieta Type	Total	
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project	Enterprise	Internal Service	All Funds
Projected Beginning Cash Balances	\$ 3,184,156	\$ 13,324,407	\$ 781,306	\$ 6,774,542	\$ 1,285,348	\$ 4,902,786	\$ 30,252,545
Total Estimated Revenues	11,149,425	33,011,621	723,254	8,256,919	4,593,294	10,915,871	68,650,384
Budgeted Expenditures	12,262,615	39,389,849	978,133	8,832,629	5,792,379	12,588,114	79,843,719
Projected Ending Cash Balances	\$ 2,070,966	\$ 6,946,179	\$ 526,427	\$ 6,198,832	\$ 86,263	\$ 3,230,543	\$ 19,059,210

Listed below are explanations of the significant changes in fund balance/cash for each of the major fund groups.

General Fund

The financial summary on the preceding page reflects a beginning general fund cash balance of \$3.1 million, estimated revenues of \$11.1 million, budgeted expenditures of \$12.2 million, resulting in a projected ending general fund cash balance of \$2.0 million. Budgeted expenditures of \$1.1 million more than estimated revenues are due to the County intentionally budgeting to spend excess cash reserves and establish a liability contingency. The County has intentionally increased cash reserves over prior years due to the economic uncertainty. The County will continue to maintain a safe operating reserve.

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds reflect a beginning cash balance of \$13.2 million, estimated revenues of \$33.0 million, budgeted expenditures of \$39.3 million, resulting in a projected ending cash balance in the special revenue funds of \$6.9 million. Budgeted expenditures exceed estimated revenues by \$6.3 million, due largely to the County intentionally budgeting to spend cash reserves that have been allocated to specific uses. The County will continue to maintain a safe operating reserve.

Debt Service Funds

Debt service funds show a beginning balance of \$781,000, estimated revenues of \$723,000, budgeted expenditures of \$978,000, and a projected ending cash balance in the debt service funds of \$526,000. Due to low interest rates, debt service funds have been able to pay additional principal on the loans, thus reducing cash balances.

Capital Project Funds

Capital project funds reflect beginning cash balances of \$6.7 million, estimated revenues of \$8.2 million, budgeted expenditures of \$8.8 million, resulting in projected ending cash balances of \$6.1 million. Budgeted expenditures exceed estimated revenues by \$.6 million due to the purchase of capital assets from reserves established for this purpose and also due to the construction of capital projects from reserves established in prior years for these purposes.

Enterprise Funds

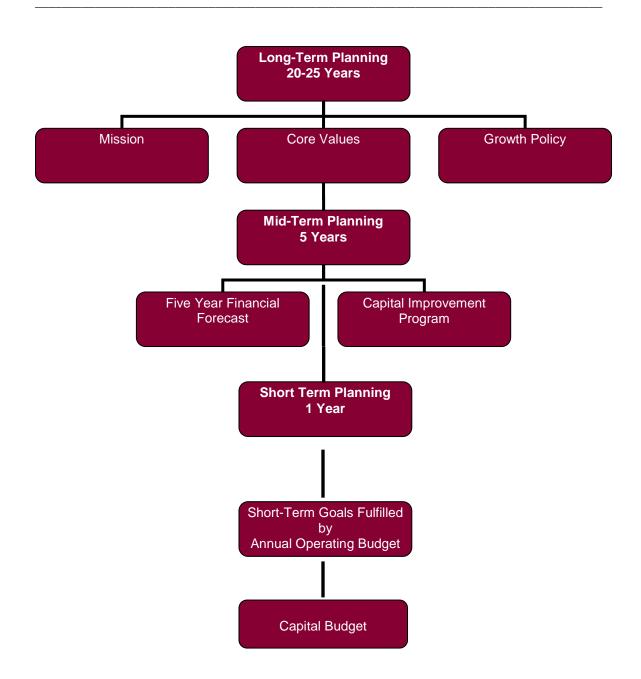
Enterprise funds reflect beginning cash balances of \$1.3 million, estimated revenues of \$4.6 million, budgeted expenditures of \$5.8 million, and projected ending cash balances of \$86,000 in the enterprise funds. The decrease in cash balances is due to the sale of the Cooney Home on a deferred payment plan, resulting in negative cash reserves until collection of the sale price.

Planning Processes

Lewis & Clark County conducts various planning processes (long-term, mid-term and short-term), to help guide the government and to insure that decisions are made in the context of the organization as a whole and with a long-term perspective. Diligent efforts are made to insure each of these component planning processes are in concert with one another. This so called "Linkage" is paramount to insure short-term decisions are consistent with the overriding values embodied in the mid-term and long-term planning processes adopted by the County Commission.

Each element of the County's planning process has a different purpose and timeframe. The County's Mission, Core Values Statement and Growth Policy are the most far-reaching in nature—20 to 25 years. The Capital Improvement Program and the Five-Year Financial Forecast are mid-term in nature—5 years. The Annual Budget and the Capital Budget are short-term—covering a 1-year timeframe. The most important requisite is that they are coordinated efforts.

Shown on the following page is a hierarchy of the County's layered planning processes, all which support one another and are designed with a common goal. The chart depicts how the Annual Operating Budget and the Capital Budget fit within the County's planning process hierarchy.



Strategic Plan

Strategic planning suggests ways (strategies) to identify and to move toward desired future states. It consists of the process of developing and implementing plans to reach goals and objectives. Within government, strategic planning provides guidance for organizational management similar to that for business, but also provides guidance for the evolution or modification of public policy and laws. Areas of such public policy include: funding of infrastructure and rate-setting and functional plans such as the County's Growth Policy for land use, and the Lewis & Clark County Transportation Plan.

Lewis & Clark County Goals – Short-Term Initiatives – Principal Issues – Proposed Action

The County also created a set of short-term goals. The short-term goals are those that guide the development of the budget for the coming year.

Listed below are the County's goals that help guide the development of this budget.

- Create the FY2015 Budget as a "business plan," including goals and objectives from each department/office, along with funding requests.
- Create a management system that will allow the Commissioners to measure performance in each department/office relating to the approved goals and objectives as documented as part of the annual budget process.
- Continue focus on managing and planning the growth in Lewis & Clark County, including regular updates of the growth policy and subdivision regulations.
- Continue to pursue a master plan for detention services to mitigate the effects of overcrowding in the current detention center.
- Coordinate flood mitigation efforts in the Helena Valley.
- Continue to fund the market based pay plan. The plan and related benefits allows the County to remain competitive in recruiting and retaining quality employees.
- The 5-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) is a top priority every year. Each department is required to fund a capital asset schedule. In addition, future asset needs and projects are identified and funded from department budgets to the extent possible.

Capital Improvement Plan

The County prepares a 5-year Capital Improvement Program (CIP) which is summarized within the Annual Operating Budget. The CIP is a multi-year capital improvement plan that forecasts, but does not obligate, future spending for all anticipated capital projects. The CIP is developed and updated annually. The proposed 5-year CIP uses conservative financial forecasts and reflects only those projects with the highest priority and most realistic expectation for completion during the next five years. This approach avoids raising expectations for projects that are not well defined or that the operating budget will not support.

The Annual Budget Process includes a re-evaluation of the capital projects included in the CIP for the coming year, as well as the anticipated funding sources for the projects. If approved in the Annual Budget Process, the capital items appear in the Annual Operating Budget, which constitutes the formal spending authority. The capital items included in the Annual Operating Budget represent the "Capital Budget."

A summary of the significant capital projects included in the FY15 Operating Budget is included in the budget on page K-5.

STAFFING CHANGES

The final budget includes a net overall decrease of9.03 full-time equivalent employees (FTE). The decrease is due mainly to revenue constraints at the Cooperative Health Center. The chart below shows the change in FTE for the budget year for each department. Also included in the Appendix on page M-1 is a chart showing all of the County's FTE for all departments.

Staffing Changes (FTE)			
DEPARTMENT/DIVISION	Net Increase (Decrease)		
County Attorney District Court Information Technology Sheriff Coroner Public Works Public Health-CHC Fair	1.00 0.25 (1.00) 1.00 0.50 (0.74) (9.78) (0.26)		
TOTAL CHANGE	(9.03)		

BUDGETARY TRENDS

Shown below are a series of key financial indicators and budgetary trends that affect the ability of the County to sustain current service levels, while maintaining financial stability.

Fund balance measures the net financial resources available to finance expenditures of future periods. Rating agencies examine fund balance when considering the credit quality of the County. The general fund

balance represents the best indicator of the County's overall financial health. Shown by the graph above is the County's actual general fund balance from FY 06 – FY 15. Fund balances for FY 15 are projected. The County's 2015 budget continues to be structurally balanced and the County will maintain a safe general fund reserve at the end of FY 15.

Full-time equivalent employees (FTE) are a key indicator mirroring the growth of the Lewis & Clark County. As shown by the graph above, total FTE decreased from 341.40 in fiscal year 2014 to 332.42 in 2015.

As a general rule, all real and personal property in the State of Montana is subject to taxation by the State and its counties, municipalities and other political subdivisions. This rule is subject to exceptions in the case of specified classes of exempt property. Property is classified according to its use and character, and the different classes of property are taxed at different percentages of their market valuation.

Property valuations are based on comprehensive appraisals of all taxable property performed by the Department of Revenue each year. The Department of Revenue certifies market and taxable values to each county on or before the 1st Monday in August. The trend of the Lewis & Clark County market value is shown by the graph above. As shown by the graph, the County's market value has increased from \$2.63 billion in fiscal year 2006 to \$4.25 billion in fiscal year 2014, for a 62% increase over this period. The market value of property in the County reflects the rapid growth the County is experiencing. The graph of taxable values that follows reflects the County's ability to raise general tax revenue necessary to support the growing demand for government services.

The taxable value for property is determined by applying a statutorily established percentage ratio to the market value of the property, according to its property classification. The applicable ratio for most commercial and residential real properties is currently 2.47%. Shown above is a history of the County's actual taxable value since 2003. The increase in taxable values does not coincide with the increase in market values because of adjustments to the percentage ratio by the Montana Legislature and by changes in tax policy implemented through property tax amendments. The adjustments by the Legislature were designed to prevent local taxes from increasing at the same rate as property values. The taxable values (as opposed to market values) more accurately reflect the ability of the County to increase tax revenues.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The Bureau of Business and Economic Research (BBER) is the research and public service branch of the University of Montana's School of Business Administration. The Bureau is regularly involved in a wide variety of activities, including economic analysis and forecasting. Excerpts from the Bureau's forecasts contained in the Spring 2007 issue of the Montana Business Quarterly relating to Lewis & Clark County are restated below.

Helena is a government town, and state and federal governments combine for about two-thirds of the economic base in Lewis & Clark County. Between 2001 and 2004, both state and federal government contributed to growth. The increases in state government were mostly before and after the wage freeze enacted by the 2003 Legislature. The increases in the federal government occurred in both the civilian and military components (including Ft. Harrison and other reserve facilities), and both may be associated with homeland security activities. The Bureau projects that Lewis & Clark County's population growth will average 1% per year through 2010, as shown by the graphic below.

	Thousands of Persons				Δ	verage Annu	al
		Actual	Projected		Percent Change		
	1990	2000	2005	2010	1990-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010
Montana	800	902	936	974	1.2%	0.7%	0.8%
West	335	400	416	445	1.8%	0.8%	1.4%
Missoula	79	95	100	106	1.9%	1.0%	1.2%
Flathead	60	75	83	90	2.3%	2.0%	1.6%
Silver Bow	34	35	33	37	0.3%	-1.2%	2.3%
Lewis and Clark	48	56	58	61	1.5%	0.7%	1.0%
Ravalli	25	36	40	43	3.7%	2.1%	1.5%
Rest of West	89	103	102	108	1.5%	-0.2%	1.1%
North-Central	181	183	183	184	0.1%	0.0%	0.1%
Cascade	78	80	80	82	0.3%	0.0%	0.5%
Hill	18	17	16	17	-0.6%	-1.2%	1.2%
Fergus	12	12	12	13	0.0%	0.0%	1.6%
Rest of North-Central	73	74	75	72	0.1%	0.3%	-0.8%
Southeast	284	319	337	345	1.2%	1.1%	0.5%
Yellowstone	114	128	137	145	1.2%	1.4%	1.1%
Gallatin	51	68	78	86	2.9%	2.8%	2.0%
Richland	11	10	9	11	-0.9%	-2.1%	4.1%
Custer	12	12	11	12	0.0%	-1.7%	1.8%
Rest of Southeast	96	101	102	91	0.5%	0.2%	-2.2%

Closing

We had many goals in mind when we created the performance budget in FY 08—the most important of which were improved financial planning and the improvement of county services through Performance Budgeting. It takes most governments several years to develop a true Performance Budget. Thanks to the efforts of our department managers, we have created a Performance Budget . Department managers did an outstanding job of describing their programs, laying out goals and objectives for their departments, establishing quantifiable performance measures and identifying quantifying workload indicators. The focus of this budget is not the traditional approach of describing how the County intends to spend taxpayer dollars, but rather the more progressive approach using a Performance Budget which describes what the county departments intend to accomplish and what services will be provided to Lewis & Clark County citizens. Furthermore, our focus will be on continual improvement and efficiency in the provision of these public services. There are obvious improvements we can make in this document and we are challenging ourselves to do just that as it continues to develop in future years.

I would like to personally thank all of the department managers who provided the excellent information for this budget document and the finance department who worked to make this budget document a reality.

Respectfully

Eric Bryson, Chief Administrative Officer

The National Advisory Commission on State and Local Budgeting (NACSLB) promulgated a set of recommended practices for governments to follow. Lewis & Clark County is striving to incorporate these recommended practices into its budget process.

The NACSLB was created to provide tools for governments to improve their budgeting processes and to promote their use. The NACSLB focuses on long-term financial planning and encourages governments to consider the longer consequences of actions to ensure that impacts of budget decisions are understood over a multi-year planning horizon and to assess whether program and service levels can be sustained. Practices encourage the development of organizational goals, establishment of policies and plans to achieve these goals, and allocation of resources through the budget process that are consistent with goals, policies and plans. There is also a focus on measuring performance to determine what has been accomplished with scarce government resources.

Following are excerpts of the NACSLB's budget practice recommendations.

BUDGET DEFINITION

The budget process consists of activities that encompass the development, implementation, and evaluation of a plan for the provision of services and capital assets.

A good budget process is characterized by several essential features.

- Incorporates a long-term perspective
- Establishes linkages to broad goals
- Focuses budgeting decisions on results and outcomes
- Involves and promotes effective communication with stakeholders
- Provides incentives to government management and employees

These key characteristics of good budgeting make clear that the budget process is not simply an exercise in balancing revenues and expenditures one year at a time, but is strategic in nature, encompassing a multi-year financial and operating plan that allocates resources on the basis of identified goals. A good budget process moves beyond the traditional concept of line-item expenditure control, providing incentives and flexibility to managers that can lead to improved program efficiency and effectiveness.

MISSION OF THE BUDGET PROCESS

The mission of the budget process is to help decision makers make informed choices about the provision of services and capital assets and to promote stakeholder participation in the process. Communication and involvement with citizens and other stakeholders is stressed. Communication and involvement are essential components of every aspect of the budget process.

PERFORMANCE BUDGETING

Lewis & Clark County is moving to a Performance Budgeting approach for the development of its annual operating budget. Performance budgets emphasize the accomplishment of program objectives as opposed to a description of what is going to be purchased by the government.

Performance budgeting involves a shift away from a debate by the County Commission of what is going to be purchased toward a debate regarding what is going to be accomplished.

Lewis & Clark County is in the early stages of its Performance Budgeting efforts. Each department is in the process of identifying performance objectives, identifying and tracking workload indicators, and establishing quantifiable performance measurers. It is anticipated that it will take 3 – 5 years to fully implement the performance budgeting system.

FINANCIAL TREND ANALYSIS

The budget process begins in the winter with a financial trend analysis for the County's funds.

Using the latest fiscal, operational, and legislative information, the Finance Director works collaboratively with county departments to update the county's most recent financial trend analysis.

The financial trend analysis assists the County Commission and the county administration in focusing on the "Big Picture" of the county's financial operations.

NEEDS ASSESSMENT PHASE

Late Winter - Early Spring

Departments have an opportunity to assess current conditions, programs, and needs. Examination of current departmental programs or positions for possible trade-offs, reduction, or elimination is strongly suggested. During this phase, departments are encouraged to thoroughly review all programs and services, assessing their value and priority to the citizens. At the same time, departments are asked to submit requests for new or expanded programs. These are called modified level budget requests.

From this process, they prepare their preliminary departmental budgets.

BUDGET DEVELOPMENT AND PRIORITIZATION PHASE

The Finance Department compiles and tabulates the budgetary information submitted by the individual departments and begins the preparation of the preliminary budget in cooperation with the Chief Administrative Officer. The needs of the county departments are weighed against projected funds available and a determination must be made as to which services will be included in the final budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Within the framework of the County's financial capacity, County Commission priorities and departmental needs assessments, budget requests are reviewed and a preliminary County operating budget takes shape. Modified budget level requests are evaluated for possible funding.

The purpose of the preliminary budget is to enable the community, stakeholders and the County Commission to comment on a balanced budget well before it is adopted.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS PROGRAM (CIP) AND ITS RELATIONSHIP TO THE OPERATING BUDGET

Lewis & Clark County prepares a Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) document separate and apart from the Annual Operating Budget. Unlike the Annual Operating Budget, the CIP is a multiyear capital improvements plan that forecasts, but does not obligate, future spending for all anticipated capital projects.

Whenever the County commits to a CIP plan, there is an associated long-range commitment of operating funds. For this reason, it is important to evaluate capital commitments in the context of their long-range operating impact. Most capital projects affect future operating budgets either positively or negatively due to an increase or decrease in maintenance costs or by providing capacity for new programs to be offered. Such impacts vary widely from project to project and, as such, are evaluated individually during the process of assessing project feasibility.

The multi-year, long-range fiscal analysis also provides an opportunity to review the operating impact of growth-related future capital projects.

ADOPTION/IMPLEMENTATION PHASE

Public hearings are conducted to enable citizens and other interested parties to comment on the proposed budget. Following the public hearings, the County Commission may modify the proposed budget or may adopt it without changes.

The budget and the corresponding property tax mill levy must be adopted by later of the 1st Thursday in September, or within 30 days of receipt of the Certified Taxable Valuations from

the State of Montana, Department of Revenue (DOR).

Management control of the budget is maintained by quarterly revenue and expenditure reports, whereby departments are able to compare actual results to the budget throughout the fiscal year. In addition, the Finance Director prepares mid-year and third-quarter budget reviews on a county-wide basis, with presentations to the County Commission at a work session. These budget reviews are aimed at examining expenditure patterns, and recommending corrective action to be taken during the year.

AMENDING THE BUDGET

The county's budget may be amended during the course of the year as outlined in the Final Budget Resolution adopted by the County Commission each year at a duly noticed public meeting. The Final Budget Resolution authorizes the Chief Administrative Officer to approve budget amendments, after notifying the Commission at a work session of his intent to do so. The Resolution outlines the specific process that must be followed to amending the budget and the situations in which the budget may be amended.

The County Commission exercises budgetary control at the summary object of expenditure level (salaries, operations, and capital). Within those areas, departments can spend as needed for individual line items.

OPERATING BUDGET CALENDAR

January

Finance Department prepares mid year report with estimated year-end cash balances, estimates revenue for the coming year, and adjusts current year's budget to project next year's needs - information presented to County Commission.

February

Finance Department updates all estimates, adjusts expenses for known one time expenses and adjustments, presents updated estimates to County Commission, recommends reserve for wage adjustments, operational expense adjustment and changes to capital reserves.

March

Budget meeting held-Personnel numbers, budget estimates, budget timeline and forms are presented to Elected Officials and Department Heads.

April

Individual budget meeting with each department are held with the County Commission. Each department presents their budget with cash flows. All new budget requests are presented and discussed.

Final Budget Resolution is adopted by the County Commission. Per Resolution, approved budget carryovers are included in the budget after year end numbers are final

July

May

County Commission meets on requests and develops proposed budget. Finance Office prepares preliminary budget information for elected officials and department heads. Commission reviews, amends and approves preliminary budget and sets hearing dates for Public, Elected Officials and Departments to present requested changes to the Preliminary Budget. Public Hearings scheduled.

August

Certified Taxable Values are received from the Department of Revenue and mill levies are calculated. Mill levy resolution is adopted by the County Commission. Estimates of new growth are reviewed and adjusted in the final budget if needed.

June

Commission holds public hearings on Preliminary Budget. Elected Officials and Department Heads prepare requested changes to budget. Requested changes presented at public meeting to provide information to the public as well as the County Commission. No decisions made by Commission until after final Public Hearing.

September

On-going review and monitoring of current year budget.

Preparations being made for the coming year.

October

On-going review and monitoring of current year budget.

Preparations being made for the coming year.

November

On-going review and monitoring of current year budget.

Preparations being made for the coming year.

December

On-going review and monitoring of current year budget.

Preparations being made for the coming year.

The overall goal of the County's fiscal policy is to establish and maintain effective management of the County's financial resources. Formal policy statements and major objectives provide the foundation for achieving this goal. Accordingly, this section outlines the policies used in guiding the preparation and management of the County's overall budget and the major objectives to be accomplished.

Financial policies are guidelines for operational and strategic decision making related to financial matters. Financial policies identify acceptable and unacceptable courses of action, establish parameters in which the government can operate, and provide a standard against which the government's fiscal performance can be judged.

The following County financial policies, endorsed by the County Commission through this budget document, establish the framework for Lewis & Clark County's overall fiscal planning and management.

These financial policies:

- Demonstrate to the citizens of Lewis & Clark County, the investment community, and the credit rating industry that the county is committed to a strong financial management and fiscal integrity;
- 2. Set forth guidelines against which current budgetary performance can be measured;
- 3. Provide precedents for future policy makers and financial managers for financial goals and strategies;
- 4. Improve the County's fiscal stability by helping County officials plan fiscal strategy with a consistent approach;
- 5. Encourage the fair presentation and full disclosure of the financial position and results of operations of the county in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles.

The following financial policies are reviewed by the Finance Department every two years for possible modifications. The County is in compliance with the comprehensive financial policies in this budget.

OPERATING BUDGET POLICIES

Links to Financial Plans.

1) Five-Year Plan. Lewis & Clark County's annual budget will be developed in accordance with the policies and priorities set forth in the five year strategic financial plan, Commission goals, the needs of the County, and state and federal laws. Program/project priorities and service levels will be established by the aforementioned plans.

Scope.

1) Comprehensive Budget. A

comprehensive annual budget will be prepared for all funds expended by the County, with the exception of Trust & Agency funds & Component Units. State law (7-6-4005, MCA), states that "Local government officials may not make a disbursement or an expenditure or incur an obligation in excess of the total appropriations for a fund." Since Trust & Agency funds and Component Units are not considered County funds, these have been excluded from the budget. Inclusion of all <u>County</u> funds in the budget enables the Commission, the administration, and the public to consider all financial aspects of County government when preparing, modifying, and monitoring the budget, rather than deal with the County's finances on a "piece meal" basis.

The County Commission has appropriation control over all departments, including other elected officials.

2) Competing Requests. The budget process is intended to weigh all competing requests for County resources, within expected fiscal constraints. Requests for new, ongoing programs made outside the budget process will be discouraged.

3) Understandable. The budget will be prepared in such a manner as to facilitate its understanding by citizens and elected officials. One of the stated purposes of the budget is to present a picture of the county government operations and intentions for the year to the citizens of Lewis & Clark County. Presenting a budget document that is understandable to the citizens furthers the goal of effectively communicating local government finance issues to both elected officials and the public.

4) Budgetary Emphasis. Budgetary emphasis will focus on providing those basic government services which provide the maximum level of services, to the most citizens, in the most cost-effective manner, with due consideration being given to all costs--economic, fiscal, and social. Adherence to this basic philosophy provides the citizens of Lewis & Clark County assurance that its government and elected officials are responsive to the basic needs of the citizens and that its government is operated in an economical and efficient manner.

Budgeting Control System.

1) Budgetary Control. The County will exercise budgetary control (maximum spending authority) through County Commission approval of appropriation authority for each program. The budgetary control system enables the Commission to monitor current year operations and acts as an early warning mechanism when departments deviate in any substantive way from the original budget.

2) Budget to Actual Reports. Reports comparing actual revenues and expenditures to budgeted amounts will be prepared quarterly. Quarterly reports comparing actual revenues and expenditures to budget amounts provide the mechanism for the Commission and the administration to regularly monitor compliance with the adopted budget.

Balanced Budget Definition and Requirement.

1) Balanced Budget. The County will maintain a balanced budget. This means that:

- Operating revenues must fully cover operating expenditures, including debt service.
- Ending cash balances must meet minimum policy levels.
- Under this policy, it is allowable for total expenditures to exceed revenues in a given year; however, in this situation, beginning cash balances can only be used to fund capital improvement plan projects, or other "one-time" nonrecurring expenditures.

Performance Measurement Integration.

1) **Program Objectives.** The annual budget will establish measurable program objectives and allow reasonable time to accomplish those objectives.

REVENUE POLICIES

Diversification and Stabilization.

1) **Diversification.** The County will seek to maintain a diversified and stable revenue base to protect it from short-term fluctuations in any one revenue source.

2) Aggressive Collection. The County will pursue an aggressive policy of collecting revenues. An aggressive policy of collecting revenues will help to insure the County's revenue estimates are met, all taxpayers are treated fairly and consistently, and delinquencies are kept to a minimum.

3) Grant Opportunities. The County will aggressively pursue opportunities for Federal or State grant funding. An aggressive policy of pursuing opportunities for Federal or State grant funding provides citizens assurance that the County is striving to obtain all state and federal funds to which it is entitled—thereby reducing dependence upon local taxpayers for the support of local public services.

4) Current Revenues for Current Uses. The County will make all current expenditures

with current revenues, avoiding procedures that balance current budgets by postponing needed expenditures, accruing future revenues, or rolling over short-term debt.

5) Enterprise Funds. The County will set fees and rates at levels which fully recover the total direct and indirect costs—including operations, capital outlay, and debt service.

6) Earmarking. The County recognizes that generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments discourage the "earmarking" of General Fund revenues, and accordingly, the practice of designating General Fund revenues for specific programs should be minimized in the County's management of its fiscal affairs.

7) Realistic and Conservative. The County will estimate revenues in a realistic and conservative manner. Aggressive revenue estimates significantly increase the chances of budgetary shortfalls occurring during the year resulting in either deficit spending or required spending reductions. Realistic and conservative revenue estimates, on the other hand, will serve to minimize the adverse impact of revenue shortfalls and will also reduce the need for midyear spending reductions.

8) One-Time Revenues. The County will give highest priority in the use of one-time revenues to the funding of capital assets or other non-recurring expenditures. Utilizing onetime revenues to fund on-going expenditures may result in incurring annual expenditure obligations which may be unfunded in future years. Using one-time revenues to fund capital assets or other non-recurring expenditures better enables future administrations and Commissions to cope with the financial problems when these revenue sources are discontinued, since these types of expenditures can more easily be eliminated.

User Fees.

1) **Cost-Effective.** User fees will be collected only if it is cost-effective and administratively feasible to do so. User fees are often times costly to administer. Prior to establishing user fees, the costs to establish and administer the fees will be considered in order to provide assurance that the County's collection

mechanisms are being operated in an efficient manner.

2) Beneficiary Populations. User fees and charges will be used, as opposed to general taxes, when distinct beneficiary populations or interest groups can be identified. User fees and charges are preferable to general taxes because user charges can provide clear demand signals which assist in determining what services to offer, their quantity, and their quality. User charges are also more equitable, since only those who use the service must pay—thereby eliminating the subsidy provided by nonusers to users, which is inherent in general tax financing.

3) Community-Wide Versus Special Benefit. The level of user fee cost recovery should consider the community-wide versus special service nature of the program or activity. The use of general-purpose revenues is appropriate for community-wide services, while user fees are appropriate for services that are of special benefit to identified individuals or groups.

The following general concepts will be used in developing and implementing service charges and user fees:

- Revenues should not exceed the reasonable cost of providing the service.
- Cost recovery goals should be based on the total cost of delivering the service, including direct costs, departmental administration costs and organizationwide support costs such as accounting, personnel, information technology, legal services, fleet maintenance, and insurance.
- The method of assessing and collecting fees should be as simple as possible in order to reduce the administrative cost of collection.
- Rate structures should be sensitive to the "market" for similar services as well as to smaller, infrequent users of the service.
- A unified approach should be used in determining cost recovery levels for various programs based on the factors discussed above.

EXPENDITURE POLICIES

Maintenance of Capital Assets.

1) Capital Assets. The budget will provide for adequate maintenance of capital, plant, and equipment and for their orderly replacement. All governments experience prosperous times as well as periods of economic decline. In periods of economic decline, proper maintenance and replacement of capital, plant, and equipment is generally postponed or eliminated as a first means of balancing the budget. Recognition of the need for adequate maintenance and replacement of capital, plant, and equipment, regardless of the economic conditions, will assist in maintaining the government's equipment and infrastructure in good operating condition.

RESERVE POLICIES

Unreserved Fund Balance.

1) General Fund. An undesignated general fund reserve will be maintained by the County. The undesignated reserve will be used for: cash flow purposes, equipment acquisition and replacement, and to enable the county to meet unexpected expenditure demands or revenue shortfalls.

2) Enterprise Funds. Enterprise Fund Reserves will be maintained to meet three objectives: (1) ensure adequate funding for operations; (2) to ensure infrastructure repair and replacement; and, (3) to provide working capital to provide level rate change for customers.

3) Insurance Funds. Self-Insurance reserves will be maintained at a level, which, together with purchased insurance policies, will adequately indemnify the County's property, liability, and health benefit risk.

4) Required Reserves. Reserves will be established for funds which are not available for expenditure or are legally segregated for a specific use, in accordance with Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GAFR). The County's policy is to manage and account for its financial activity in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). This policy is consistent with GASB requirements.

Utilizing Unreserved Fund Balances.

1) **Spending Reserves.** On-going expenditures will be limited to levels which can be supported by current revenues. Utilization of reserves to fund on-going expenditures will produce a balanced budget; however, this practice will eventually cause severe financial problems. Once reserve levels are depleted, the county would face elimination of on-going costs in order to balance the budget. Therefore, the funding of on-going expenditures will be limited to current revenues.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT POLICIES

CIP Formulation.

1) **CIP Purpose.** The purpose of the CIP is to systematically plan, schedule, and finance capital projects to ensure cost-effectiveness, as well as conformance with established policies. The CIP is a five-year plan organized into the same functional groupings used for the operating programs. The CIP will reflect a balance between capital replacement projects that repair, replace or enhance existing facilities, equipment or infrastructure; and capital facility projects that significantly expand or add to the County's existing fixed assets.

2) CIP Criteria. Construction projects of \$15,000 or more and equipment of \$5,000 or more will be included in the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP); minor capital outlays will be included in the regular operating budget. The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) differentiates the financing of high cost long-lived physical improvements from low cost "consumable" equipment items contained in the operating budget. CIP items may be funded through debt financing or current revenues while operating budget items are annual or routine in nature and should only be financed from current revenues.

3) Deteriorating Infrastructure. The Capital Improvement Plan will include, in addition to current operating maintenance expenditures, adequate funding to support repair and replacement of deteriorating infrastructure and avoidance of a significant unfunded liability.

Project Financing.

1) Minor Capital Projects. Minor capital projects or recurring capital projects, which primarily benefit current residents, will be financed from current revenues. Minor capital projects or recurring capital projects represent relatively small costs of an on-going nature, and therefore, should be financed with current revenues rather than utilizing debt financing. This policy also reflects the view that those who benefit from a capital project should pay for the project.

2) Major Capital Projects. Major capital projects, which benefit future residents, will be financed with other financing sources (e.g. debt financing). Major capital projects represent large expenditures of a non-recurring nature which primarily benefit future residents. Debt financing provides a means of generating sufficient funds to pay for the costs of major projects. Debt financing also enables the costs of the project to be supported by those who benefit from the project, since debt service payments will be funded through charges to future residents.

DEBT MANAGEMENT POLICIES

Restrictions on Debt Issuance.

1) Repayment of Borrowed Funds. The County will repay borrowed funds, used for capital projects, within a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the project. This policy reflects the view that those residents who benefit from a project should pay for the project. Adherence to this policy will also help prevent the government from over-extending itself with regard to the incurrence of future debt.

Limitations on Outstanding Debt.

1) Reliance on Long-Term Debt. The County will limit long-term debt to capital improvements which cannot be financed from current revenues. Incurring long-term debt serves to obligate future taxpayers. Excess reliance on long-term debt can cause debt levels to reach or exceed the government's ability to pay. Therefore, conscientious use of long-term debt will provide assurance that future residents will be able service the debt obligations left by former residents.

2) Debt Not Used for Current

Operations. The County will not use long-term debt for financing current operations. This policy reflects the view that those residents who benefit from a service should pay for the service. Utilization of long-term debt to support current operations would result in future residents supporting services provided to current residents.

Debt Refinancing.

1) General Refinancing Guidelines.

Periodic reviews of all outstanding debt will be undertaken to determine refinancing opportunities. Refinancings will be considered (within federal tax law constraints) under the following conditions:

- There is a net economic benefit.
- It is needed to modernize covenants that are adversely affecting the County's financial position or operations.
- The County wants to reduce the principal outstanding in order to achieve future working capital to do so from other sources.

2) Standards for Economic Savings. In general, refinancings for economic savings will be undertaken whenever net present value savings of at least five percent (5%) of the refunded debt can be achieved.

3) Net Present Value Savings.

Refinancings that produce net present value savings of less than five percent will be considered on a case-by-case basis, provided that the present value savings are at least three percent (3%) of the refunded debt. Refinancings with savings of less than three percent (3%), or with negative savings, will not be considered unless there is a compelling public policy objective.

ACCOUNTING, AUDITING AND FINANCIAL REPORTING POLICIES

1) **GAAP.** The County will manage and account for its financial activity in accordance

with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). GASB is recognized as the authority with respect to governmental accounting. Managing the County's finances in accordance with GAAP and in accordance with the rules set forth by GASB, provides the citizens of Lewis & Clark County assurance that their public funds are being accounted for in a proper manner.

2) Basis of Accounting. The County will maintain its accounting records for general governmental operations on a modified accrual basis, with revenues recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures recorded when services or goods are received and liabilities incurred. Accounting records for proprietary fund types and similar trust funds will be maintained on an accrual basis, with all revenues recorded when earned and expenses recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, without regard to receipt or payment of cash. Adherence to this policy will enable the County to prepare its financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles as set forth by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budget report is prepared on a cash basis, meaning that year end accrual adjustments made to the financial statements are not accounted for in the budget process. The County intends to work toward the establishment of the same basis of accounting for the budget and the financial statements.

3) Financial Report. Lewis & Clark County will prepare a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The report will be made available to the general public.

4) Audits. An annual audit will be performed by an independent public accounting firm, with an audit opinion to be included with the County's published Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). Audits of the County's financial records provide the public assurance that its funds are being expended in accordance with Local, State, and Federal law and in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. Audits also provide management and the Commission with suggestions for improvement in its financial operations from independent experts in the accounting field.

FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

FUND ACCOUNTING

Lewis & Clark County maintains accounts in accordance to the principle of fund accounting to ensure that limitations and restrictions on the County's available resources are observed and adhered to. Fund accounting classifies resources into funds or account groups with respect to the intended activities or objectives specified by those resources for accounting controls and financial reporting purposes. Each fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity, and its operations are accounted for in a separate set of self-balancing accounts that are comprised of assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses. Account groups are reporting mechanisms used to compile certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds that are not directly recorded in those funds.

A **FUND** is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The most common reason for establishing a fund is to separately account for a restricted-use revenue or to comply with state or federal law.

There is no limit to the number of funds that a government may establish and maintain for accounting and financial reporting. A generally practiced governmental accounting guideline is that a government should use the smallest number of individual funds as possible, consistent with its particular circumstances, and that individual funds are closed when its intended purpose no longer exists.

An **ACCOUNT** is an organizational or budgetary breakdown which is found within County funds. Each department serves a specific function as a distinct organizational unit of government within the given fund. Its primary purpose is organizational and budgetary accountability.

An **OBJECT OF EXPENDITURE** refers to specific, detailed expenditure classification. It relates to a specific type of item purchased or

service obtained. Examples of objects of expenditure include salaries, supplies, contracted services, travel, etc.

The County's financial operations and fund structure conform to generally accepted accounting principles. The funds are grouped under governmental funds, and proprietary funds. The County's fund structure is comprised of the following funds, all of which are budgeted.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions of the County are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the County's governmental fund types:

General Fund — accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is the County's primary operating fund.

Special Revenue Funds — account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes (other than for major capital projects). Examples include: Road, District Court, Public Safety, County Planning, and County Health.

Capital Project Funds — account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds.) Examples include: Capital Development Fund, Grant Funded Capital Projects, Road/Bridge Infrastructure Projects, and Fairground Improvements.

Debt Service Funds —- account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term debt.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

Proprietary Funds are used to account for ongoing organizations or activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector. The following proprietary funds are used by the County.

FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

Enterprise Funds —- account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. Funds include: Cooney Convalescent, Fair Enterprise, Augusta Landfill District, Lincoln Landfill District, Scratch Gravel Landfill, and Lewis & Clark County Landfill.

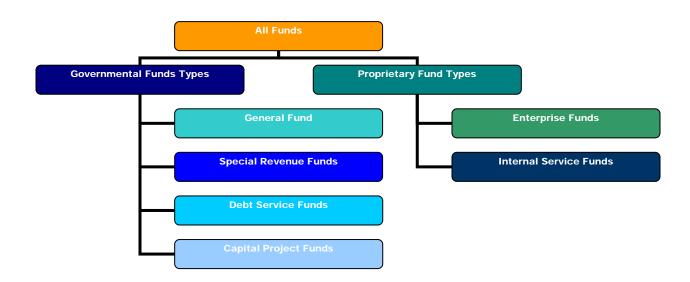
Internal Service Funds – account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the County,

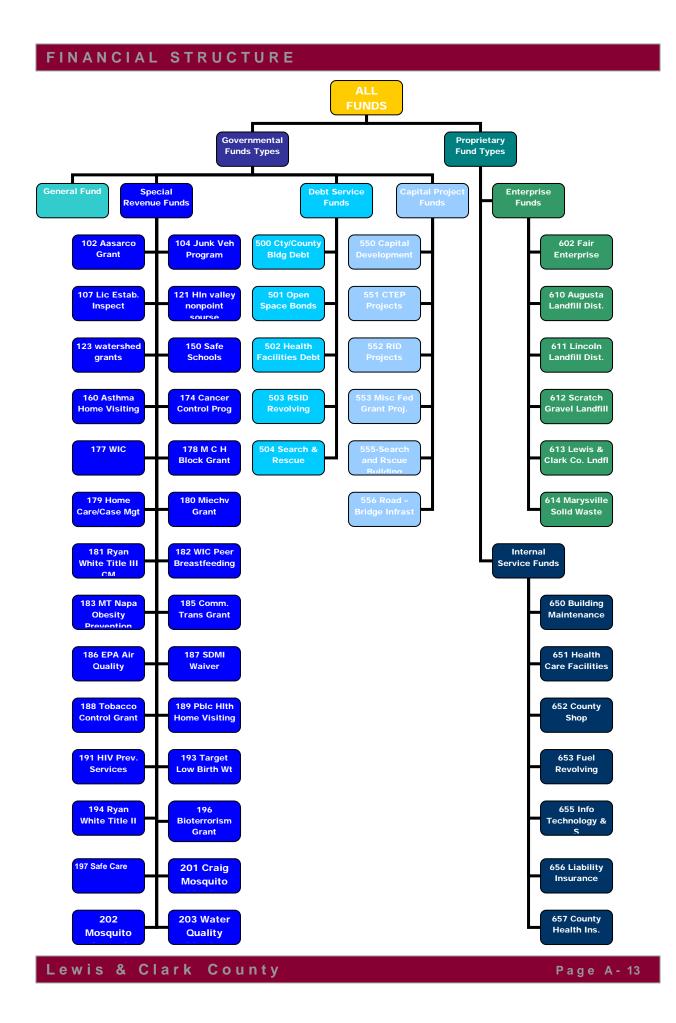
or to other governmental units, on a costreimbursement basis. Examples include: Building Maintenance, Health Care Facilities, County Shop, Information Technology & Service, Liability Insurance, and County Health Insurance.

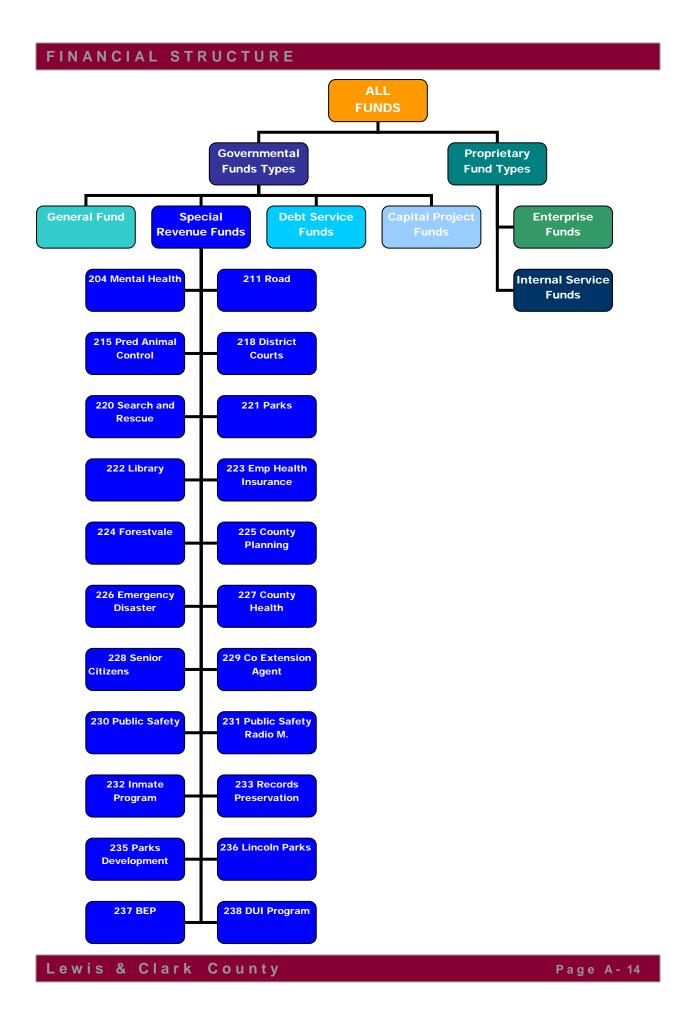
CONSISTENCY WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

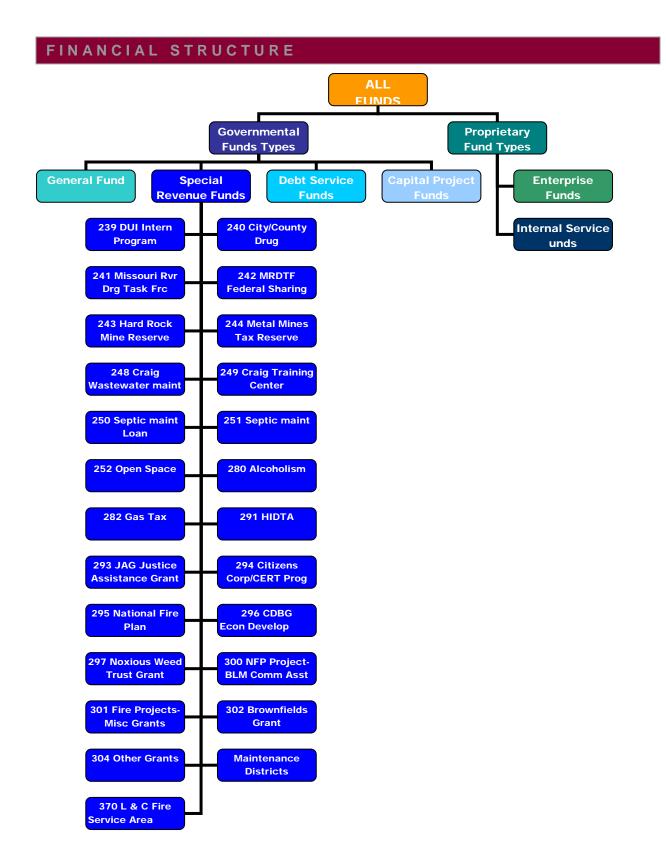
Lewis & Clark County's budgeted funds are presented on a cash basis while the County's audited financial statements are presented in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. (GAAP)

Shown below is a graphic summary of the County's Fund Structure. The following three pages provide a detailed organizational graphic presentation of each of the County's funds.









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ORGANIZATIONAL UNITS

FUNCTIONS, DEPARTMENTS, PROGRAMS/ACTIVITIES

PURPOSE

The organizational units set forth in this section of the Budget represent the county's system of delivery of services and allows the County to accomplish the following:

- Establish policies and goals that define the nature and level of services to be provided.
- Identify activities performed in delivering program services.
- Set objectives for improving delivery of services.
- Appropriate the resources required to perform activities and accomplish objectives.

ORGANIZATION

The County's operating expenditures are organized into the following hierarchical categories:

- Function
- Department
- Program/Activity

FUNCTION

Function represents the highest level of summarization used in the County's operating structure. Functions are a grouping of relating operations and programs that may cross organizational (departmental) boundaries. Functions are aimed at accomplishing a broad goal or delivering a major service. The nine functions in the County's operating structure are:

- General Government
- Public Safety
- Public Works
- Public Health

- Social and Economic Services
- Cultural and Recreation
- Economic Development
- Debt Service
- Internal Service

DEPARTMENTS

Departments represent a grouping of related programs within a functional area, such as Sheriff's Office within the broad function area of Public Safety.

PROGRAM/ACTIVITY

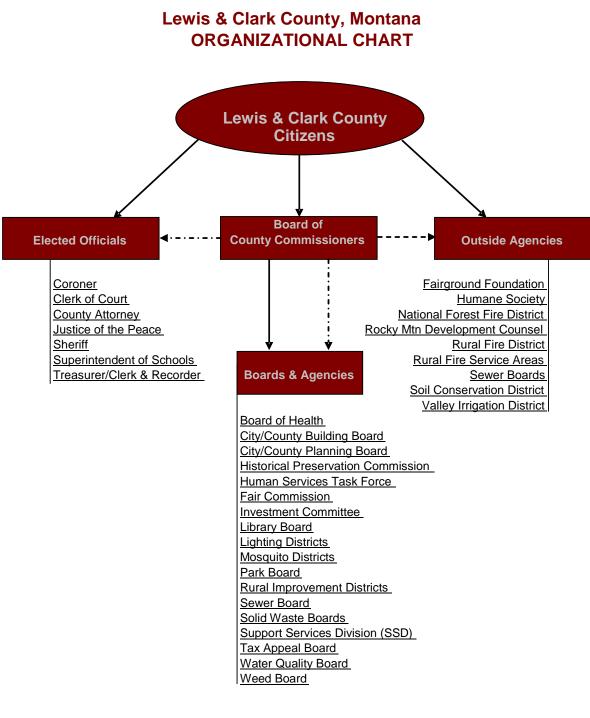
Programs/Activities of a Department are the specific services and tasks performed in the pursuit of its objectives and goals.

PROGRAM/ACTIVITY BUDGET DESCRIPTIONS

A separate section is included in this budget for each program/division. The following information is included for each program/activity:

- Program Description
- Goals & Objectives
- Department Budget
- Department Personnel
- Performance Measures
- Workload Indicators

ORGANIZATION CHART

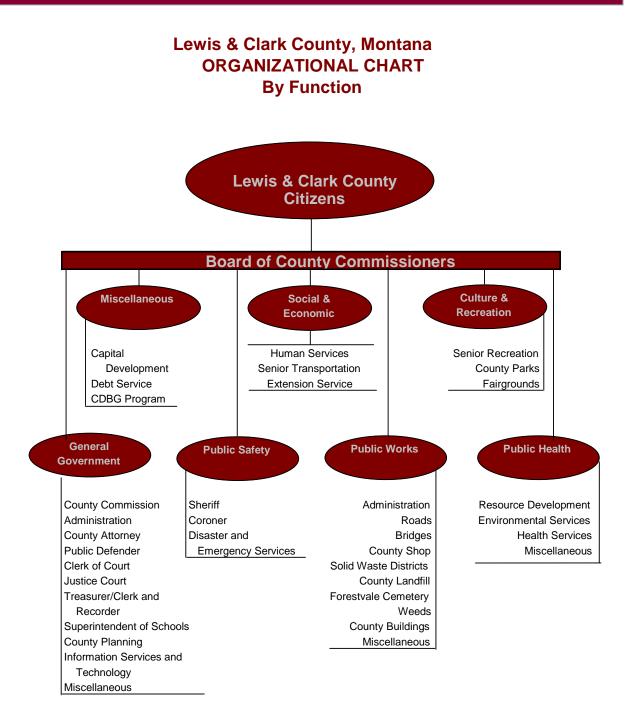


Direct Authority

---- Coordination

----- Budget Management

ORGANIZATION CHART



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FINANCIAL SUMMARY

SUMMARY OF MAJOR REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES

July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 (FY 15)

			ental Fund pes		Proprieta Typ		Total
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project	Enterprise	Internal Service	All Funds
Projected Beginning Cash Balances	\$ 3,184,156	\$ 13,324,407	\$ 781,306	\$ 6,774,542	\$ 1,285,348	\$ 4,902,786	\$ 30,252,545
Total Estimated Revenues	11,149,425	33,011,621	723,254	8,256,919	4,593,294	10,915,871	68,650,384
Budgeted Expenditures	12,262,615	39,389,849	978,133	8,832,629	5,792,379	12,588,114	79,843,719
Projected Ending Cash Balances	\$ 2,070,966	\$ 6,946,179	\$ 526,427	\$ 6,198,832	\$ 86,263	\$ 3,230,543	\$ 19,059,210

SUMMARY OF MAJOR REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES July 1, 2014 through June 30, 2015 (FY 15)

			ental Fund pes		Proprietar Type		Total
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project	Enterprise	Internal Service	All Funds
Projected Beginning Cash Balances	\$ 3,184,156	\$ 13,324,407	\$ 781,306	\$ 6,774,542	\$ 1,285,348	\$ 4,902,786	\$ 30,252,545
Estimated Revenues							
Taxes & Assessments	6,293,956	19,070,766	165,000	-	404,670		25,934,392
Licenses & Permits	275,625	1,600					277,225
Intergovernmental	2,863,006	7,226,035	-	2,235,216	17,498	-	12,341,755
Charges for Services	1,034,038	2,419,317	-		1,350,558	16,000	4,819,913
Fines & Forfeitures	68,300	444,250					512,550
Miscellaneous	50,000	2,076,591	554,532	300,000	2,667,968	5,000	5,654,091
Investment Earnings	9,500	19,925	1,122	20,000	2,600	3,750	56,897
Transfers/loan proceeds	555,000	1,753,137	2,600	5,701,703	150,000	1,767,240	9,929,680
Internal Service						9,123,881	9,123,88
otal Estimated Revenues	11,149,425	33,011,621	723,254	8,256,919	4,593,294	10,915,871	68,650,384
Budgeted Expenditures							
General Government	9,502,733	6,487,942	-	1,634,210	-	10,092,366	27,717,25
Public Safety	477,016	13,820,812	-	2,679,034	-	-	16,976,862
Public Works	1,678,466	8,641,457	-	4,519,385	3,798,307	2,495,748	21,133,363
Public Health	61,000	5,446,419	-	-	-	-	5,507,419
Social and Economic Services	543,400	512,744	-	-	-	-	1,056,144
Culture and Recreation	-	2,830,475	-	-	1,994,072	-	4,824,547
Economic Development	-	1,650,000	-	-	-	-	1,650,000
Debt Service	-	-	978,133	-	-	-	978,133
Internal Service	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Budgeted Expenditures	12,262,615	39,389,849	978,133	8,832,629	5,792,379	12,588,114	79,843,719
Projected Change in							
Cash Balances	(1,113,190)	(6,378,228)	(254,879)	(575,710)	(1,199,085)	(1,672,243)	(11,193,335
Projected Ending							

SUMMARY OF MAJOR REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014 (FY 14)

			ental Fund Des		Proprietar Type	Total	
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project	Enterprise	Internal Service	All Funds
Actual Revenues							
Taxes & Assessments	5,825,830	18,222,240	160,866	-	1,549,592		25,758,528
Licenses & Permits	283,895	1,855					285,750
Intergovernmental	2,872,244	5,382,852	824	2,700,853	21,833	-	10,978,606
Charges for Services	1,191,066	2,804,208			1,413,117	14,843	5,423,234
Fines & Forfeitures	81,664	476,677					558,341
Miscellaneous	107,986	2,057,105	598,245	421,650	2,540,681	35,526	5,761,193
Investment Earnings	16,287	169,132	1,641	25,825	5,710	3,600	222,195
Transfers/loan proceeds	362,916	1,866,989	14,381	3,052,449	53,348	1,109,879	6,459,962
Internal Service						9,125,119	9,125,119
Total Revenues	10,741,888	30,981,058	775,957	6,200,777	5,584,281	10,288,967	64,572,928
Expenditures							
General Government	7,869,356	3,887,172	-	3,047,834		7,210,415	22,014,777
Public Safety	354,181	12,958,902	-	582,669		-	13,895,752
Public Works	1,503,331	4,789,230	-	2,962,086	2,855,007	2,499,729	14,609,383
Public Health	61,000	4,997,584	-	-	8,624	-	5,067,208
Social and Economic Services	528,981	430,176	-			-	959,157
Culture and Recreation		2,704,424	-	-	1,851,884	-	4,556,308
Economic Development		7,474	-	-		-	7,474
Debt Service		-	666,988			-	666,988
Internal Service		-	-			-	-
Miscellaneous Expenditures	-	-	-	-		-	-
Total Expenditures	10,316,849	29,774,962	666,988	6,592,589	4,715,515	9,710,144	61,777,047

SUMMARY OF MAJOR REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES/USES July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013 (FY 13)

			ental Fund bes		Proprietar Type		Total
	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Project	Enterprise	Internal Service	All Funds
Revenues							
Taxes & Assessments	5,201,105	17,251,865	69,319	-	1,439,252		23,961,541
Licenses & Permits	324,226	1,715					325,941
Intergovernmental	2,689,955	6,046,846	852	1,632,652	20,147	60,000	10,450,452
Charges for Services	1,185,942	2,093,355			1,322,262	22,129	4,623,688
Fines & Forfeitures	76,302	497,796					574,098
Miscellaneous	179,926	1,866,918	594,868	-	2,474,385	21,271	5,137,368
Investment Earnings	32,867	28,392	2,883	45,828	5,470	9,036	124,476
Transfers/loan proceeds	372,258	1,594,797	-	2,995,843	50,000	70,479	5,083,377
Internal Serivce						9,576,676	9,576,676
Total Revenues	10,062,581	29,381,684	667,922	4,674,323	5,311,516	9,759,591	59,857,617
Expenditures_							
General Government	7,011,532	4,144,103	-	376,025		6,678,295	18,209,955
Public Safety	315,540	11,502,565	-	690,090		-	12,508,195
Public Works	1,522,861	4,975,412	-	2,974,794	2,814,298	2,244,874	14,532,239
Public Health	61,000	5,118,396	-	13,497	181,013	-	5,373,906
Social and Economic Services	660,336	435,406	-	-		-	1,095,742
Culture and Recreation	-	2,562,033	-	-	2,373,546	-	4,935,579
Economic Development	-	371,823	-	-	-	-	371,823
Debt Service	-	-	675,319		-	-	675,319
Internal Service	-	-			-	-	-
Miscellaneous Expenditures	-	-			-	-	-
Total Expenditures	9,571,269	29,109,738	675,319	4,054,406	5,368,857	8,923,169	57,702,758

PROJECTED CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES DETAIL OF ALL FUNDS Fiscal Year 2014-2015

103 Lead Based Pain Remed - - - 104 Junk Vehicle Program 35.222 89,358 87,072 37,508 105 Valley Wide Monitor Nw rk - - - - 107 Lic Estabilisment Inspect (89) 319,202 274,618 44,495 107 Lic Estabilisment Inspect (8,990) 17,141 8,150 1 122 Sourcew ater Assessmir Pg - - - - 123 Watershed Grants (5,186) 54,014 37,576 11,252 124 Public Water Supply Insp - - - - 125 Lake Heina Water Project - - - - 150 Safe Schools 112,757 90,000 90,841 111,916 161 Astima Home Visiting 14,448 34,455 33,595 13,328 176 Comp Cancer Control Forgram 46,943 115,227 134,663 228,603 103,701 176 Breast & Carvical Cancer - - - - -								
Fund # Fund Name Balances 7.1.14 Revenues Expenditures Balances 6.30.15 001 General Fund 3,184,156 \$ 11,149,425 \$ 12,252,615 \$ 2,070,966 SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS -			Projected	FY	- 15	Projected		
7 7-1-14 6-30-15 001 General Fund 3,184,156 \$ 11,149,425 \$ 12,262,615 \$ 2,070,966 2PECIAL REVENUE FUNDS -			Beginning	Estimated	Budgeted	Ending		
Oli General Fund 3,184,156 \$ 11,149,425 \$ 12,262,615 \$ 2,070,966 SPECIAL REVENUE FLNDS - <td< th=""><th>Fund #</th><th>Fund Name</th><th>Balances</th><th>Revenues</th><th>Expenditures</th><th>Balances</th></td<>	Fund #	Fund Name	Balances	Revenues	Expenditures	Balances		
SPECIAL REVIEWE FUNDS 101 Tenmie Water Quality -			7-1-14			6-30-15		
101 Tennik Water Quality -	001	General Fund	3,184,156	\$ 11,149,425	\$ 12,262,615 \$	2,070,966		
101 Tennik Water Quality -	SPECIAL REV	/ENUE FUNDS						
103 Lead Based Paint Remed - - - 104 Junk Vehicle Program 35.222 89.358 87,072 37,508 105 Valley Wide Monitor Nw rk - - - - 107 Lic Estabilishment Inspect (89) 319.202 274.618 44.495 107 Lic Estabilishment Inspect (8,990) 17,141 8,150 1 122 Sourcew ater Assessmmt Pg - - - - 123 Watershed Grants (5,186) 54.014 37,576 11,252 124 Public Water Supply Insp - - - - - 125 Lake Heina Water Project - - - - - - 150 Safe Schools 112,757 90,000 90,841 111,916 160 Astime Home Visiting 144.468 34.455 35,595 13.328 27,607 13.282 27,607 13.282 21,699 204,201 (151) 176 Community Yth Suicide Piv - - - - -			-	-	-	-		
104 Junk Vehicle Program 35,222 89,358 87,072 37,508 105 Valley Wide Monitor Nw rk - - - - 106 Wetlands Resource Assess - - - - 107 Lic Establishment Inspect (89) 319,202 27,4618 44,495 108 Suddivision Review - - - - - 121 Helena Valley Nonpoint Source (8,990) 17,141 8,150 1 122 Watershed Grants (5,186) 54,014 37,576 1,252 124 Public Water Supply Insp - - - - - 125 Lake Helana Water Project - - - - - 126 Carpet Control Program 46,943 115,227 134,663 27,607 175 Comp Cancer Control Program 46,943 115,227 134,563 27,607 176 Breast & Cervical Cancer - - - <t< td=""><td>102</td><td>Aasarco Grant</td><td>(43,839)</td><td>255,710</td><td>212,856</td><td>(985)</td></t<>	102	Aasarco Grant	(43,839)	255,710	212,856	(985)		
Valey Wide Monitor New rk - - - 106 Wetlands Resource Assess - - - - 107 Lic Estabilishment Inspect (89) 319,202 274,618 44,495 108 Subdivision Review - - - - - 121 Helena Valley Nonpoint Source (8,990) 17,141 8,150 1 122 Sourcew ater Assessment Fg - - - - - 123 Watershed Grants (5,186) 54,014 37,576 11,252 124 Rublic Water Supply Insp - - - - - 126 Targeted Watershed Grant - - - - - - - 126 Comp Cancer Control Program 46,943 115,227 134,653 27,859 133,270 176 Breast & Cortrol Program 132,225 451,768 450,253 133,270 160 Acbu2,01 (151) 177	103	Lead Based Paint Remed	-		-	-		
106 Wetlinds Resource Assess - - - - 107 Lic Establishment hspect (89) 319,202 274,618 44,495 108 Subdivision Review - - - - - 121 Helena Valley Nonpoint Source (8,990) 17,141 8,150 1 122 Sourcewater Assessmit Pg - - - - 123 Watershed Grants (5,186) 54,014 37,576 11,252 124 Rubic Water Supply hsp - - - - - 125 Safe Schools 112,757 90,000 90,841 111,916 160 Asthma Home Visiting 14,468 34,455 35,595 13,328 174 Comp Cancer Control Program 46,943 115,227 134,663 276,07 175 Community Thy Suicide Prv - - - - 176 Breast & Cervical Cancer - - - -	104	Junk Vehicle Program	35,222	89,358	87,072	37,508		
107 Lic Establishment Inspect (89) 319,202 274,618 44,495 108 Subdivision Review -	105	Valley Wide Monitor Ntw rk	-		-	-		
108 Studitivision Review -	106	Wetlands Resource Assess	-		-	-		
121 Helena Valley Nonpoint Source (8,990) 17,141 8,150 1 122 Sourcew ater Assessmit Prg - - - - 123 Watershed Grants (5,186) 54,014 37,576 11,252 124 Public Water Supply hsp - - - - - 125 Lake Helena Water Project -	107	Lic Establishment Inspect	(89)	319,202	274,618	44,495		
122 Sourcew ater Assessmmt Prg - - - - 123 Watershed Grants (5,186) 54,014 37,576 11,252 124 Public Water Supply Insp - - - - 125 Lake Helena Water Project - - - - 126 Targeted Watershed Grant - - - - 150 Safe Schools 112,757 90,000 90,841 111,1916 160 Astima Home Visiting 14,468 34,455 35,595 13,328 174 Comp Cancer Control Program 46,943 115,227 134,563 27,607 177 Breast & Cervical Cancer - - - - - 177 MC Hackor Grant (13,785) 141,538 116,901 10,852 179 Home Care/Case Management 132,255 451,768 450,253 133,770 180 Mchor Grant 50,114 222,052 207,890 64,276 181 Ryan White Title III CM (659) 3,000 3,109	108	Subdivision Review	-	-	-	-		
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126 Targeted Watershed Grant - - - - 150 Safe Schools 112,757 90,000 90,841 111,916 160 Asthma Home Visiting 14,468 34,455 35,595 13,328 174 Comp Cancer Control Program 46,943 115,227 134,563 27,607 175 Community Yth Suicide Prv - - - - 176 Breast & Cervical Cancer - - - - 177 WIC (17,649) 221,699 204,201 (151) 178 M C H Block Grant (13,785) 141,538 116,901 10,852 179 Home Care/Case Management 132,255 451,768 450,253 133,770 180 Mechv Grant 66114 220,52 207,890 64,276 181 Ryan White Title III CM (659) 3,000 3,109 (768) 182 WIC Peer Breastifeeding (704) 8,372 8,227 (659) 183 MT Napa Obesity Prevention (26) - (26) -			-	-	-	-		
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190 Tuberculosis Grant -								
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192 March of Dimes PHN -			- (1 577)					
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218 District Courts 674,119 1,378,755 1,561,146 491,728 220 Search and Rescue 82,042 123,472 158,884 46,630								
220 Search and Rescue 82,042 123,472 158,884 46,630		-						
	221	Parks	11,855	47,113	45,915	13,053		

Lewis & Clark County

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PROJECTED CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES DETAIL OF ALL FUNDS Fiscal Year 2014-2015

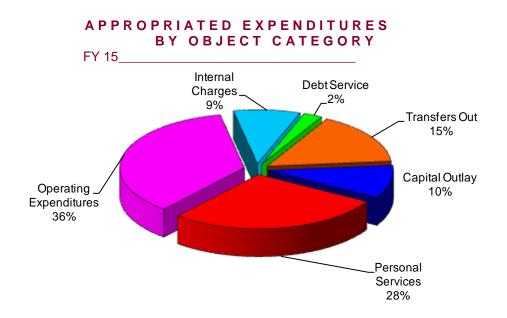
		Projected	FY -	15	Projected
		Beginning	Estimated	Budgeted	Ending
Fund #	Fund Name	Balances	Revenues	Expenditures	Balances
		7-1-14	1.0101.000	-	6-30-15
					0.00.10
222	Library	-	2,669,100	2,669,100	-
223	Employer Health Insurance	113,828	1,300,000	1,330,000	83,828
224	Forestvale	115,254	361,396	380,512	96,138
225	County Planning	446,041	826,301	1,042,748	229,594
226	Emergency Disaster	57,765	-	57,000	765
227	County Health	766,649	1,865,881	2,014,746	617,784
228	Senior Citizens	29,089	154,758	160,908	22,939
229	Co Extension Agent	95,940	203,297	236,605	62,632
230	Public Safety	1,978,024	11,255,911	11,312,445	1,921,490
231	Public Sfty Radio Maint.	297	568,893	575,352	(6,162)
232	Inmate Programs	64,646	404,550	471,050	(1,854)
233	Records Preservation	117,417	109,000	119,715	106,702
234	Land Preservation	-		-	-
235	Parks Development	171,729	10,000	100,000	81,729
236	Lincoln Parks	7,963	8,412	15,460	915
237	BEP	298	-	-	298
238	DUI Program	46,399	31,000	65,100	12,299
239	DUI Intern Program	6,105	6,000	6,720	5,385
240	City/County Drug	54,715	10,000	19,000	45,715
241	Missouri Rvr Drg Task Frc	415,141	150,000	72,810	492,331
242	MRDTF Federal Sharing	3,789	20,000	18,250	5,539
243	Hard Rock Mine Reserve	121,523	-	-	121,523
244	Metal Mines Tax Reserve	56,254	-	-	56,254
245	Cooney Home Memorial	-	-	-	-
246	Cooney Home Activity	-	-	-	-
247 248	Community Decay	-	-	-	-
240	Craig Wastew ater Fac Maintenance	185,382 28,811	100,150 12,030	175,000 3,000	110,532 37,841
249 250	Craig Training Center Maintenance Septic Maintenance Revolving Loan	150,354	-	-	150,354
250 251	Septic Maintenance	3,064	93,642	92,321	4,385
252	Open Space Project	2,051,639	1,500	2,002,100	51,039
280	Alcoholism	2,001,000	92,000	92,000	-
282	Gas Tax	215,798	275,470	442,412	48,856
290	N Hills Groundw ater Susta	-	210,110	-	-
291	HIDTA	(17,633)	159,394	159,394	(17,633)
292	Forest Reserve Title III	-		-	-
293	JAG-Justice Assist Grant	1	13,398	13,029	370
294	Citizens Corp/CERT Progr	-	-	499	(499)
295	National Fire Plan	(28,960)	175,000	171,935	(25,895)
296	CDBG-Economic Development	-	1,650,000	1,650,000	-
297	Noxious Weed Trust Grant	(11,673)	38,500	30,000	(3,173)
298	Bucksnort Grant	-		-	-
299	Homeland Security	-	-	-	-
300	NFP Project-BLM Comm Asst	83,022	120,000	115,194	87,828
301	Fire Projects-Misc Grants	-		-	-
302	Brownsfield Assmt Grant	(7,587)	110,273	106,089	(3,403)
304	Other Grants	(72,255)	601,025	523,453	5,317
305	Misc Federal Grants	-	-	-	-
0	Maintenance Districts	2,950,842	793,449	3,542,934	201,357
370	L&C Fire Service Area	24,352	69,400	78,824	14,928
Total Special	Revenue Funds	13,324,407	- 33,011,621	- 39,389,849	- 6,946,179

PROJECTED CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES DETAIL OF ALL FUNDS Fiscal Year 2014-2015

		Projected	EV.	- 15	Projected
		-	-		-
End #	Fund Name	Beginning	Estimated	Budgeted	Ending
Fund #	Fund Name	Balances	Revenues	Expenditures	Balances
		7-1-14			6-30-15
DEBT SERVIC	E FUNDS:				
500	City/County Bldg Debt	-	169,000	169,000	-
501	Open Space bonds	19,835	206,025	206,963	18,897
502	Health Facilities Debt	9,917	65,015	69,000	5,932
503	RSID Revolving	302,702	950	150,000	153,652
504	Search and Rescue Debt	90,747	100,000	189,912	835
505-529	Debt Service Districts	358,105	182,264	193,258	347,111
Total Debt Se	ervice Funds	781,306	723,254	978,133	526,427
CAPITAL PRO	DJECT FUNDS				
550	Capital Development	5,920,106	3,390,988	3,405,434	5,905,660
551	CTEP Projects	(29,134)	173,000	143,000	866
552	RID Projects	(241)	386,750	386,500	9
553	Misc Federal Grant Prjcts	649	-	-	649
554	Pub Safety-Radio Cap Prjt	-		-	-
555	Search and Rescue Building	(1)	1,413,000	1,325,000	87,999
556	Road/Bridge Infrast Proj	883,163	2,893,181	3,572,695	203,649
559	Fairgrounds Improv	- -	-	-	-
Total Capital	Project Funds	6,774,542	8,256,919	8,832,629	6,198,832
ENTERPRISE	FUNDS:				
601	Cooney Convalescent Ent	(2,239,093)	-	-	(2,239,093)
602	Fair Enterprise	415,425	1,578,884	1,994,072	237
610	Augusta Landfill Dist	48,381	82,050	91,709	38,722
611	Lincoln Landfill District	254,952	156,950	272,817	139,085
612	Scratch Gravel Landfill	982,215	1,404,302	1,321,729	1,064,788
613	Lew is & Clark Co Landfill	1,784,381	1,341,758	2,072,253	1,053,886
614	Marysville Solid Waste	39,087	29,350	39,799	28,638
Total Enterp	rise Funds	1,285,348	4,593,294	5,792,379	86,263
INTERNAL SE	RVICE FUNDS				
650	Building Maintenance	466,864	1,081,676	1,046,013	502,527
651	Health Care Facilities	318,889	339,956	438,444	220,401
652	County Shop	258,383	531,050	573,631	215,802
653	Fuel Revolving	80,128	447,707	437,660	90,175
655	Info Technology & Service	1,356,255	2,004,132	2,312,036	1,048,351
656	Liability Insurance	1,214,752	2,315,550	2,990,000	540,302
657	County Health Insurance	1,207,515	4,195,800	4,790,330	612,985
658	Flexible Benefits Admin	-		-	-
Total Interna	I Service Funds	4,902,786	10,915,871	12,588,114	3,230,543
Total All Fun	de	\$ 30,252,545	\$ 68,650,384	\$ 79,843,719	\$ 19,059,210
	uə	φ 30,232,345	\$ 68,650,384	<u>\$ 79,843,719</u>	φ 13,033,210

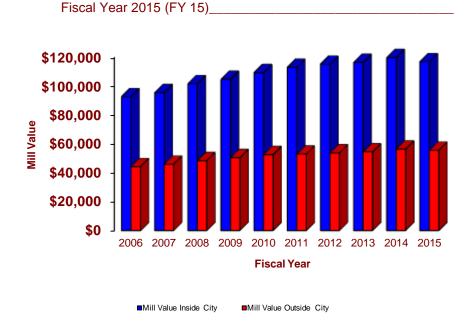
APPROPRIATED EXPENDITURES BY MAJOR FUND GROUP

FY 15_____



LEWIS & CLARK COUNTY ANALYSIS OF COUNTY MILL VALUES & LEVIES FISCAL YEARS 2006 TO 2015											
Fiscal Year											
MILL VALUES	2006	2007	2008	2009	Fi 2010		2012	2013	2014	201	
Mill Value Inside City Mill Value Outside City	\$ 92,867 44,263	\$ 95,719 46,029	\$ 101,888 48,547	\$ 104,921 50,586	\$ 109,542 52,652	\$ 113,195 53,077	\$ 115,380 53,869	\$ 116,642 \$ \$ 54,645 \$	120,346 \$ 56,497 \$		
MILL LEVIES INSIDE INCORPORATED CITIES:											
ALL-PURPOSE	33.19	34.21	34.01	34.68	35.09	37.33	37.68	38.22	38.67	39.3	
CITY COUNTY HEALTH	6.93	7.13	7.08	7.22	7.30	7.54	7.61	7.74	7.83	8.0	
DISTRICT COURT	3.06	3.17	3.16	3.22	3.26	3.37	3.40	3.46	3.50	3.6	
PARKS	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.10	0.1	
	6.46	6.65	6.60	6.73	6.81	7.04	7.11	7.23	7.31	7.3	
MENTAL HEALTH	0.63	0.65	0.65	0.66	0.67	0.69	0.70	0.71	0.72	0.7	
SENIOR CITIZENS COUNTY EXTENSION	0.98 1.23	1.01 1.27	1.00 1.26	1.02 1.28	1.03 1.29	1.06 1.33	1.07 1.34	1.09 1.36	1.10 1.38	1.1 1.4	
PUBLIC SAFETY	27.69	28.46	28.22	28.77	29.11	30.78	31.07	31.59	31.96	32.5	
HEALTH FACILITIES	1.75	1.55	1.15	1.10	1.13	1.35	1.25	0.59	0.58	0.5	
PERMISSIVE MEDICAL LEVY	7.94	7.67	8.20	7.97	6.61	9.71	10.87	12.29	11.20	10.2	
ENTITLEMENT LEVY	5.14	5.28	5.23	5.33	5.39	5.57	5.62	5.76	5.83	6.0	
TOTAL LEVIES INSIDE CITIES NOT VOTED	95.10	97.15	96.66	98.08	97.79	105.87	107.82	110.14	110.18	111.0	
VOTED MILL LEVIES:											
PUBLIC SAFETY	25.12	25.82	25.60	26.10	26.40	27.28	27.53	27.99	28.32	29.5	
LIBRARY	16.61	17.07	16.92	13.52	13.52	14.14	14.27	14.51	14.68	15.3	
FAIRGROUNDS	11.50	11.82	11.71	11.94	12.08	12.49	12.61	12.82	12.97	3.4	
SEARCH AND RESCUE TOTAL VOTED LEVY	- 53.23	- 54.71	- 54.23	- 51.56	- 52.00	- 53.91	- 54.41	55.32	1.80 57.77	1.8 50.1	
RECLASSIFICATION OF LEVY ENTITLEMENT LEVY(FROM STATE)	10.64	10.94	10.85	11.06	11.19	11.56	11.67	11.82	11.96	12.4	
Total Inside Incorporated Cities	- 158.97	- 162.80	- 161.74	- 160.70	- 160.98	- 171.34	- 173.90	177.28	179.91	173.7	
LEVIES OUTSIDE INCORPORATED CITIES											
ROAD	19.96	20.44	20.14	20.43	20.92	22.00	22.52	22.99	23.46	23.6	
PLANNING	2.69	2.76	2.72	2.76	2.83	2.98	3.05	3.12	3.18	3.2	
EMERGENCY DISASTER	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.00	0.00	0.00		
TOTAL LEVIES OUTSIDE NOT VOTED	22.65	23.20	22.86	23.19	23.75	24.98	27.57	26.11	26.64	26.8	
V OTED MILL LEVIES OUTSIDE CITY: ROAD			10.30	10.45	10.70	11.25	11.52	11.85	12.09	12.3	
TOTAL MILL LEVIES OUTSIDE CITY	22.65	23.20	33.16	33.64	34.45	36.23	39.09	37.96	38.73	39.2	
TOTAL COUNTY MILLS	181.62	186.00	194.90	194.34	195.43	207.57	212.99	215.24	218.64	212.9	

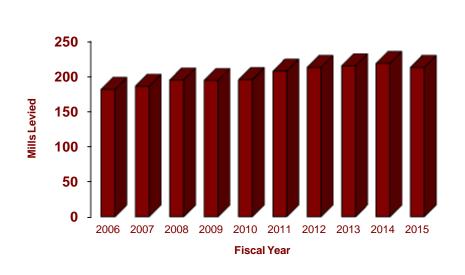
MILL VALUE & LEVY ANALYSIS



MILL VALUE TRENDS

MILL LEVY TRENDS

Fiscal Year 2015 (FY 15)_



Mills Levied

MILL VALUE & LEVY ANALYSIS

Lewis and Clark County, Montana LEVY REQUIREMENTS SCHEDULE Fiscal Year 2015

Assessed Valuation-County Wide:	\$4,255,781,588
Tax Valuation:	\$117,108,102
1 Mill Yields:	<u>\$117,108</u>

							Levied			
Fund			Cash	Total	Cash	Non-Tax	Property Tax	Total	Total	Mill
Numbe	Fund Name	Appropriation	Reserves	Requirements	<u>Available</u>	Revenues	Revenues	Revenues	Resources	Levy
001	All-Purpose	12,262,615	2,070,966	14,333,581	3,184,156	6,547,081	4,602,344	11,149,425	14,333,581	39.30
218	District Court	1,561,146	491,728	2,052,874	674,119	955,995	422,760	1,378,755	2,052,874	3.61
221	Parks	45,915	13,053	58,968	11,855	35,402	11,711	47,113	58,968	0.10
222	Library	2,669,100	0	2,669,100	0	0	2,652,497	2,652,497	2,652,497	22.65
227	Health	2,014,746	617,784	2,632,530	766,649	920,819	945,062	1,865,881	2,632,530	8.07
204	Mental Health	499,206	138,294	637,500	165,538	385,302	86,660	471,962	637,500	0.74
220	Search and Rescue	158,884	46,630	205,514	82,042	4,022	119,450	123,472	205,514	1.02
228	Senior Citizen Services	160,908	22,929	183,837	29,089	22,426	132,332	154,758	183,847	1.13
229	County Extension Service	236,605	62,632	299,237	95,940	37,104	166,293	203,397	299,337	1.42
230	Public Safety	11,312,445	1,921,490	13,233,935	1,978,024	3,983,505	7,272,406	11,255,911	13,233,935	62.10
223	Health Insurance	1,330,000	83,828	1,413,828	113,828	99,643	1,200,357	1,300,000	1,413,828	10.25
502	Health Facilities	69,000	5,932	74,932	9,917	6,461	58,554	65,015	74,932	0.50
602	Fairgrounds	1,994,072	237	1,994,309	415,425	1,177,204	401,680	1,578,884	1,994,309	3.43
710	Entitlement Levy	2,174,696	0	2,174,696	0	0	2,174,696	2,174,696	2,174,696	18.57

Assessed Valuation-Outside City: \$2,031,318,989 Tax Valuation: \$55,726,598 1 Mill Yields: <u>\$55,727</u>

				Property							
Fund				Cash	Total	Cash	Non-Levied	Tax	Total	Total	Mill
Numbe	<u>)</u>	Fund Name	Appropriation	Reserves	Requirements	<u>Available</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	Revenues	Resources	Levy
211	Road		4,067,599	896,606	4,964,205	1,606,772	1,350,146	2,007,287	3,357,433	4,964,205	36.02
225	Planning		1,042,748	229,594	1,272,342	446,041	646,860	179,441	826,301	1,272,342	3.22

Lewis and Clark County, Montana Fund Summary-Other district levied funds FISCAL YEAR 2015

Fund			Cash	Total	Cash	Non-Levied	Property Tax	Total	Total
Numbe	Fund Name	Appropriation	Reserves	Requirements	<u>Available</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	Revenues	Resources
201	Craig Mosquito	15,302	4,026	19,328	5,853	(1,292)	14,767	13,475	19,328
202	Valley Mosquito	212,512	15,376	227,888	31,958	2,988	192,942	195,930	227,888
224	Forestvale Cemetery	380,512	96,138	476,650	115,254	82,770	278,626	361,396	476,650

PROPERTY TAXES BY JURISDICTION

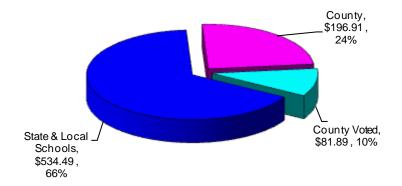
Tax Year 2014 (FY 15)

PROPERTY TAXES BY JURISDICTION - INSIDE CITY



PROPERTY TAXES BY JURISDICTION - OUTSIDE CITY

Tax Year 2014 (FY 15)______ (Example based on a residential property with a market value of \$100,000)



Assumptions, Estimates, & Trends

Overview

Funding for services provided to Lewis & Clark County residents come from a variety of sources. The County strives to maintain a diversified and stable revenue system that will provide shelter from short-term fluctuations in any one revenue source and ensure the ability to provide ongoing services, within the confines of Montana Law. Lewis & Clark County is heavily reliant upon property tax levy for its general fund, public safety fund (Sheriff), health fund, and road & bridge funds, which is explained in greater detail on the following pages. The County will continue its policy of seeking alternative revenue sources to lower the tax burden for County services, charging users for specific services where feasible, and aggressively collecting all revenues due the county. An example is the County's enterprise fund, in which revenues are generated through direct fees for service.

County revenues are divided into eight basic categories: Taxes and Assessments; Licenses and Permits; Intergovernmental Revenue; Charges for Services; Fines and Forfeitures; Miscellaneous Revenue; Investment Earnings; and Inter-fund Transfers.

Taxes and Assessments: This revenue is derived from the levy of taxes on real property and personal tangible property. Examples of taxes are real property taxes, personal property taxes, and motor vehicle taxes.

Licenses and Permits: Revenues derived from the issuance of local licenses and permits. Licenses & permits include video gaming fees, business licenses, and liquor licenses.

Intergovernmental Revenue: Revenues received from federal, state and other local government sources in the form of grants, shared revenues, and payments in lieu of taxes. State entitlement, grants, and PILT are examples of Intergovernmental Revenue.

Charges for Services: All revenues stemming from charges for current services—primarily revenues of Enterprise Funds. Examples of charges for services are refuse disposal and refuse collection fees.

Fines and Forfeitures: Revenues received from fines and penalties imposed for the commission of statutory offenses, violation of lawful administrative rules and regulations, and for neglect of official duty. Examples include: court fines, wedding fees, victim witness fines and forfeited bonds.

Miscellaneous Revenue: Revenue from sources not otherwise provided in other categories. Rents are examples of miscellaneous revenues.

Investment Earnings: Revenue derived from the investment of available cash balances. Interest income is allocated proportionately, based on each fund's respective cash balances.

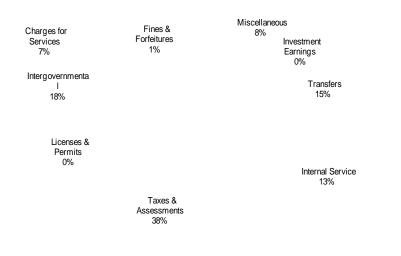
Interfund Transfers: Transfers between individual funds of a governmental unit that are not repayable and are not considered charges for goods or services. An example is money transferred from a Governmental Fund to a Capital Project Funds to support the County's Capital Improvement Plan.

Shown on the following page are two pie charts which give a graphic overview of total county revenues—one by type described above and the other by major fund group.

Assumptions, Estimates, & Trends

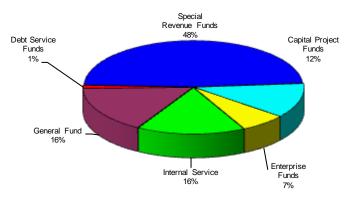
Estimated Revenues by Type – All Funds – Fiscal year 2014-15

As depicted by the graph of revenues by type below, taxes and assessments make up the largest category of county revenues for FY 15 (38%). Intergovernmental makes up the next largest category (18%). Finally, internal charges, transfers and charges for services account for 35% of the total.



Estimated Revenues by Fund – All Funds – Fiscal year 2014-15

Revenues by fund also help give the reader an understanding of the source of Lewis & Clark County revenues. As shown by the graph below, the general fund (16%), Internal Service (16%), Special Revenue Funds (48%), and Capital Projects (12%), make up 92% of the county's revenues.



Assumptions, Estimates, & Trends

Revenue Forecasts Assumptions & Methodology

Forecasting as used in the budget refers to estimating the future changes in revenues. It provides an estimate of how much revenue will be available and the resources required to meet service levels and programs over the forecast period. The value of forecasts is in estimating whether, given assumptions about local financial policies and economic trends, the County will have sufficient resources to meet the resource requirements of ongoing, planned, or mandated programs. Forecast models have the added value of providing a planning tool for capital projects and/or whether bonded indebtedness will be required for capital funding. In short, forecasting provides an estimate of the financial flexibility of the County, as well as insight into tax, revenue, and service options the Commission must address. Our forecasting methodology reflects a combination of internal analysis and locally generated consensus forecasts, we begin with models that include prior year actual collections and project the balance of the current fiscal year based on prior year patterns. In general, we seek to match revenue sources with the economic and/ or demographic variables that most directly affect year-to-year changes in those revenues.

Methods to project the revenues suggested in the budget vary depending upon the type of revenue examined. However, the most common method used is Trend Analysis and especially a year-to date approach. Examination of a variety of revenue sources on a monthly basis, have revealed consistent patterns in the monthly collections. Trends are identified, along with an analysis of whether or not the trend is likely to continue. These have been good indicators of revenue collections during the course of a year and help to set a basis for future projections. Forecasting variances are analyzed and used to improve forecasting in future periods. Expert Judgment is a projection methodology that relies upon individual department directors and financial managers to make projections for the revenues that affect their operations.

Revenue Estimates

The National Advisory Council on State and Local Budgeting prepared a set of recommended practices relating to governmental revenue estimates. Stated below are some excerpts from their recommended practices, along with Lewis & Clark County's revenue estimate practices.

Projection of revenues and other resources is critical in order to understand the level of funding available for services and capital acquisition. Projections for future budget periods help determine the likelihood that services can be sustained and highlight future financial issues to be addressed. Preparing revenue projections also enhances our understanding of revenue sensitivity to changes in assumptions and to controllable factors such as changes to tax rates or fees.

One of the key analytical tools, to assist in the development of revenue estimates, is the five-year financial forecast. This forecast considered key revenue and expenditure projection factors such as population, increases in the consumer price index (CPI) and other growth factors. The trending of these key factors and their affect on revenues and expenditures for the past ten years provided a historical basis for the five year financial forecast. The forecast is updated annually during the mid-year budget review process.

Assumptions, Estimates, & Trends

Overall, the County's practice is to budget revenues conservatively and to use as much information as possible in order to enhance the accuracy of revenue estimates. By identifying and utilizing as many revenue-related variables as possible in forecasting, we hope to minimize the risks of overstating or understating revenues that could arise from using only a few variables. Our approach to forecasting, in general, is to apply a conservative philosophy that will produce our long-term goal of not overstating revenues. Most estimates involve two projections: an estimate for the amount to be collected in current year based on year-to-date activity; and an estimate for the increase or decrease in receipts anticipated for a future budget year. As part of the mid-year budget review process, the revenue assumptions included in the forecast are comprehensively reexamined based on actual results as well as for emerging trends at the mid-point of the year.

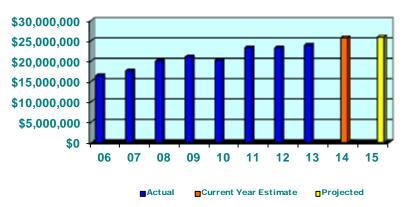
Individual revenue categories, their trends, and estimates follow.

Key Revenue Estimates & Trends

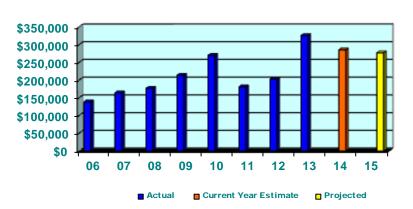
This section provides a 10-year trend analysis of each of the eight revenue categories described previously. The 10-year trend analysis includes 8 years of actual revenue history, the current year budgeted revenues, and next year's projected revenues—together making up the 10-year analysis.

Shown by the graph on the right, are the County's Tax & Assessment revenues. This revenue is derived from the levy of taxes on real property and personal tangible property. Examples of taxes are real property taxes, personal property taxes, and motor vehicle taxes. For FY15, taxes increased slightly due to the release of protested taxes, even with a decrease in taxable value and the termination of the fairgrounds construction levy.

Taxes & Assessments



Assumptions, Estimates, & Trends



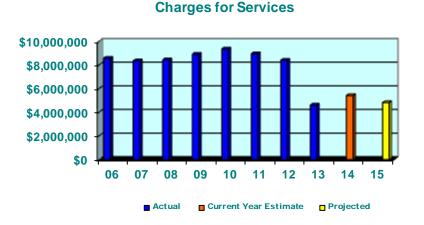
Licenses & Permits

Shown by the graph on the left are the County's License & Permit revenues. Licenses & permits include franchise fees, business licenses, and liquor licenses. The majority of this revenue is received from Charter Communications for franchise fees.

Shown by the graph on the right are the County's Intergovernmental Revenues. Intergovernmental revenues include entitlement money received from the state, Payment in Lieu of Tax revenue from the Federal government. Grants comprise the largest share of this revenue. In FY15, several large grants are anticipated.

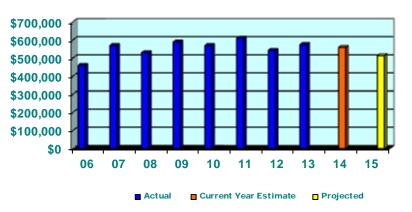
Actual Current Year Estimate Projected

Assumptions, Estimates, & Trends



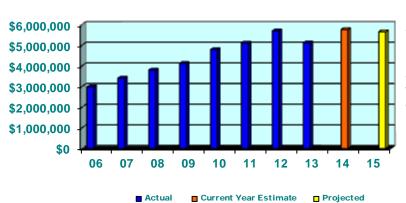
Shown by the graph on the left are the County's Charges for Service Revenues. Charges for Service revenues include Clerk and Recorder Fees, Treasurer's Collections, and Solid Waste fees to name a few. The County is seeing this revenue drop as economic conditions continue to stagnate.

Fines & Forfeitures



Shown by the graph on the right are the County's Fine & Forfeiture revenues. Fine & forfeiture revenues include Justice Court fines and Civil fines.

Assumptions, Estimates, & Trends



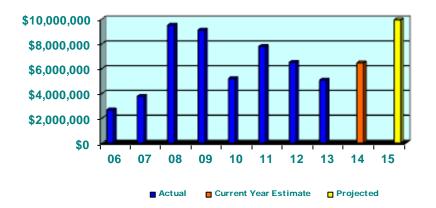
Miscellaneous Revenues

Shown by the graph on the left are the county's Miscellaneous Revenues. Miscellaneous revenues include donations, RID assessments and revenues which are typically received once or a limited number of years.

Shown by the graph on the right are the county's Investment Earnings Revenues. Investment earnings revenues decreased significantly following the recession which began in FY09. The current low interest rates are reflected in interest earnings in recent years.



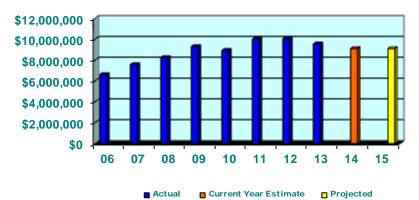
Assumptions, Estimates, & Trends



Interfund Transfers

Shown by the graph on the left are the County's Inter-fund Transfer Revenues. Inter-fund transfers include transfers from one fund to another fund for operational costs as well as transfer to a capital projects fund. The increases are due to County making capital project funding a priority over the past seven years.

Shown by the graph on the right are the County's Internal Service Revenues. The revenues account for building maintenance, IT&S, and liability and health insurance. The FY15 increase is due to the establishment of a liability contingency fund.



Internal Service

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

Program Description

The County Commission is the Executive as well as the Legislative branch for Lewis & Clark County. The Commission consists of three elected commissioners. A commissioner is required to live within a commission district, but all commissioners are elected at large. Commissioners are elected to six-year terms. In January of each year members of the County Commission elect a chairman of the board. The Chairman is responsible for conducting public meetings in compliance with state law. The County Commission is responsible for County policies, subdivision review, passing resolutions and ordinances, zoning, setting appropriations, setting levies for County funds, fire districts, setting of fees, rural improvement districts, special districts, and appointing residents to boards and commissions.

Goals & Objectives

Develop and maintain a culture of customer service.

Engage in effective long-range planning.

Improve communication between departments, with community partners, and the general public.

Efficiently and effectively manage public resources.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	 ncrease ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ 254,034	\$ 300,844	\$ 299,495	\$ (1,349)	0%
Operating Expenditures	48,177	55,804	70,442	14,638	26%
Internal Charges	24,228	24,120	24,256	136	1%
Debt Service				-	
Transfers Out	3,500	3,500	3,500	-	0%
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 329,939	\$ 384,268	\$ 397,693	\$ 13,425	3%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Budget FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	329,939	\$ 384,268	\$ 397,693	\$ 13,425	3%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
Тс	otal \$	329,939	\$ 384,268	\$ 397,693	\$ 13,425	3%

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases only.

Capital Outlay

• none

Transfers

• Transfers are to the Capital Improvements Fund for future capital purchases.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
County Commissioners	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total	3.00	3.00	3.00

Program Description

The Administrative Services Department is directed by a Chief Administrative Officer (CAO). The CAO provides overall leadership, direction, coordination, and support of the activities of the County's workforce. The CAO provides information to the Commission to support their ability to make informed policy decisions. The CAO is the supervisor of all department heads in the County, working directly for the Commission and with the management staff to ensure the efficient and effective administration of county government.

The Administrative Services Department includes the CAO, Grants Coordinator, and administrative staff assigned to the Commission. The Administrative Services Department coordinates activities related to budget, personnel, payroll, mail services, property management, and grant activities for the County.

The Grants Coordinator applies for and administers grants; assists special districts and non-profit organizations in applying for and administering grants; and provides information about grant opportunities to departments, other entities and the public. The Grants Coordinator researches funding opportunities for proposed projects.

Administrative staff provides a diverse array of clerical support to the County Commissioners maximizing the efficient use of the board's time. One of our main goals is to continue developing and maintaining a culture of customer service throughout the organization and with state, federal, and public agencies.

Our staff has vast knowledge of County policies and procedures and interprets and answers questions regarding these policies and procedures. Administrative staff maintains complex organizational and office functions. Some of these functions include management of correspondence, appointments, callers and visitors; arranges agenda material for meetings; records and transcribes minutes of public meetings; maintains vital documents and records; and prepares claims for payment. County staff also responds to inquiries related to ordinances, resolutions, minutes, and archived documents.

The Department's Mission is, 'To ensure that quality, effective, and efficient services are provided within the law, the policies of the County Commission are carried out, and the resources of the County are used in an efficient manner.' The staff has a vision to 'Organize professional expertise in a logical and fiscally responsible manner to carry out the policy directives of the Commission.'

Commission Goals

- A. Develop and maintain a culture of customer service
- B. Engage in effective long range planning
- C. Improve communication between departments, with community partners, and the general public
- D. Efficiently and effectively manage public resources

GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

Department Objectives

Develop and maintain a culture of customer service (A):

- To provide exceptional customer service to the general public, other government entities, and County departments
 - o Initiate and focus additional attention on public participation and involvement in local government
 - o Be responsive, regardless of workload or external factors that force reprioritization of daily tasks
 - o Develop and implement plan(s) for staff training and development

Improve communication between departments, with community partners, and the general public (C):

- To provide County staff with clear direction on implementing policies and procedures adopted by the Board of County Commissioners
 - Continue the development of a management team
 - O Facilitate discussions within the organization in a productive and positive manner
 - Lead, facilitate, and participate with community partners/agencies in collaborative problem-solving processes

Efficiently and effectively manage public resources (D):

- To provide the County Commission with timely, accurate, unbiased information to allow them to make informed decisions
 - Constantly evaluate workflow, policy and procedure review, and evaluate alternative methods to accomplish the tasks assigned by the Commission
 - Facilitation of open dialog between Commission and staff, public, outside agencies
 - Ensure that the Commission is presented with options prior to implementing a policy initiative

Department Benchmarks

- Completion of public review process for draft Zoning document (B)
- Implementation of the Flood Mitigation Study (A,B,C,D)
- Continue to address project specific mitigation strategies within budgetary constraints
- Facilitate better communication with Planning Board (B,C)
 - Establish regular update sessions with Planning Board and BOCC
 - Update and adopt Growth Policy
 - Update and adopt Subdivision Regulations
- Establish and support Local Advisory Council to improve community mental health services (B,C,D)
 - o Work with LAC and local providers to improve continuum of care
 - Complete construction of Crisis Facility
 - Secure stable funding for priority services as determined by LAC
 - Participate in long-range justice system planning
 - Participate in Criminal Justice Coordinating Council
 - Continue working with Jail Working Group
 - o Identify and implement system improvements in the Criminal Justice System
 - Work towards solving the overcrowding situation
- Complete the Joint Land Use Study and work towards better long-range collaboration with impacted entities relating to our military presence in the area (B,C,D)
- Leverage technology to provide information to the general public (A,C,D)
 - Update Web Site and maintain central repository for public information (boards, Commission, special even information, general information)
 - Digitize agenda and allow for electronic distribution of complete Commission packets (full implementation of NOVUS Agenda)
 - o Implement wireless connectivity in County facilities
 - Records Retention Policy created and adopted

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	812.944	\$	811.153	\$	826.336	\$	15,183	2%
Operating Expenditures	Ŷ	276.644	Ŧ	259.115	Ť	705.798	Ŷ	446.683	172%
Internal Charges		99,549		101,004		96,732		(4,272)	-4%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		1,289,040		1,327,459		1,330,000		2,541	0%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	2,478,177	\$	2,498,731	\$	2,958,866	\$	460,135	18%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund 223 Employer Health Insurance 304 Other Grants 305 Energy Conservation	\$ 1,010,450 1,289,040 178,687 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 954,562 \$ 1,325,959 218,210 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,105,413 1,330,000 523,453 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	(becrease) \$ 150,851 4,041 305,243 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	16% 0% 140%
Total	- - \$ 2,478,177	- - \$ 2,498,731 \$	- - 2,958,866	- - \$ 460,135	18%

GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment..

Operating Expenditures

- Inflationary increases.
- Increase in Federal Grants.

Capital Outlay

• None budgeted for FY15.

Transfers

• Transfers are from the levied health insurance fund to reimburse departments for a portion of health care premiums.

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Chief Administrative Officer	1.00	1.00	1.00
Director of Finance	1.00	1.00	1.00
Budget Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Director of Human Resources	0.95	0.95	0.95
Human Resource Analyst II	0.70	-	-
Human Resources Analyst	0.70	1.40	1.40
Human Resources-specialist	0.90	0.90	0.90
Grants Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Executive Secretary	1.00	-	-
Administrative Assistant	0.82	0.82	0.82
Administrative Clerk	1.00	1.00	1.00
Sustainability Technician		0.76	0.76
Total	10.07	9.83	9.83

Staffing Summary

Program Description

The Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder's Office has six departments – Elections, Records, Tax, Accounting, Motor Vehicle and Records Preservation.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Elections Department – is responsible for the administration of federal, state, county, city and special district elections in Lewis & Clark County according to federal and state election laws. The Department also assists in elections for school districts. Additional activities include training for deputy registrars and election judges, signature verification on petition drives, processing absentee votes and registering voters. This department maintains the voter registration files for approximately 36,900 voters in 54 precincts in Lewis & Clark County. Maps of the boundaries are available in the Clerk and Recorder's Office. Approximately 350 temporary election judges are needed to work each election.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Records Department - is responsible for the recording and microfilming of documents including warranty deeds, mortgages, contracts, leases, military discharges, mining claim locations, annual representatives, county resolutions and minute actions. The Department also files birth and death certificates, federal tax liens, and notices of action, attachments, judgments, executions and other miscellaneous documents. In addition, the Department processes realty transfer certificates, which are used by the Department of Revenue to determine the market value of real property. This Department processes approximately 18,000 documents annually, including approximately 100 certificates of surveys.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Tax Department - is responsible for the collection of approximately \$87 million in real and personal property taxes. Approximately 35,260 real estate, 3,200 mobile homes, and 1,000 personal property tax bills are processed each year. Another primary function is to issue tax lien assignments, redemptions and tax deeds. In addition, they track bankruptcy filings, issue tax paid certificates, and process all tax receivable adjustments and refunds.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Accounting Department - acts as a bank for all county entities, including fire districts, school districts, etc. Records all transactions relating to the operations and functions of Lewis & Clark County and its component units. Provides random audits to satellite departments. They also ensure compliance with auditors and produce the comprehensive annual financial report. They track and pay school bonds, Rural Special Improvement District bonds, and investments.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Motor Vehicle Department - is responsible for the registration and titling of all motor vehicles including mobile homes. The department processed 82,000 transactions last year with a total amount receipted of approximately \$10.2 million.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Records Preservation – this fund was established to reflect activities resulting from House Bill 813 passed by the legislature in 1991. This bill authorized a filing fee of \$1 per page to be assessed by the Clerk and Recorder to cover costs in preserving records. This fund averages \$75,000 per year on the \$1 per page fee.

GENERAL GOVT

TREASURER/CLERK & RECORDER

Goals & Objectives

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Elections Department

- To successfully implement the statewide voter registration database.
- To successfully implement the Americans with Disability Act in our polling places.
- To successfully implement the Help America Vote Act.
- To provide for a Presidential General Election incorporating all state and federal requirements.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Records Department

- To continue to process increased workloads with existing staff and today's technology.
- To make older, existing, files available electronically.
- To continue to improve customer service and providing information electronically.
- To successfully implement new federal and state requirements pertaining to vital records.
- To successfully convert and implement new software and provide for electronic recording.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Tax Department

- To efficiently bill and receipt in taxes.
- To continue to improve customer service and provide information electronically.
- To maintain a low balance of delinquent taxes.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Accounting Department

- To continue to meet the criteria set for receiving national awards on the comprehensive annual financial report.
- To publish our comprehensive annual financial report on our website.
- To successfully train financial personnel in satellite offices on grant accounting.
- To continue to provide random audits of satellite offices.
- To keep abreast of the ever changing technology in the banking field.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Motor Vehicle

- To continue to work with the Dept. of Justice on the transition to the "Merlin" system.
- To successfully implement the insurance verification system.
- To continue to improve customer service.

Treasurer-Clerk and Recorder/Records Preservation

• To continue to preserve the records of Lewis & Clark County through book refurbishing and technology.

TREASURER/CLERK & RECORDER

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ 1.302.542	\$ 1.362.896 \$	1.440.507	\$ 77.611	6%
Operating Expenditures	436,930	φ 1,002,000 φ 590,665	602,965	12,300	2%
Internal Charges	265,708	282,463	266,042	(16,421)	-6%
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	
Transfers Out	84,012	82,354	95,492	13,138	16%
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 2,089,192	\$ 2,318,378 \$ 	2,405,006	\$ 86,628	4%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	1,975,989	\$ 2,207,821	\$ 2,285,291	\$ 77,470	4%
233 Record Preservation		113,203	110,557	119,715	9,158	8%
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		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
Tota	al \$	2,089,192	\$ 2,318,378	\$ 2,405,006	\$ 86,628	4%

TREASURER/CLERK & RECORDER

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

Inflationary increases

Capital Outlay

• Reporting software and servers-\$27,180.

Transfers

• Transfers are to the Capital Development Fund to fund future purchases and replacement of capital equipment.

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopte FY201
Treasurer/Clerk and Recorder/Auc	1.00	1.00	1.0
Accounting Manager	1.00	1.00	1.0
Accounting Analyst	1.00	1.00	1.0
Accounting Clerk III	1.00	1.00	1.0
Accounting Clerk	1.00	1.00	1.0
Elections Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.0
Elections Clerk	2.00	2.00	2.0
Delinquent Tax Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.0
Property Tax Clerk II	2.00	2.00	2.0
Records Manager	1.00	1.00	1.0
Records Clerk	3.00	3.00	3.0
Motor Vehicle Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.0
Motor Vehicle Clerk II	2.00	2.00	2.0
Motor Vehicle Clerk	5.00	5.00	5.0
Motor Vehicle Receptionist		1.00	1.0
Total	23.00	24.00	24.0

Staffing Summary

Program Description

The Office of County Attorney/Public Administrator prosecutes adult and juvenile offenders, commits the mentally ill and represents the state in child or elder abuse and neglect cases as well as guardianships for the disabled. The Office represents county government and most of its agencies and boards in civil matters. The County Attorney Office is consolidated with the Public Administrator to administer funds for some incapacitated persons and the estates of those who die without heirs or someone capable of distributing their property. The Office oversees various court service functions such as the Restitution Officer who collects and monitors financial obligations imposed upon offenders and the Court Services Officer who monitors community service and mental health counseling for misdemeanor offenders. The County Attorney is the Treasurer of the Missouri River Drug Task Force and heads the Lewis and Clark County High Intensity Drug Task Force (HIDTA), a federally funded drug interdiction and prosecution program that coordinates drug enforcement efforts by numerous state, local and federal law enforcement agencies. The Office oversees the work of the County Enforcement Officer in pursing actions that enforce county resolutions and policies. The Office manages civil law suits filed by or against or the County including coordinating some cases with MACO's JPIA. The Office jointly sponsors the County Child Advocacy Center, a Multi-Disciplinary Team with partners from the Sheriff's Office, the Lewis and Clark County Division of Child and Family Services, the Helena Police Department, The Friendship Center, two pediatricians, A.W.A.R.E., Inc., St. Peter's Hospital, and the Lewis and Clark County Health Department. The Office also works with the Rocky Mountain Development Center and the Community Mental Health Center, to coordinate the work of the Crisis Response Team (CRT) to serve the needs of the mentally ill so that they can receive treatment in the community, and, if necessary, to provide expert testimony and support during involuntary commitment proceedings.

Goals & Objectives

The goal and objectives of the Office is to do justice in the criminal justice system, to humanly treat those who cannot help themselves and to provide competent representation to the state and county in civil matters. The Office strives to work hard in an atmosphere of collegiality that values the professionalism of its staff who understands the obligation to the taxpayer to operate frugally.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ 1.372.094	\$ 1.579.490 \$	1.722.826	\$ 143.336	9%
Operating Expenditures	209,722	223,561	320,129	96,568	43%
Internal Charges	149,647	166,651	180,795	14,144	8%
Debt Service				-	
Transfers Out	61,112	19,507	33,359	13,852	71%
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 1,792,575	\$ 1,989,209 \$	2,257,109	\$ 267,900	13%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$ 1,545,734	\$ 1,774,454	\$ 1,980,935	\$ 206,481	12%
239 DUI Intern Program	8,044	5,567	6,720	1,153	21%
240 City/County Drug	13,001	4,528	19,000	14,472	320%
241 Missouri Rvr Drg Task Frc	74,849	61,196	72,810	11,614	19%
242 MRDTF Federal Sharing	19,663	13,935	18,250	4,315	31%
291 HIDTA	131,285	129,529	159,394	29,865	23%
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	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 1,792,576	\$ 1,989,209	\$ 2,257,109	\$ 267,900	13%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5 matrix adjustment. Civil Land Use Deputy Attorney approved in FY15 budget

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Fixed Charges

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

• Replacement of three copiers for a cost of \$29,580.

Transfers

• Transfers are to the Capital Development Fund to fund future purchases and replacement of capital equipment and to other participating agencies in the Missouri River Drug Task Force.

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
County Attorney	1.00	1.00	1.00
Senior Deputy County Attorney	1.00	1.00	1.00
Deputy County Attorney II	4.00	5.00	5.00
Deputy County Attorney	4.00	4.00	5.00
Legal Assistant	0.88	0.88	0.88
Victim Assistance Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Legal Secretary II	2.00	2.00	2.00
Legal Secretary I	2.00	2.00	2.00
Administrative Assistant	2.00	2.00	2.00
Legal Secretary/Receptionist	1.00	1.00	1.00
Court Service Officer	1.00	1.00	1.00
File Clerk	0.25	0.25	0.25
Total	20.13	21.13	22.13

Staffing Summary

GENERAL GOVERNMENT CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT

Program Description

The primary mission of the clerk of district court's office is to provide access to district court, and to maintain and preserve the records of the district court in Lewis & Clark County. The clerk of district court serves as the jury commissioner and provides a pool of jurors for local governments within Lewis and Clark County, including East Helena City Court, Helena Municipal Court, Justice Court and coroner juries for inquests.

The office keeps a record of all district court sessions, receipts and disburses child support, maintenance and other trust accounts, issues all processes and required notices and issues and records marriage licenses in Lewis and Clark County.

In the last fiscal year, the clerk of court's office completed four goals established at the beginning of the fiscal year. A comprehensive instruction manual and training procedure was completed. Two years of closed court files were converted to microfilm and a year of civil files were scanned, reducing the time to retrieve and provide copies by 50%. The department web page was expanded to include information on filing by email, a Frequently Asked Questions section and links to additional resources and a form was developed making it easier for staff to request educational leave and reimbursement. Many of the other goals established last year were achieved and are on-going and will continue as goals.

Goals & Objectives

- Maintain accurate, efficient and courteous service to the public and other agencies.
- Maintain all new documents in digital format.
- Convert old paper based documents to digital format to eliminate storage room.
- Actively advocate for internet-based access to district court records.
- Develop internet-based jury management site.
- Provide daily updates to internet court schedules.
- Develop and implement electronic record migration and disaster recovery plan.
- Increase juror service and education through the webpage.
- Distribute brochures about jury service to other public offices, Educate future jurors through presentations at local high schools and provide community education on the importance of jury service.
- Develop a comprehensive security plan for each of the courtrooms.
- Participate in long-range Courthouse space planning.

CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015	(D	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	613.697	\$	682.642	\$	736.398	\$	53.756	8%
Operating Expenditures	Ψ	112,784	Ψ	71,112	Ψ	102,624	Ψ	31,512	44%
Internal Charges		284,455		280,551		349,730		69,179	25%
Debt Service				-				-	
Transfers Out		4,000		5,000		5,000		-	0%
Capital Outlay				-		-		-	
Total	\$	1,014,936	\$	1,039,305	\$	1,193,752	\$	154,447	15%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
					\$-	
218 District Courts		1,014,936	1,039,305	1,193,752	154,447	15%
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т	otal	5 1,014,936	\$ 1,039,305	\$ 1,193,752	\$ 154,447	15%

GENERAL GOVERNMENT CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment. Increase .50 FTE to .75 FTE and eliminate temporary salaries.

Operating Expenditures

- Inflationary increases.
- \$12,000 for microfilming costs.

Capital Outlay

• Replacement of microfilm scanner.

Transfers

• Transfers are to the Capital Development Fund to fund future purchases and replacement of capital equipment.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Clerk of Court	1.00	1.00	1.00
District Court Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00
Small Claims Judge	0.00	0.00	0.00
Legal Clerk/Bailiff	5.00	5.00	5.00
Legal Clerk II	1.00	1.00	1.00
Legal Clerk	4.50	4.50	4.75
Total	12.50	12.50	12.75

GENERAL GOVERNMENT CLERK OF DISTRICT COURT

Program Description

Justice Court is located on the first floor of the Lewis & Clark County Courthouse at 228 Broadway in Helena, Montana. Justice Court is an extremely busy place. As of the 2000 census there were 55,716 citizens in our county ranking us sixth in population for the state. When one considers the seven most populous counties in the state, Lewis & Clark County is the only one with only one justice of the peace.

There are currently four full-time clerks in justice court. There were nearly 9000 cases filed in 2006 in Lewis and Clark County Justice Court. The types of cases that are filed in the court range from small claims cases; a type of hopefully simple civil case that does not exceed \$3000 in amount; civil cases, those civil cases that generally are more complex and do not exceed \$7000 in amount; citations issued by the Montana Highway Patrol; citations issued by the Lewis and Clark County Sheriff's Office; citations issued by the Montana Department of Fish Wildlife and Parks; citations issued by the Montana Department of Transportation; search warrants and orders of protection. In addition the Justice Court is the court wherein nearly all felony cases brought by the Office of the Lewis & Clark County Attorney are filed and where defendant's charged with felonies make their initial appearance.

In June of 2004, Lewis & Clark County Justice Court became a court of record. As a court of record the court electronically records important pre-trial hearings and all trials. Should someone appeal a decision of the court the electronic recording is transferred to a DVD and forwarded to the district court, along with the entire case file. The district court then sits as a court of appeal and determines if any errors of law were made in the justice court. There are no longer any trials de novo on appeal from Lewis & Clark County Justice Court.

Goals & Objectives

- To maintain an effective and efficient court that is easily accessible to the public.
- To strictly adhere to the rules of criminal and civil procedure governing the courts of Montana.
- To ensure that the employees of the court are well-trained, helpful, friendly and accurate in their dealings with the public.
- To maintain accurate, orderly and complete case files in all matters that come before the court.
- To ensure that all financial transactions are correctly recorded and above reproach.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	334.038	\$	347.722	\$	367,282	\$	19,560	6%
Operating Expenditures	Ŷ	22,431	Ŧ	23,511	Ŷ	38,742	Ŧ	15,231	65%
Internal Charges		48,352		51,728		60,369		8,641	17%
Debt Service								-	
Transfers Out		4,500		4,500		3,150		(1,350)	-30%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	409,321	\$	427,461	\$	469,543	\$	42,082	10%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund		\$ 409,321	\$ 427,461	\$ 469,543	\$ 42,082	10%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
	Total	\$ 409,321	\$ 427,461	\$ 469,543	\$ 42,082	10%

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

• Color Copier.

Transfers

• Transfers are to the Capital Development Fund to fund future purchases and replacement of capital equipment.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Justice of the Peace	1.00	1.00	1.00
Justice Court Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Justice Court Clerk	4.00	4.00	4.00
Total	6.00	6.00	6.00

GENERAL GOVT

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Program Description

The Office of the Lewis & Clark County Superintendent of Schools performs administrative, financial, legal, record keeping, and transportation-supervisory services for all schools in the County. The office assists school boards, educators, students, parents, and taxpayers in general to understand and implement federal, state and local laws applicable to education. The Superintendent is a liaison between the state and local governmental units.

The office oversees the budget preparation process for schools. This includes providing estimates of district general fund budget caps and district transportation fund revenue, calculating county retirement and county transportation mills, and compiling all for inclusion on tax notices.

The Superintendent's office is a central source of information and a distribution center. Official acts are kept on record such as school census information, school district organization, classification and boundary adjustments. Records for preservation include attendance agreements, student enrollment, annual data collection, transportation contracts, election data (trustee, mill levy, bond), final budgets, trustee annual reports, school audits, home school notification, etc.

There are seven operating school districts in Lewis & Clark County with a total of 27 schools. Student population is comprised of 9,600 public school students and 674 private school and home school students.

The County Superintendent supervises and evaluates teachers in three rural schools without an administrator assisting them with curriculum, instruction and assessment. The Superintendent also completes all grant applications, program reports, student data and assessment reports and data collection requirements prescribed by the Office of Public Instruction for these schools.

The Superintendent is the hearing officer for school controversies. Oversight of school elections and administration of oaths of office for new trustees are annual responsibilities. Teacher and administrator licenses are registered and reviewed with notification sent to schools of renewal requirements. The Superintendent serves as the chairperson of the County Transportation Committee that reviews and approves all transportation contracts, sets bus routes, and monitors driver certificates and bus inspections.

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Goals & Objectives

Administrative

- Provide support and guidance to local school boards and districts.
- Supervise curriculum and instruction in schools without administrators.
- Oversee district reporting requirements to the Office of Public Instruction.
- Attend school board meetings as requested.
- Advise, assist, and inform parents of home schooling requirements.
- Oversee home school student participation in state assessment.

Financial

- Maintain oversight of school districts' budgets.
- Calculate mills, set county school levies, and distribute funds for elementary and high school retirement and county transportation.
- Compile and publish an annual financial report of all school district funds.

Legal

- Serve as hearing officer in school controversies.
- Stay current on school law, case studies and OPI policies and procedures.
- Review school boundaries, classify school districts, order territory transfers and school abandonment/annexation/consolidation.

Record Keeping/Preservation

- Record all official acts, such as distribution of funds, school controversies, teacher supervision and evaluation.
- Preserve records on timeline as prescribed by the Montana Local Government Records Committee.
- Maintain current school district legal description of boundaries and maps.
- Register educator licenses, bus driver and bus inspection certificates, trustee certificates of election, and home school notifications.

Transportation

- Oversee safe and efficient bus routes approved by the L&C Transportation Committee.
- Distribute the county portion of funds to districts as prescribed by OPI.

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		ncrease ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	94.533	\$	98.193	\$	100.029	\$	1.836	2%
Operating Expenditures	Ψ	5.579	Ψ	5.349	Ψ	7.046	Ψ	1,697	32%
Internal Charges		8,760		8,756		8,787		31	0%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Tota	al \$	108,872	\$	112,298	\$	115,862	\$	3,564	3%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	108,872 \$	112,298 \$	115,862	\$ 3,564	3%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
т	otal \$	108,872 \$	112,298 \$	115,862	\$ 3,564	3%

GENERAL GOVT

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

• None.

Transfers

• None.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Superintendent of Schools	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	1.00	1.00	1.00

GENERAL GOVERNMENT PLANNING & COMMUNITY DEV

Program Description

The Community Development and Planning Department is responsible for the coordination and guidance of all aspects of growth and development, including long range and current planning, zoning, subdivision review and transportation in Lewis & Clark County.

Current planning activities include administration of the interim zoning regulations, special zoning districts, subdivision review and regulation, permit coordination, survey review and historical preservation expertise. Long range planning duties include the development and implementation of the County Growth Policy, neighborhood plans and other special projects as requested by the Board of County Commissioners.

The Department also maintains socioeconomic data relating to Lewis & Clark County and its cities and unincorporated towns. The Department provides technical support to other County agencies and the public on a wide range subjects relating to land management and service provisions. It is the lead agency in the development and creation of special districts relating to roads, fire protection and other services or facilities. The Department also provides assistance to other agencies in research and development for public facilities and services.

Goals & Objectives

Provide office management, guidance and operations.

- Assure efficient office administration that meets budgetary allocations.
- Update and maintain the County website.
- Maintain efficient daily processing and fiscal accountability for permitting functions.
- Update and maintain written standard operating procedures.

Provide high customer and governmental service standards.

- Provide prompt technical support and reporting to the County Commission.
- Maintain good working relationships with members of the public and development community.
- Provide technical support and guidance to other agencies.
- Develop and maintain professional guidance to the City/County Planning Board, the Board of Adjustment and the Planning and Zoning Commission.

Maintain a professional staff.

- Provide constant level of training for all employees.
- Encourage membership in professional organizations pertinent to departmental responsibilities.
- Complete staff performance appraisals.
- Assure safe working conditions for all employees.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	749.402	\$	620.779	\$	715.695	\$	94.916	15%
Operating Expenditures	Ψ	111,496	Ψ	232,756	Ψ	188,718	Ψ	(44,038)	-19%
Internal Charges		121,050		117,971		118,335		364	0%
Debt Service								-	
Transfers Out		14,864		6,022		20,000		13,978	232%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	996,812	\$	977,528	\$	1,042,748	\$	65,220	7%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
225 Planning & Community Dev	996,812	977,528	1,042,748	65,220	7%
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
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	-	-	-	-	
Total	5	977,528 \$	1,042,748	\$ 65,220	7%

GENERAL GOVERNMENT PLANNING & COMMUNITY DEV

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

- 1.5% matrix adjustment.
- Increase in Personnel due to vacant position for deputy director

Operating Expenditures

• Decrease due to decrease in consulting services

Capital Outlay

• Smart Board.

Transfers

• Transfers are to the Capital Development Fund to fund future purchases and replacement of capital equipment.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Director of Planning	1.00	1.00	1.00
Deputy Director	-	1.00	1.00
Associate Planner	5.00	3.00	3.00
Planner I/district coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Historic Preservation Officer	0.50	0.75	0.75
Permit Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Planning Technician	-	-	-
Administrative Assistant	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	9.50	8.75	8.75

GENERAL GOVERNMENT PLANNING & COMMUNITY DEV

Program Description

The Information Technology and Services (IT&S) Department provides a broad spectrum of technology related services to both the City of Helena and Lewis & Clark County (IT Enterprise).

Network

IT&S provides a reliable and secure network infrastructure to support data and telephone system. This Department maintains the IT Enterprise network equipment including file servers, switches, routers, fiber optic links, and wireless wide area network equipment throughout all City and County buildings.

Customer Support

IT&S provides support for desktop computers, telephones, laptops, printers, scanners and Internet services. The staff provides technical support to all Departments including 24/7 support to critical Departments such as the Law Enforcement Dispatch Center. This Department provides system and programming services and implements technologies that allow supported Departments to function efficiently, while providing for the security and integrity of systems and data.

Administrative Services

IT&S provides oversight and guidance through the use of enterprise-wide policies and procedures that are created through the governance structure. Training services are delivered to all City and County employees for common systems through the use of a full-time trainer and dedicated training facility.

Geographic Information Systems (GIS)

IT&S is responsible for coordinating and managing complete, timely and accurate geographic data to support users in effective decision making within local government, other agencies and the general public. These data illustrate information graphically, revealing patterns or trends, and assist with land management and other enterprise related functions.

Addressing Services

This Department provides centralized addressing services for the City and County. Address standardization, creation, maintenance, and corrections are coordinated through the addressing center.

Goals & Objectives

* Service

Maintain a high level of service to our users and to the public through application development, reliable network infrastructure, and timely desktop support. Develop excellent working relationships with vendors, users, and other staff members through positive and timely communication.

* Security

Provide a secure environment in which to work through appropriate backups, Internet firewalls and email filtering.

Training and Education

Develop and retain technically skilled employees that are knowledgeable and competent in current and emerging information technology and a user community that understands and can employ modern technologies to maximize business benefits.

Enhanced County Website and E-Government Services

Provide citizens access to county government services through an improved Web interface and e-government services.

Fiscal Responsibility

Ensure effective technical and fiscal management of the Department's operations, resources, and technology projects.

Project Specific – Interactive Mapping Website

Provide Users with the most up-to-date, requested and useful GIS information through our web services in a manner that meets business needs without requiring data consumers to have specialized software.

Project Specific – Voice Over Internet Protocol (VOIP)

Provide Phase I and II project participants with a stable and secure VOIP environment which provides basic telephone services while promoting efficient operations.

Project Specific – Desktop Productivity Suite Upgrade

Provide City and County users with a stable desktop suite product that is under support and minimizes operational impact to the enterprise.

DESCRIPTION: 81 Administration

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	262.525	\$	274.083	\$	326.349	\$	52.266	19%
Operating Expenditures	+	13,717	Ŧ	8,476	Ŧ	30,774	Ŧ	22,298	263%
Internal Charges		28,108		28,500		28,804		304	1%
Debt Service								-	
Transfers Out		500		750		1,000		250	33%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	304,850	\$	311,809	\$	386,927	\$	75,118	24%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources				Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change		
001 General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
655 Info Technology & Service		304,850		311,809		386,927	75,118	24%
		-		-		-	-	
		-		-		-	-	
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		-		-		-	-	
		-		-		-	-	
Total	\$	304,850	\$	311,809	\$	386,927	\$ 75,118	24%

DESCRIPTION: 83 Customer Services

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	549.309	\$	563.729	\$	594.445	\$	30.716	5%
Operating Expenditures	Ψ	245,232	Ψ	242,500	Ψ	256,069	Ψ	13.569	5 % 6%
Internal Charges		32,788		32,972		36,486		3.514	11%
Debt Service		-		-		-		- ,-	
Transfers Out		21,704		22,525		23,500		975	4%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	849.033	\$	861,726	\$	910,500	\$	48,774	6%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	
655 Info Technology & Service	849,033	861,726	910,500	48,774	6%
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
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	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 849,033	\$ 861,726	\$ 910,500	\$ 48,774	6%

DESCRIPTION: 84 Infrastructure Network

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014			Increase (Decrease)		Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	97.531	\$	151.423	\$	161.101	\$	9.678	6%
Operating Expenditures	Ψ	411.415	Ψ	609.574	Ψ	594.789	Ψ	(14,785)	-2%
Internal Charges		16,452		16,668		19,300		2,632	16%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay		31,339		91,195		-		(91,195)	-100%
	_		_		•				
Total	\$	556,737	\$	868,860	\$	775,190	\$	(93,670)	-11%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	
655 Info Technology & Service	+	556,737	+	868,860	Ŧ	775,190	(93,670)	-11%
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		-		-		-	-	
		-		-		-	-	
		-		-		-	-	
Total	\$	556,737	\$	868,860	\$	775,190	\$ (93,670)	-11%

DESCRIPTION: 86 GIS Center

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
	•		•			•		
Personal Services	\$	149,108	\$	156,115	\$ 162,171	\$	6,056	4%
Operating Expenditures		132,434		38,923	63,260		24,337	63%
Internal Charges		13,680		13,836	13,988		152	1%
Debt Service		-		-	-		-	
Transfers Out		-		-	-		-	
Capital Outlay		-		-	-		-	
Total	\$	295,222	\$	208,874	\$ 239,419	\$	30,545	15%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change	
001 General Fund	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
655 Info Technology & Service		295,222	208,874	239,419	30,545	15%	
		-	-	-	-		
		-	-	-	-		
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		-	-	-	-		
Total	\$	295,222	\$ 208,874	\$ 239,419	\$ 30,545	15%	

DESCRIPTION: 87 Addressing Center

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)		Percent Change	
Personal Services	\$	67.804	\$	19.081	\$		\$	(19,081)	-100%
Operating Expenditures	φ	86,262	φ	3,257	φ	-	φ	(3,257)	-100%
Internal Charges		3,700		3,720		-		(3,720)	-100%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Тс	otal \$	157,766	\$	26,058	\$		\$	(26,058)	-100%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	
655 Info Technology & Service	157,766	26,058	-	(26,058)	-100%
	-	-	-	-	
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	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 157,766	\$ 26,058	\$ 	\$ (26,058)	-100%

GENERAL GOVERNMENT INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

- 1.5% matrix adjustment.
- Reduction of one FTE-addressing coordinator

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

- Replacement of routers/switches, printers, servers.
- Virtual computer system
- Capital savings for future replacement of capital assets.

Transfers

• None.

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Director of Information Services	1.00	1.00	1.00
Operations Manager/Deputy Direct	1.00	1.00	1.00
Addressing Coordinator	1.00	1.00	-
Procurement Specialist	1.00	1.00	1.00
Programmer/Analyst	1.00	1.00	1.00
AS/400 Systems Administrator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Web Developer	1.00	1.00	1.00
Softw are Specialist/Trainer	1.00	1.00	1.00
Information Systems Administrator	3.00	3.00	3.00
Netw ork Manager	2.00	2.00	2.00
GIS Center Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00
GIS Programmer	1.00	1.00	1.00
Telecom Administrator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	16.00	16.00	15.00

Staffing Summary

GENERAL GOVERNMENT INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Program Description

The Miscellaneous function includes the miscellaneous department in the General Fund, miscellaneous capital expenditures in the Capital Improvement Fund, Miscellaneous Federal Grant projects and the County-wide Liability Insurance expenditures and internal cost allocation of insurance to individual funds. These departments/funds are for County-wide expenditures and not easily allocated to specific functions.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
Operating Expenditures	1,552,728	855,129	2,973,890	2,118,761	248%
Internal Charges	509,344	1,228,132	2,948,356	1,720,224	140%
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	
Transfers Out	496,419	1,617,286	2,908,000	1,290,714	80%
Capital Outlay	274,269	2,589,810	944,060	(1,645,750)	-64%
Total	\$ 2,832,760	\$ 6,290,357	\$ 9,774,306	\$ 3,483,949	55%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$ 1,631,227	\$ 2,008,492 \$	3,147,996	\$ 1,139,504	57%
550 Capital Development	349,602	2,739,262	1,634,210	(1,105,052)	-40%
553 Misc Federal Grant Pricts	26,423	308,572	-	(308,572)	-100%
252 Open Space Project	304,583	858	2,002,100	2,001,242	233245%
656 Liability Insurance	520,925	1,233,174	2,990,000	1,756,826	142%
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
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	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 2,832,760	\$ 6,290,358 \$	9,774,306	\$ 3,483,948	55%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• None.

Operating Expenditures

- Increase due to establishment of liability contingency account.
- Open space bond project expenditures.

Capital Outlay

- Planned equipment purchases through the capital replacement program.
- Flood Mitigation.
- Fairgrounds milling project.

Transfers

- Transfers are to the Capital Development Fund to fund future purchases and replacement of capital equipment.
- Transfer to Liability insurance fund to establish liability contingency account.
- ٠

Program Description

The Health Insurance Fund accounts for the County's self-insured health insurance plan. Each employee receives a health insurance benefit. The benefit amount is transferred from individual funds to the Health Insurance Fund. The County contracts with a third-party claims payer to process claims for health, dental and vision for County employees.

	Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015	(Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>	0 5 0 7	===
\$	53,220	\$	55,415	\$	57,982	\$	2,567	5%
	3,570,115		3,239,704		4,316,075		1,076,371	33%
	370,427		404,795		416,273		11,478	3%
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-	
\$	3,993,762	\$	3,699,914	\$	4,790,330	\$	1,090,416	29%
	\$ \$	FY2013 \$ 53,220 3,570,115 370,427 - - - -	FY2013 \$ 53,220 \$ 3,570,115 370,427 - - -	FY2013 FY2014 \$ 53,220 \$ 55,415 3,570,115 3,239,704 370,427 404,795 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	FY2013 FY2014 \$ 53,220 \$ 55,415 \$ 3,239,704 3,570,115 3,239,704 404,795 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	FY2013 FY2014 FY2015 \$ 53,220 \$ 55,415 \$ 57,982 3,570,115 3,239,704 4,316,075 370,427 404,795 416,273 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	FY2013 FY2014 FY2015 (I \$ 53,220 \$ 55,415 \$ 57,982 \$ 3,570,115 3,239,704 4,316,075 416,273 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	FY2013 FY2014 FY2015 (Decrease) \$ 53,220 \$ 55,415 \$ 57,982 \$ 2,567 3,570,115 3,239,704 4,316,075 1,076,371 370,427 404,795 416,273 11,478 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$-	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	
657 County Health Insurance	3,993,762	3,699,914	4,790,330	1,090,416	29%
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
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	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 3,993,762	\$ 3,699,914 \$	4,790,330	\$ 1,090,416	29%

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PUBLIC SAFETY

Program Description

The mission of the Disaster and Emergency Services Department is to protect lives, property and the environment through the four phases of emergency management: preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation.

The department manages four programs:

- 1. Emergency management
- 2. Wildfire mitigation
- 3. Floodplain administration
- 4. Safety

The department director is the Disaster and Emergency Services Coordinator, who serves the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) Manager; chairman of the Local Emergency Planning Committee, which coordinates all-hazards planning and public information between local and state government agencies, and the public and private sectors. The coordinator also serves on the St. Peter's Hospital Emergency Planning Committee.

The Citizen Corps and Community Emergency Response Team (CERT) programs are coordinated by an unpaid volunteer. Both programs assist citizens to prepare for disasters and to assist them to become self-sufficient in times of emergency. The DES Coordinator relies heavily on volunteers to staff the EOC when it is activated, perform Citizen Corps and CERT duties, such as teaching CERT classes.

The DES Coordinator also serves as the county floodplain administrator and manages development in the nine mapped flood plains in the county through a permit system and an education program to alert the public about flood hazards. The county enjoys a FEMA Community Rating system of 8, which means the floodplain program exceeds FEMA's program standards, which translates into a ten per cent discount for flood insurance premiums for county residents.

The wildfire mitigation program is managed by an FTE who is funded through DNRC and BLM grants. The program provides grants to the public to mitigate fuels around homes to develop survivable space. The program manager also serves as a board member of Montana Fire Safe, which is a statewide coalition of the public and private sector to promote Fire Safe programs across Montana.

The safety program seeks to make the workplace safer for employees and the public through training, accident investigations and safety inspections. The DES Coordinator serves as the county safety coordinator and works closely with Western States Insurance to make the county a safer workplace for its employees.

Goals & Objectives

DISASTER & EMERGENCY SERVICES

1. Continue to promote compliance with the National Incident Management System (NIMS) through training classes offered to the appropriate personnel.

- 2. Organize and host the annual Preparedness Fair during September, National Preparedness Month. The fair usually gets about 27 public and private agencies to participate to promote public preparedness.
- Continue to hold monthly classes for CERT graduates to reinforce what they learned in class or to teach new skills.

WILDFIRE MITIGATION

- 1. Develop a strategic plan that crosses jurisdiction boundaries; i.e., between city, county, state and federal lands.
- 2. Propose and implement mitigation projects that protect communities from wildfire.
- 3. Develop and propose protection measures for municipal watersheds.
- 4. Ensure that escape routes are made defensible through fuel modification.
- 5. Educate the public about defensible space, fire wise building and landscaping design.
- 6. Give the first priority to communities in the Wildland Urban Interface (WUI).
- 7. Treat a minimum of 20 per cent of the general forested areas outside of the WUI by using fire modeling to locate the best places to disperse fuel treatments.

FLOODPLAIN MANAGEMENT

- Assist FEMA and PBS&J Engineering, Inc. with the Digitized Flood Insurance Map (DFIRM) project, which is scheduled to be adopted by June 2012. This would digitize all county flood plain maps to facilitate electronic access by the public and government agencies.
- 2. Maintain the CRS 8 rating for the county, which means a ten percent insurance premium discount for properties within the flood plain.
- Continue to educate the public and realtors through the media and public presentations about the flood plain program.

SAFETY

- 1. Facilitate implementation of the Montana Safety Culture Act by working with department safety committees, safety training, safety inspections and accident investigations to prevent recurrence of accidents.
- 2. Work closely with department heads and elected officials to assist them to develop their department safety committees to promote safety standards throughout the workplace.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Dana ang l Dana isan	۴	474 000	٠	450.000	¢	100.050	¢	0.000	70/
Personal Services	\$	171,322	\$	152,899	\$	162,859	\$	9,960	7%
Operating Expenditures		220,791		321,555		280,695		(40,860)	-13%
Internal Charges		20,073		22,561		21,276		(1,285)	-6%
Debt Service								-	
Transfers Out		1,000		1,000		1,499		499	50%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	413.186	\$	498,015	\$	466.329	\$	(31.686)	-6%
Total	φ 		ې =	430,015	Ψ	+00,529	φ 	(31,000)	-078

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund 226 Emergency Disaster 295 National Fire Plan	\$ 106,419 81,396 130,696	\$ 107,881 49,550 250,201	\$ 121,701 57,000 171,935	\$ 13,820 7,450 (78,266)	13% 15% -31%
299 Homeland Security	-	- 200,201	-	- (70,200)	-31/0
300 NFP Project-BLM Comm Ass	94,674	90,383	115,194	24,811	27%
301 Fire Projects-Misc Grants	-	-	-	-	
304-Other Grants	-	-	-	-	
294-Citizens Corp	-	-	499	499	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 413,185	\$ 498,015	\$ 466,329	\$ (31,686)	-6%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

• Smart Board.

Transfers

• Transfers to Capital Development Fund for future replacement of capital assets.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
DES Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Project Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	2.00	2.00	2.00

Program Description

The Sheriff's Office is dedicated to providing professional law enforcement services in partnership with the community, and to enhance the quality of life in Lewis & Clark County through progressive law enforcement, quality personnel, innovative training and incorporation of the latest technology.

The Sheriff's Office has distinct activities that are divided into departments within each fund of the Sheriff's Budget.

Fund 230

Administration (Department 2510) is the executive arm of the Sheriff's Office, providing leadership, direction, public relations, and administrative support to the functional areas of the Sheriff's Office and to the community.

Fleet Management (Department 2520) is managed by a committee of Sheriff's Office staff members who are trained in vehicle maintenance and who are familiar with the use of law enforcement vehicles. The goal of the vehicle department is to *"keep repair costs down, replace vehicles before they become a maintenance burden, and maximize the monetary return on used cars through a resale program, all with the overall objective of officer safety always in mind."* A three-year planning cycle is utilized in developing vehicle replacement needs, which is funded through the Sheriff's Office Capital Improvement Plan-Fund 550.

Detention Center (Department 2530) is required by law for the temporary detention of adults and is operated in accordance with Montana Jail Standards, National Jail Standards, and State and Federal law.

Sheriff Investigations (Department 2541) is the investigative arm of the Sheriff's Office and is charged with conducting comprehensive investigation of felony crimes including all homicides and questionable deaths. Other types of cases investigated involve arson/explosives, forgery/fraud, burglary, vehicle theft and other major felony, conspiracy and white-collar crimes.

Missouri River Drug Task Force (MRDTF) (Department 2545) was formed to disrupt illicit drug trafficking within the participating jurisdictions through the use of undercover operations and other traditional methods of investigation.

Patrol Division (Department 2550) is responsible for the protection of citizens and their property; patrolling 24 hours per day, 7 days per week; with substations in Lincoln, Augusta and Wolf Creek; responding to citizen complaints and emergencies, initial investigation of crimes, court testimony, warrant service, and assisting with civil process services and prisoner transports.

Canyon Ferry Contract (Department 2556) is highly successful, jointly funded law enforcement effort between the Bureau of Reclamation and Lewis and Clark County, designed to provide the Canyon Ferry Lake area with one full time deputy to patrol year round, and one part time deputy to help with patrols from Memorial Day weekend through Labor Day weekend.

Search and Rescue (Department 2580) operates under the command and authority of the Sheriff as specified in the Montana Codes Annotated. Services are provided to the County primarily through the use of Lewis and Clark Search and Rescue, Inc. Under the voted Public Safety Levy, Search and Rescue receives annual earmarked funding of \$50,000. \$25,000 of this is transferred to the capital improvement fund, and \$25,000 is used for operating costs.

Drug Abuse Resistance Education (DARE) (Department 2590) is a consolidated, established prevention program designed to prepare elementary and high school age students with the life skills necessary to combat the peer

pressure, stress, and self-esteem problems associated with the use of drugs and violent behavior. The DARE curriculum is taught as a joint program between Lewis & Clark County Sheriff's Office and the Helena Police Department.

Fund 231

Communication Management (Departments 2510-2599) is a high priority for the Sheriff's Office. The voted public safety mill levy provides a total of \$250,000 annually, of which \$125,000 was dedicated to upgrade the public safety computer system and \$125,000 was dedicated to upgrading the radio communications system. A full-time communications system administrator is responsible for ensuring the system is well operated and maintained.

Fund 232

Inmate Fund (Departments 2530-2537) provides services for prisoners and utilizes revenue received from the Inmate Phone System, sale of prepaid phone cards, and the sale of commissary. The mission of inmate programs is to provide for the additional needs of the inmate population, as required by law, and national and state jail standards. This includes health care, religious services, library services, recreational activities, and indigent inmate postage. Indigent inmates are provided with personal necessities, and necessary medical needs. The county, by Supreme Court decision, is responsible for inmate medical costs including catastrophic care for heart attacks, injuries received during the commission of crimes or arrest, pre-existing conditions, and so forth.

Fund 238

DUI Fund (Departments 4440-4445) consists of the Lewis & Clark County DUI Task force, and the Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws grant. The taskforce consists of community volunteers as well as law enforcement representatives from the Sheriff's Office and Montana Highway Patrol. Revenues from reinstatement fees are used for local awareness projects and responsible alcohol server trainings. The Sheriff's Office also receives a grant through the Board of Crime Control for the Enforcement of Underage Drinking Laws. A part time grant coordinator works with city and county officers to schedule party patrols, compliance checks and bar checks throughout the year.

Fund 370

Fire Service Area (Department 2560) is the Lewis & Clark County Volunteer Fire Services. A fee-based funding mechanism was created to support the costs of equipment and clothing needed for the volunteer fire fighters. This fire protection is for buildings and wild land areas not protected by a rural fire district or under state/federal fire protection.

Fund 550

Capital Improvement Plan (Department 2510) The Sheriff's Office strongly supports the use of a county capital improvements plan as an important and useful goal-oriented planning and budgeting tool. Money is set aside annually for the ongoing costs of vehicle purchases, radio costs, and high dollar equipment necessary for the operation of the Sheriff's Office.

Cash Flow-Fund 230

Approximately 1.8 million dollars must be transferred from the Public Safety fund in FY15 to other funds and /or agencies-i.e. S.S.D., Search and Rescue, City of Helena, Building Rent, Information Technology Charges, Administrative Fees, Loan Payments, and Insurance. An ending fund balance of at least 1.9 million is required to operate in the black, as the bulk of tax revenue is received in November and May each year.

Goals & Objectives

- Provide professional law enforcement services in partnership with the community.
- Increase our sworn deputy positions from 41 to 44.
- Increase our detention officer staff by 1 FTE.
- Maintain revenue needs.
- Control expenditures.

SHERIFF

Sheriff

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ 5.900.356	\$ 6.009.995 \$	6.512.045	\$ 502.050	8%
Operating Expenditures	2.716.684	3.053.791	3.860.049	\$ 302,030 806.258	26%
Internal Charges	737.707	729.364	734.501	5,137	1%
Debt Service	120,481	-	-	-, -	
Transfers Out	734,424	1,105,863	1,944,349	838,486	76%
Capital Outlay	636,511	567,896	1,583,498	1,015,602	179%
Total	\$ 10,846,163	\$ 11,466,909 \$	14,634,442	\$ 3,167,533	28%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
220 Search and Rescue	\$ 5,623	\$ 138,523	\$ 158,884	20,361	15%
230 Public Safety	9,773,218	10,240,510	11,312,445	1,071,935	10%
232 Inmate Programs	376,767	487,069	471,050	(16,019)	-3%
293 JAG-Justice Assist Grant	464	18,138	13,029	(5,109)	-28%
550 Capital Development	685,322	464,558	1,354,034	889,476	191%
555-Search and Rescue Const	4,768	118,111	1,325,000	1,206,889	1022%
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 10,846,162	\$ 11,466,909	\$ 14,634,442	\$ 3,167,533	28%

Sheriff 2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

- Replacement of patrol vehicles.
- Master planning for detention center.

Transfers

• Transfers to Capital Development Fund for future replacement of capital assets. Transfers to City of Helena for SSD services.

Youth Services

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	121.011	\$	125.018	\$	132.312	\$	7.294	6%
Operating Expenditures	Ψ	93.236	Ψ	73.125	Ψ	155.970	Ψ	82.845	113%
Internal Charges		112,314		73,499		79,112		5,613	8%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		-		2,380		-		(2,380)	-100%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	326,561	\$	274,022	\$	367,394	\$	93,372	34%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	- 9	5 - \$	-	\$-	
218 District Courts	Ŷ	294,057	237,041	367,394	130,353	55%
237 BEP		32,504	36,981	-	(36,981)	-100%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
	Total \$	326,561	\$ 274,022 \$	367,394	\$ 93,372	34%

Youth Services 2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

- Increase in Juvenile detention costs.
- Closed fund 237 and moved activity to District Court Fund.

Capital Outlay

• None.

Transfers

• None.

Coroner

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015	(D	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
	<u> </u>		<u>^</u>		<u>^</u>		•		- 10/
Personal Services	\$	131,690	\$	145,547	\$	224,782	\$	79,235	54%
Operating Expenditures		41,345		62,757		90,900		28,143	45%
Internal Charges		30,086		27,996		29,633		1,637	6%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		6,000		10,000		10,000		-	0%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	209,121	\$	246,300	\$	355,315	\$	109,015	44%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actua FY201		Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	:	\$ 209,12	1 \$	246,300	\$ 355,315	\$ 109,015	44%
		-		-	-	-	
		-		-	-	-	
		-		-	-	-	
		-		-	-	-	
		-		-	-	-	
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		-		-	-	-	
	Total	\$ 209,12	1 \$	246,300	\$ 355,315	\$ 109,015	44%

Coroner 2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

- 1.5% matrix adjustment.
- .5 FTE- Deputy Coroner. Was added .50 in FY14 and increased to 1 FTE for FY15

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

• Hand held radio.

Transfers

• Transfers to the Capital Development Fund to fund future replacement of capital assets.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Operating Expenditures	Ŷ	90.288	Ŧ	223.093	Ŧ	413.790	Ŷ	190.697	85%
Internal Charges		3,226		3,300		3,416		116	4%
Debt Service								-	
Transfers Out		21,304		144,340		82,000		(62,340)	-43%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	114,818	\$	370,733	\$	499,206	\$	128,473	35%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$-	
204 Mental Health		114,818	370,733	499,206	128,473	35%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
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То	tal \$	114,818 \$	370,733 \$	499,206	\$ 128,473	35%

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015	([Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	217.462	\$	226.013	\$	235.526	\$	9.513	4%
Operating Expenditures	φ	310.848	φ	698.043	φ	327.634	φ	(370,409)	-53%
Internal Charges		9,236		11,392		12,192		800	7%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	537,546	\$	935,448	\$	575,352	\$	(360,096)	-38%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$-	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	
231 Public Sfty Radio Maint.	537,546	935,448	575,352	(360,096)	-38%
554 Pub Safety-Radio Cap Prjt	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
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	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 537,546	\$ 935,448 \$	575,352	\$ (360,096)	-38%

Radio Project 2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Equipment upgrades.

Capital Outlay

• Completion of County wide integrated radio communication system.

Transfers

• None.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	2.374	\$	1.195	\$	2.500	\$	1.305	109%
Operating Expenditures	Ψ	29.919	Ψ	33.879	Ψ	44.629	Ψ	10.750	32%
Internal Charges Debt Service		8,509		14,251		6,695		(7,556)	-53%
Transfers Out Capital Outlay		20,000 -		55,000 -		25,000 -		(30,000) -	-55%
Tota	I \$	60,802	\$	104,325	\$	78,824	\$	(25,501)	-24%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
370 Fire Service Area	\$ 60,802	\$ 104,325	\$ 78,824	\$ (25,501)	-24%
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
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	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 60,802	\$ 104,325	\$ 78,824	\$ (25,501)	-24%

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Sheriff	1.00	1.00	1.00
Undersheriff	1.00	1.00	1.00
Finance Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Communications System Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00
Administrative Assistant	1.50	1.50	1.50
Accounting Technician	1.00	1.00	1.00
Secretary/Receptionist	-	-	-
Training Sergeant	1.00	1.00	1.00
Captain	2.00	3.00	3.00
Sw orn Sergeants	5.00	5.00	5.00
Investigator	3.00	3.00	2.00
Civil Office Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00
Administrative Secretary	1.00	1.00	1.00
Evidence Tech/Dui Program Manag	1.00	1.00	1.00
Microw ave Netw ork Manager			1.00
Radio Technician		0.50	0.50
Non Sw orn Sergeants	4.00	4.00	4.00
Non Sw orn Corporals	4.00	4.00	4.00
Detention Officer	14.00	15.00	17.00
Registered Nurse	1.00	1.00	-
Licensed Practical Nurse	-		
Animal Control Officer	1.00	1.00	1.00
Seasonal Patrolman	-		
Probationary Patrolman	3.00	5.00	3.00
Patrolman III	14.00	11.00	14.00
Patrolman II	7.00	8.00	9.00
Patrolman I	8.00	8.00	6.00
Total	76.50	79.00	80.00

	Staf	fing	Sum	mary
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Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Coroner	1.00	1.00	1.00
Administrative Assistant Assistant Coroner	0.50	1.00 0.50	1.00 1.00
Total	1.50	2.50	3.00

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PUBLIC WORKS

Program Description

Public Works Administration oversees the administration and financial operations of all programs, services, and projects of the Lewis & Clark County Public Works Department. Administrative staff support is provided for the following programs: 1) Bridge; 2) Road, Sign, Shop and Fuel Revolving; 3) the Scratch Gravel Solid Waste District and County landfill; and 4) Building Maintenance. Administrative duties performed by the Public Works Administration Office include: 1) processing of accounts payable invoices; 2) billing and collections for accounts receivable; 3) issuing permits; 4) establishment of department standards, policies, and procedures; 5) budget preparation and monitoring; 6) contract negotiations and administration; 7) development of capital improvement plans and new funding sources; 8) the design, bid, award, and construction of capital improvements; 9) risk management; 10) public relations and assistance; and 11) legislative lobbying.

PUBLIC WORKS

	Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015			Percent Change
¢	364 960	¢	385 /65	¢	300 311	¢	13 8/6	4%
Ψ	25,062	Ψ	34,479	Ψ	62,334	Ψ	27,855	4 <i>%</i> 81%
	17,248		16,038		16,987		949	6%
	29 000		29 000		18 000		- (11.000)	-38%
	20,000		20,000		10,000		-	0070
\$	436,270	\$	464,982	\$	496,632	\$	31,650	7%
	\$	FY2013 \$ 364,960 25,062 17,248 29,000	FY2013 \$ 364,960 \$ 25,062 17,248 29,000	FY2013 FY2014 \$ 364,960 \$ 385,465 25,062 34,479 17,248 16,038 29,000 29,000	FY2013 FY2014 \$ 364,960 \$ 385,465 \$ 25,062 25,062 34,479 17,248 16,038 29,000 29,000	FY2013 FY2014 FY2015 \$ 364,960 \$ 385,465 \$ 399,311 25,062 34,479 62,334 17,248 16,038 16,987 29,000 29,000 18,000	FY2013 FY2014 FY2015 (D \$ 364,960 \$ 385,465 \$ 399,311 \$ 25,062 34,479 62,334 17,248 16,038 16,987 29,000 18,000	FY2013 FY2014 FY2015 (Decrease) \$ 364,960 \$ 385,465 \$ 399,311 \$ 13,846 25,062 34,479 62,334 27,855 17,248 16,038 16,987 949 - - - - 29,000 29,000 18,000 (11,000)

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund 292 Forest Reserve Title III	\$	436,270 -	\$	464,982 -	\$	496,632 -	\$	31,650 -	7%
								-	
								-	
								-	
								-	
								-	
								- -	
Total	\$	436,270	¢	464,982	¢	496,632	\$	-	70/
Total	ə 	430,270	\$	404,902	\$	490,032	Ф —	31,650	7%

PUBLIC WORKS

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

• None.

Transfers

• To capital development fund for future replacement of assets.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015
Director of Public Works	1.00	1.00	1.00
Assistant Director of Public Works	1.00	1.00	1.00
Senior Finance Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Construction Project Coordinator	0.50	0.50	0.50
Accounting Technician	0.50	0.50	0.50
Maintenance Worker	0.04	0.04	0.05
Total	4.04	4.04	4.05

Program Description

The Lewis & Clark County Bridge Department is responsible for the construction, repair and maintenance of approximately 110 bridges, numerous culverts, guardrails, and helps the Road Department with plowing and sanding during winter months. The Bridge Department operates primarily out of Helena, where resources are dispatched to different job locations throughout the county.

Bridge activities and services are funded with an All-Purpose mill levy. The County has received three Treasure State Endowment Program Grants, which were used to replace 12 bridges. The Montana Department of Transportation, United States Forest Service, Federal Highway Administration, and Trout Unlimited also have been funding partners for the replacement of county bridges.

Goals & Objectives

- To ensure safety of the motoring public by providing the best quality roads possible with available funding.
- Bridge preservation and longevity through routine maintenance and inspection.
- Continue to remove old bridges and replace with new-engineered bridges.
- Continue to improve drainage by reshaping ditches and installing culverts.
- Continue to maintain signs and install new ones as required by state guidelines.
- Provide training opportunities for staff development including LTAP safety and certification in forklift, equipment training, 1st Aid, flagging, BMP storm water mitigation, and software programs.
- Attend professional conferences, workshops, and trainings to network and learn more about how other agencies approach similar projects and issues.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	(D	Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ 308,304	\$ 320,756	\$ 340,648	\$	19,892	6%
Operating Expenditures	124,861	133,490	171,424		37,934	28%
Internal Charges	20,388	20,364	23,498		3,134	15%
Debt Service	-	-	-		-	
Transfers Out	262,307	171,377	221,792		50,415	29%
Capital Outlay	406,463	14,387	320,000		305,613	2124%
Total	\$ 1,122,323	\$ 660,374	\$ 1,077,362	\$	416,988	63%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	([Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund 556 Road/Bridge Infrast Proj 550 Capital Improvements	\$ 715,860 241,719 164,744	\$ 645,988 14,387	\$ 757,362 320,000	\$	111,374 305,613 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	17% 2124%
Total	\$ 1,122,323	\$ 660,375	\$ 1,077,362	\$	416,987	63%

PUBLIC WORKS

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% Matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

• TSEP bridge project.

Transfers

• Transfers to Capital Development Fund to fund future replacement of capital assets. Transfer to infrastructure capital fund to fund bridge replacement program- match for TSEP funding.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Road/Bridge Supervisor	0.50	0.50	0.50
Lead Equipment Operator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Equipment Operator	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total	4.50	4.50	4.50

Program Description

The Lewis & Clark County Road Department maintains approximately 539 miles of paved, chip sealed, and gravel roads. The geographical range of the county-maintained road system is as follows: South of Helena to the border of Jefferson County, north of Augusta to Flathead County, east of Canyon Ferry Lake to Broadwater County, and west of Lincoln to Powell County.

Equipment is strategically located in Augusta, Helena, Lincoln and Wolf Creek in order to more efficiently accomplish road maintenance tasks. The county is divided into 10 maintenance districts. Augusta, Lincoln and Wolf Creek have one road grader in each district. Helena has a total of four graders for the seven remaining maintenance districts. Other equipment used to perform road maintenance activities includes snowplows with sanders, dump trucks, pup trailers, loaders, a dozer, patch truck, and tractor mower. During peak maintenance seasons or for large projects, employees and equipment may be dispatched and mobilized to one particular district to complete a large amount of work in a short period of time.

Maintenance activities include, but are not limited to: sign installations, guardrail repairs, road damage repairs, clearing obstructions in roads and rights-of-way, striping of roads, improving drainage, removal of trees, sweeping, and approval of new approaches onto county roads. In addition, the Road Department deals with load limits, reviews proposed roads for new subdivisions, maintains existing or secures new gravel sources, supervises the collection of data for traffic counts and accident clusters, develops the road maintenance management plan, and provides the initial support personnel and equipment for natural disasters.

The primary funding sources for the Road Department are the road mill levy, the state entitlement tax levy and shared revenues, timber receipts, gas tax revenues, and payments in lieu of taxes.

Goals & Objectives

- To ensure safety of the motoring public by providing the best quality roads possible with available funding.
- Roadway preservation and longevity through grading, hand patching, blade patching, overlay, and chip sealing.
- Participating in dust abatement applications in partnership with other agencies and residents to ensure air and water quality.
- Continue to maintain signs and install new ones as required by state guidelines, continue to implement the 911
 Emergency Services Signage in cooperation with GIS, Clerk and Recorder, Planning and Zoning, Sheriff, and
 any other County, City, State or Federal agencies involved.
- Clearing right-of-ways of brush, trees, rockslides, and any other safety hazards.
- Continue to maintain and keep up buildings at the Road and Bridge Department Complex and outlaying areas in compliance with DEQ and Department of Labor to ensure a safe working environment for all Road and Bridge personnel.
- Provide training opportunities for staff development including LTAP safety and certification in forklift, equipment training, 1st Aid, flagging, software programs, conferences, workshops, and trainings to network and learn about how other agencies approach similar projects and issues.
- Assist with preparation of road standards and their implementation with the public.
- Add statistical data to annual reports and the web for public awareness.
- Review and comment on Major and Minor Subdivision applications.

PUBLIC WORKS

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	(Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ 967,253	\$ 1,012,539	\$ 1,237,739	\$	225,200	22%
Operating Expenditures	1,513,623	1,876,532	4,929,255		3,052,723	163%
Internal Charges	186,445	190,746	197,753		7,007	4%
Debt Service	50,575	84,977	51,377		(33,600)	-40%
Transfers Out	1,704,728	1,044,698	1,451,442		406,744	39%
Capital Outlay	2,445,165	2,704,009	3,708,395		1,004,386	37%
Total	\$ 6,867,789	\$ 6,913,501	\$ 11,575,961	\$	4,662,460	67%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
211 Road	3,580,212	3,133,853	3,882,220	\$ 748,367	24%
253 Road improvements		8,110			
282 Gas Tax	358,729	283,482	442,412	158,930	56%
RID Funds	440,582	788,988	3,542,934	2,753,946	349%
550 Capital Development	158,682	182,030	69,200	(112,830)	-62%
552 RID Projects	158	226,433	386,500	160,067	71%
553 Misc Federal Grant Prjcts	-	-	-	-	
556 Road/Bridge Infrast Proj	2,329,426	2,290,605	3,252,695	962,090	42%
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
Total	\$ 6,867,789	\$ 6,913,501	\$ 11,575,961	\$ 4,670,570	68%

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	6E 770	\$	69.342	\$	102.570	\$	33.228	48%
	Φ	65,770	Φ	/ -	Φ	-)	Φ	1 -	
Operating Expenditures		43,998		29,316		50,335		21,019	72%
Internal Charges		21,423		21,232		22,974		1,742	8%
Debt Service		-						-	
Transfers Out		8,500		9,500		9,500		-	0%
Capital Outlay		14,565		-		-		-	
Total	\$	154,256	\$	129,390	\$	185,379	\$	55,989	43%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
211 Road 550 Capital Improvements	139,691 14,565	129,390 -	185,379 -	\$	43%
				- -	
				- -	
				- - -	
				- -	
				- - -	
Total	\$ 154,256	\$ 129,390	\$ 185,379	\$	43%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

- Inflationary increases.
- Decrease of SRS Federal Funding- appropriation ended in FY14. Will do budget amendment if Congress appropriates for future years.

Capital Outlay

Replacement of equipment. Road construction projects using voted mill levy funding and federal highway
grant funding.

Transfers

• Transfers to Capital Development Fund to fund future replacement of capital assets. Transfer to infrastructure capital fund to fund Road reconstruction program.

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
RoadBridge Supervisor	0.50	0.50	0.50
Assistant Road/Bridge Supervisor	1.00	1.00	1.00
Lead Equipment Operator	3.00	3.00	3.00
Equipment Operator	8.00	8.00	8.00
Construction Project Coordinator	0.50	0.50	0.50
Mechanic	0.50	0.50	0.50
Maintenance Cleaner	0.10	0.09	0.10
Seasonal Workers	0.75	2.00	2.01
Administrative Assistant		0.50	0.50
Total	14.35	16.09	16.11

Staffing Summary

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Lead Equipment Operator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	1.00	1.00	1.00

Program Description

The Solid Waste Department is responsible for the management of the Lewis & Clark County Landfill, the Marysville Container Site, and the closed Scratch Gravel Landfill. The Lewis & Clark County Commission governs these programs through the Scratch Gravel Solid Waste District. The County Commission appoints the Scratch Gravel Solid Waste Board, which serves in an advisory capacity. The County Commission and the Lewis & Clark County Board of Health each have one member, and there are three residents of the District. The Board is responsible for recommending operational practices and the policies governing the District. The County Commissioners retain control over policy, budget approval, personnel and land use decisions.

Scratch Gravel residents are charged for waste based on a modified Pay As You Throw Program (PAYT). Residents of the District pay an annual assessment fee on their tax bill for each residential unit they own. The annual assessment does not include any collection service. Residents must self-haul their solid waste or contract with a private hauler to take it to a transfer station operated by the City of Helena. The annual assessment allows a resident to dispose of 1.5 tons of waste for each residential unit per year. If a resident exceeds the 1.5-ton limit, they are billed separately for disposal of the additional solid waste. PAYT programs provide waste management solutions that make economic sense, are fair to residents, and are good for the environment. Composting and recycling opportunities for District residents are provided through an Interlocal Agreement with the City of Helena.

The mission of the Lewis & Clark County Landfill is to dispose of Class II and Class IV solid waste in a manner which uses reasonable science at the lowest possible per capita cost while maintaining a strong stewardship of the earth through recycling, reduction and reuse.

Our operations are a major part of the environmental infrastructure of Lewis & Clark County. Long-range planning and fiscal integrity ensures decades of capacity without financial burdens in the future.

Goals & Objectives

Fiscal

- Maintain balanced budget by controlling expenses and through affordable solid waste assessments, PAYT fees, and landfill tipping fees
- Continue funding level for post closure liability of the existing landfill and the closed Scratch Gravel Landfill
- Continue funding level for capital improvements and equipment replacement
- Achieve a landfill waste density goal of 1,300 pounds per cubic yard
- Achieve a landfill waste to soil ratio of 4:1
- Achieve a landfill volume per ton ratio of 1.93 cubic yards per ton

<u>Service</u>

- Work with the City of Helena to provide solid waste management services to Scratch Gravel District residents
- Work with the City of Helena on expanding the existing transfer station facility or locating an additional site
- Continue effective communication with property owners surrounding the landfill site
- · Work with customers disposing of construction and demolition waste on proper use of the scale facility
- Protecting human health and the environment through environmental controls designed to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters, as well as the control of landfill gas.

Education

- Educate Scratch Gravel residents on the importance of consolidating loads or trips to the City Transfer
 Station
- Work with the City of Helena to continue or expand education about reuse, reduction, and recycling
 opportunities
- Continued employee development and safety training
- Maintain MOLO certification for the Solid Waste Manager

Future

- Plan for expected population growth in the County
- Meet or exceed the projected life of the landfill
- Continue to work closely with the City of Helena to coordinate solid waste management activities

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015	(C	Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	392.865	\$	410.258	\$	477.299	\$	67.041	16%
Operating Expenditures	•	1,564,211	•	1,579,719	•	1,761,406	•	181,687	12%
Internal Charges		181,013		184,838		191,325		6,487	4%
Debt Service		662,470		339,905		359,537		19,632	6%
Transfers Out		-		23,205		6,500		(16,705)	-72%
Capital Outlay		13,739		317,082		1,002,240		685,158	216%
Tota	\$	2,814,298	\$	2,855,007	\$	3,798,307	\$	943,300	33%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
610 Augusta Landfill Dist	111,200	96,482	91,709	\$ (4,773)	-5%
611 Lincoln Landfill District	121,789	125,797	272,817	147,020	117%
612 Scratch Gravel Landfill	1,243,159	1,338,136	1,321,729	(16,407)	-1%
613 Lew is & Clark Co Landfill	1,310,672	1,262,765	2,072,253	809,488	64%
614 Marysville Solid Waste	27,478	31,827	39,799	7,972	25%
				-	
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				-	
				-	
				-	
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				-	
				-	
				-	
Total	\$ 2,814,298	\$ 2,855,007 \$	3,798,307	\$ 943,300	33%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

- Replacement of equipment.
- Phase II Closure

Transfers

• Transfers to Health Department for community decay projects.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Solid Waste Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00
Landfill Mechanic	1.00	1.00	1.00
Equipment Operator	2.75	3.00	3.00
Landfill Attendant	1.60	1.61	1.67
Accounting Technician	0.50	0.50	0.50
Seasonal Equipment Operator	0.50	-	-
Administrative Assistant	0.18	0.18	0.18
Total	7.53	7.29	7.35

Program Description

The Lewis & Clark County Public Works Internal Service Funds include the building maintenance, county shop and fuel revolving funds. Lewis & Clark County's Building Maintenance Department is responsible for buildings and grounds related to the County Courthouse, Law Enforcement Center offices and detention centers in Helena, Lincoln, and Augusta, the Lewis & Clark Library, Cooney Convalescent Home, and the Cooperative Health Center. The Cooney Convalescent Home is a long-term care facility with 90 licensed beds. The primary revenue source is building rental fees. Building Maintenance activities include cleaning, repairs, building security, heating and cooling systems, fire alarm and suppression systems, elevator repairs, landscape maintenance, and development of the capital replacement program.

The following components are necessary for the operation of the Building Maintenance department:

- <u>Regular Inspections of all Buildings</u> Important to prevent malfunctions or safety mishaps.
- <u>Regularly Scheduled Preventative Maintenance</u> Fire suppression systems and alarm systems; boilers and climate control systems; water systems; building structures and electrical and lighting.
- <u>Provide Service to Building's Occupants</u> Provide occupants the normal activities of operation, such as snow removal, pest control, general yard work, custodial duties, and other routine building maintenance requirements plus furniture repair and moving services, office remodels and other projects.
- <u>Maintain Boiler Licenses</u> Building Maintenance has 6 employees who are properly licensed for boiler maintenance. This is designed to make the department more efficient and eliminate excessive contracted services in this area.
- Locate and Obtain Proper Professionals When Needed Many large projects require contracting with an
 outside agency. Proper liability insurance and proof of workers compensation is required.
- <u>Provide Training for Staff</u> Important to lessen the need for contracted services.

The County Shop is responsible for the repair and maintenance of 109 vehicles owned by Lewis & Clark County. The department does not maintain vehicles for the Sheriff's Department, Rural Fire Districts, or the County Solid Waste Department. Work orders for vehicle repairs are charged back to other county departments. Shop charges support personnel, operations, maintenance and capital costs.

The Shop also operates a fueling site for all county-owned vehicles. Dyed diesel and unleaded fuel are available at the fuel facility. Fuel cards are issued to each vehicle and track the amount and type of fuel used. Departments using the fuel site are billed monthly for the fuel they pump. Fuel charges are used for operations and maintenance of the fuel site, capital costs, and for debt service payments on the Intercap Loan used to build the site.

Goals & Objectives

- Provide a safe and efficient working environment for county employees within budget guidelines and authorized funding
- Provide optimum quantity and quality of maintenance service, safely, on time and within approved budget.
- Work with departments and finance, capital improvement and budget committees to maintain functional, efficient and safe county buildings, county equipment and vehicles.
- Provide a preventative maintenance program for the county fleet designed to reduce unscheduled repairs, downtime, costly repairs and extend useful lives of equipment.
- Increase employee training and certifications within budget guidelines and authorized funding.
- Comply with all insurance and safety requirements.
- Ensure that requests for maintenance are completed in a timely fashion.
- Facilitate building upgrades.
- Maintain a vehicle and equipment replacement program that will make the most efficient use of limited funds.
- Become Montana Safety Culture Act compliant.
- Educate building occupants on department responsibilities and abilities.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category						Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)		Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	812.549	\$	805.742	\$	758.801	\$	(46,941)	-6%
Operating Expenditures	φ	1.141.828	φ	1.150.106	φ	1.236.256	φ	(40,941) 86.150	-0 <i>%</i> 7%
Internal Charges		268.600		268.842		290.561		21.719	8%
Debt Service		70,560		72,035		70,240		(1,795)	-2%
Transfers Out		2,000		194,316		58,600		(135,716)	-70%
Capital Outlay		-		61,960		120,290		58,330	94%
Total	\$	2,295,537	\$	2,553,001	\$	2,534,748	\$	(18,253)	-1%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015	(1	Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	50,664	\$	53,272	\$	39,000	\$	(14,272)	-27%
650 Building Maintenance	+	1,009,610	*	1,198,075	•	1,046,013	•	(152,062)	-13%
651 Health Care Facilities		307,007		300,805		438,444		137,639	46%
652 County Shop		500,204		590,286		573,631		(16,655)	-3%
653 Fuel Revolving		428,053		410,563		437,660		27,097	7%
_		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-	
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		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-	
		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	2,295,538	\$	2,553,001	\$	2,534,748	\$	(18,253)	-1%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

- 1.5 % matrix adjustment.
- Reduction of .50 FTE due to Library not using County Maintenance.

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

- Equipment purchases.
- Energy Efficiency Upgrades

Transfers

• None.

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Buildings Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00
Maintenance Technician	5.00	4.00	4.00
Maintenance Worker	1.00	0.85	0.49
Maintenance Worker/laborer	4.60	4.26	4.27
Shop Manager	1.00	1.00	1.00
Mechanic	2.50	2.50	2.50
Maintenance Cleaner	0.10	0.10	0.10
Seasonal Worker	0.06	0.06	0.06
Total	15.26	13.77	13.42

NOXIOUS WEED DISTRICT

Program Description

The Noxious Weed District operates under an 8-person Board of Directors who is appointed by the County Commission. The Board hires a Noxious Weed Coordinator, under the direction of the Public Works Department, who is responsible for the implementation of the Lewis & Clark County's Weed Management Plan to manage weeds that have been identified and designated as Noxious Weeds within Lewis & Clark County. Activities of department include roadside spraying, revegetation, biocontrol releases, contracts and agreements with County, State, Federal and private landowners, as well as education and compliance programs for complaints, subdivisions, timber harvest and open pit mines.

The Board and its Coordinator/Department Head have identified essential components of a successful county noxious weed management department. These components are:

- <u>Annual Treatment</u> A management program of annual noxious weed treatment on County properties and rights-of-way.
- <u>Complete Contracts</u> Performs management methods for county, state, federal and private agencies unable to handle projects internally, i.e., DSL, MRL, BNSF, US FW&P, MT FW&P, US FS, US BOR, US BLM, public works, aeronautics, landfills, open space, etc.
- <u>An Educational Program</u> An educational program to provide information and assistance to county residents regarding noxious weed management on their property.
- <u>A Compliance/Enforcement Program</u> An enforcement program to contact private and public landowners
 regarding uncontrolled noxious weed infestations on their property and their compliance to the state and
 county noxious weed laws.
- <u>Coordinate</u> Noxious weed management projects with county, state, federal and private parties.
- <u>A Rental Program</u> To ensure safe and properly maintained spray rental equipment is available to the residents of Lewis and Clark County for noxious weed management.
- <u>Properly Trained Staff</u> Limiting exposure and liability to the county.
- Leader in Safety Ensuring safe, well maintained equipment and workplace for employees and public.
- <u>Prevention</u> Saving the taxpayer potential expense in the future by early detection of new noxious weed invaders and infestations.

NOXIOUS WEED DISTRICT

Goals & Objectives

- Act as a coordinating agency for noxious weed management in Lewis & Clark County with Federal, State, County, City, towns local agencies and the public.
- Provide quality education/compliance and assistance to the residents of Lewis & Clark County.
- Manage noxious weeds on all county property by completing all spray or biological applications and mowing.
- Follow state and county noxious weed laws.
- Implement PROACTIVE program to increase public awareness and on the ground management of noxious weeds with large and small acreage landowners, subdivision developers, compliance/non-compliance landowners and timber harvest landowners.
- Implement PROACTIVE program to increase developer's awareness of soil disturbance, its role in creating noxious weed infestations and the need for weed management action.
- Implement PROACTIVE program to increase public compliance with noxious weed law.
- Establish processing and funding mechanism for effective, cost efficient subdivision reviews and follow-up.
- Complete all contracts with local agencies, county, state, federal and private individuals.
- Enhance revegetation program to reduce noxious weed infestations or introduction of such.
- Release any available biocontrol agents, evaluate and monitor existing sites.
- Provide quality customer service.
- Provide noxious weed education for staff and public.
- Operate all functions within the budget.
- Promote and inspect for noxious weed seed free forages, subdivision, timber harvests and open pit mines.
- Promote grant and community project efforts to manage noxious weeds.
- Comply with statewide management plan by updating County's management plan every two years.

NOXIOUS WEED DISTRICT

Financial Summary

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	ncrease ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ 164,896	\$ 181,049	\$ 203,013	\$ 21,964	12%
Operating Expenditures	122,263	130,623	140,942	10,319	8%
Internal Charges	19,752	21,099	21,517	418	2%
Debt Service				-	
Transfers Out	50,000	50,000	50,000	-	0%
Capital Outlay	-	-	37,100	37,100	
Total	\$ 356,911	\$ 382,771	\$ 452,572	\$ 69,801	18%

Funding Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund 297 Noxious Weed Trust Grant	\$ 320,067 24,304	\$ 339,089 43,682	\$ 385,472 30,000	\$ 46,383 (13,682)	14% -31%
298 Bucksnort Grant 550 Capital Development Fund	- 12,540	-	- 37,100	- 37,100	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 356,911	\$ 382,771	\$ 452,572	\$ 69,801	18%

NOXIOUS WEED DISTRICT

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

• Replace ATV's.

Transfers

• Transfers to Capital Development Fund for future replacement of capital assets.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Weed Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Administrative Clerk	0.50	0.50	0.50
Maintenance Worker	0.00	0.04	0.04
Seasonal Administrative Clerk	0.28	0.28	0.28
Seasonal Weed Planner	0.00	0.41	0.41
Seasonal Weed Sprayers	2.11	2.52	2.54
Total	3.89	4.75	4.77

Program Description

The Forestvale Cemetery District provides cemetery services. Property owners in School District Number 1, outside the City limits of Helena, contribute to the maintenance and operations of the cemetery through a mill levy. The cemetery consists of 148.14 acres. The district is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Lewis & Clark County Commissioners. The district provides for the maintenance and operation of the cemetery and for the care of its buildings and equipment. Lot sales and burial fees are also contributed to the operation of the cemetery.

Goals & Objectives

- To maintain and operate a cemetery that the residents of Lewis and Clark County can be proud of.
- To continue to plan for and implement improvements.
- To maintain the historical nature of the cemetery.
- To provide professional, courteous assistance to customers of the cemetery.
- To continue to utilize resources in the most efficient manner possible.
- To provide alternative means for burials, such as above ground columbariums.

FORESTVALE CEMETERY

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Dana ang l Dana isang	۴	400.047	¢	470 400	¢	040.004	¢	04.475	100/
Personal Services	\$	163,047	\$	176,429	\$	210,604	\$	34,175	19%
Operating Expenditures		91,276		55,555		269,970		214,415	386%
Internal Charges		24,164		22,120		21,398		(722)	-3%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		165,000		116,484		80,000		(36,484)	-31%
Capital Outlay		-		25,775		109,430		83,655	325%
Total	\$	443,487	\$	396,363	\$	691,402	\$	295,039	74%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	
224 Forestvale		402,138	362,588	380,512	17,924	5%
550 Capital Development		41,350	33,775	310,890	277,115	820%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
Tota	I\$	443,488	\$ 396,363	\$ 691,402	\$ 295,039	74%

FORESTVALE CEMETERY

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases.

Capital Outlay

- Replacement Mower.
- Replace truck.
- Entrance -3rd phase and completion.
- Shop addition.

Transfers

• Transfers to Capital Development Fund for future replacement of capital assets.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Cemetery Sexton	1.00	1.00	1.00
Groundskeeper	1.00	1.00	1.00
Laborer	1.00	1.00	1.00
Seasonal Maintenance	1.74	1.74	1.74
Total	4.74	4.74	4.74

PUBLIC HEALTH

Program Description

Cooney Home is responsible for providing a safe, nurturing, home-like environment to the elderly in the community, when they are no longer able to stay in their home. It is the goal of the facility to provide the highest quality of health care to area residents who need special care outside of the hospital setting.

On June 1, 2012, The County sold the Cooney Home to Apple Rehab Inc. Apple Rehab is a national company specializing in the operation of nursing homes.

PUBLIC HEALTH

COONEY HOME

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	
Operating Expenditures	154,976	8,624	-	(8,624)	-100%
Internal Charges	26,037	-	-	-	
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 181,013	\$ 8,624	\$ -	\$ (8,624)	-100%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	ncrease ecrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
245 Cooney Home Memorial	-	-	-	-	
246 Cooney Home Activity	-	-	-	-	
601 Cooney Convalescent Ent	181,013	8,624	-	(8,624)	-100%
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-			_	
	-	-	_	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 181,013	\$ 8,624	\$ -	\$ (8,624)	-100%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

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Operating Expenditures

• Closure and wrap up off accounts receivable will conclude in FY15.

Capital Outlay

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Transfers

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Program Description

Health Mill funds are levied through tax bills to promote public health in our community. Currently the Health Mill is used to support overall public health infrastructure for the operations of the Public Health Department. Specific uses include support of communicable disease control, community nursing services to underserved and rural populations, environmental health concerns related to air and water quality, and education and data collection that support the ten essential public health services. Mill Funds are essential to support administrative staffing of the Health Department.

The ten essential public health services are:

- 1. Monitor health status to identify community health problems.
- 2. Diagnose and investigate health problems and health hazards in the community.
- 3. Inform, educate, and empower people about health issues.
- 4. Mobilize community partnerships to identify and solve health problems.
- 5. Develop policies and plans that support individual and community health efforts.
- 6. Enforce laws and regulations that protect health and ensure safety.
- 7. Link people to needed personal health services and assure the provision of health care when otherwise unavailable.
- 8. Assure a competent public health and personal health care workforce.
- 9. Evaluate effectiveness, accessibility, and quality of personal and population-based health services.
- 10. Research for new insights and innovative solutions to health problems.

Goals & Objectives

Strengthen the organizational capacity of the health department to address public health issues in our communities throughout Lewis & Clark County.

- Enhance the Health Department's visibility and image in the community.
- Develop, reward and retain a highly effective, well-trained staff at the Health Department.
- Develop a multi-year community health plan.

Prevent and reduce the prevalence of chronic and infectious diseases and injuries.

- Address the key risk factors of chronic diseases through development and promotion of local policies and programs.
- Identify and monitor known and emerging infectious disease threats and barriers in and around Lewis & Clark County.

Assure a healthy and safe built and natural environment for all.

 Identify, monitor, and prevent potential routes of human exposure to toxic and/or hazardous chemicals and substances that may be found in water, air, or soils or in human-built environments, and work within existing systems/programs to remediate the problem.

PUBLIC HEALTH

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	305,125	\$ 331,279	\$ 328,789	\$ (2,490)	-1%
Operating Expenditures		31,446	54,802	69,188	14,386	26%
Internal Charges		81,730	244,236	220,852	(23,384)	-10%
Debt Service		-	-	-	-	
Transfers Out		26	112,992	120,593	7,601	7%
Capital Outlay					-	
Tota	l \$	418,327	\$ 743,309	\$ 739,422	\$ (3,887)	-1%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budge FY201		Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
County Health 227		\$ 418,327	\$ 743,309	\$ 739,42	22 \$	\$ (3,887)	-1%
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
						-	
	Total	\$ 418,327	\$ 743,309	\$ 739,42	22 \$	\$ (3,887)	-1%

PUBLIC HEALTH

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

- Inflationary expenses.
- FY 14 includes a new administrative fee structure.

Capital Outlay

• None.

Transfers

• Transfers to capital fund for. Savings for new building.

Title	Actual	Actual	Adopted
	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015
Accounting Technician	0.75	1.00	1.00
Comm/Special Projects Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Community Health Specialist	0.00	0.00	0.00
Finance Coordinator	0.47	0.50	0.50
Front Desk Coordinator	0.10	0.00	0.00
Health Officer	1.00	1.00	0.98
Secretary/Receptionist	0.35	0.10	0.00
Temporary Administrative Clerk	0.00	0.00	0.00
Senior Administrative Assistant	0.95	1.00	1.00
Total	4.62	4.60	4.48

Staffing Summary

Performance Measures & Workload Indicators

Performance Measures

Measure	Actual FY2011	Actual FY2012	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Proposed FY2015
1 Complete performance appraisals on 100% of health department	Yes	High	High	High	Yes
employees.		Partial	Partial	Partial	
		Low			
2 Complete the Community Health Improvement Plan	N/A	Partial	No	Yes	Yes
3 The Health Department website will be maintained to be more	N/A	High	High	Yes	Yes
customer focused, with ease of navigation & in plain language.		Partial	Partial		
4 Implement a customer service training for all Health Department	N/A	N/A	No	Low	Yes
employees.				Partial	
5 100% of WI/PM data is collected and reported to the Board of Health	Yes	High	Low	Yes	Yes
and the County Commissioners quarterly.		Partial	Partial		
6 The Board of Health will complete a strategic plan.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
7 Work with County Planning to develop coordinated procedures and	N/A	N/A	Low	Yes	Yes
guidelines.			Partial		
8 Board of Health will complete a review and revision of On-Site	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Wastewater Treatment regulations.					
9 Complete onsite and subdivision applications within the allotted time	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
frame.					
10 Investigate all reported non-emergency violations of the onsite	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
wastewater regulations within two weeks.					
11 Investigate all reported emergency violations of the onsite wastewater	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
regulations within one business day.					
12 Percent of enforcement actions taken that are resolved.	High	High	High	75%	100%
	Partial	Partial	Partial		
13 Make low cost immunizations easily accessible for all ages.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
14 Review and revise community decay ordinance.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Low	Yes
15 Ensure completion of teratment for all active cases of Tuberculosis	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
(TB).					
16 Ensure medical evaluation of all individuals with positive TB skin tests	. Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
17 Repsond ot animal bites within 3 calendar days.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
18 Provide one Animal Control media submission annually.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Low	Yes

These measures are evaluated based on the following scale:

Yes: Greater than 75% of the activity described within the question is met.

High Partially: Greater than 50% but no more than 75% of the activity described within the question is met.

Low Partially: Greater than 25% but no more than 50% of the activity described within the question is met.

No: No more than 25% of the activity described within the question is met.

Workload Indicators

Indicator	Actual FY2011	Actual FY2012	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Proposed FY2015
1 Media hits.	366	287	668	272	500
2 Performance appraisals completed.	20	25	17	28	45
3 Site evaluation requests received.	108	184	151	148	170
4 Permits issued.	149	249	290	240	200
5 Variances requested.	10	8	8	7	12
6 Notices of violation to the ordinance.	36	38	1	23	0
7 Sites requiring groundwater monitoring.	8	13	19	19	5
8 Number of subdivision lots reviewed.	56	74	36	162	50
9 Number of identified community decay sites.	32	16	3	23	5
10 Number of community deday enforcement actions	32	27	3	10	5
11 Number of immunizations except influenza.	6,531	5,995	3,560	2,922	3,175
12 Number of influenza vaccines administered.	N/A	N/A	2,685	2,422	2,500
13 Number of immunization records assessed at child care centers	N/A	N/A	1,367	1,153	1,300
14 Number of WIC participant children's immunization records assessed	N/A	N/A	N/A	237	300
15 Number of under immunized WIC participant children identified.	N/A	N/A	N/A	65	90
16 Number of under immunized children identified at child care centers.	N/A	N/A	N/A	23	0
17 Number of people receiving immunization clinic services.	5,207	4,532	4,612	4,076	4,500
18 Number of communicable disease investigations.	535	497	535	472	700
19 Number of Tuberculosis (TB) screening tests administered.	545	717	596	565	600
20 Number of clients with TB infection of disease.	0	3	0	2	0
21 Number of animal bites investigated in the County.	52	30	20	45	40
22 Number of bat-human interactions investigated.	2	5	4	27	5
23 Number of Animal Control media hits.	3	1	1	10	4

Program Description

Tobacco Use Prevention

The Lewis & Clark County Tobacco Use Prevention Program is funded through grants from the Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services and the Centers for Disease Control (CDC). The program provides services to both Lewis & Clark and Broadwater Counties. The primary goals of the program are to reduce tobacco use by youth, promote cessation among adults and youth, and reduce exposure to environmental tobacco smoke. The program also works with the Youth Connections Coalition to provide media literacy education in the schools and in after school venues as part of a comprehensive prevention strategy for youth.

Breast & Cervical Health Program

The Breast and Cervical Health Program is funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention and administered by the State Department of Public Health and Human Services. The program's purpose is to make screening and education available for breast and cervical cancer to low-income women who lack health insurance.

Women, Infants, & Children (WIC) Program

The Special Supplemental Nutrition program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) presently serves about 1,100 women and children up to age five each month. WIC provides nutrition and breast feeding assessment and counseling, primary prevention of nutrition related health problems, referrals to community services, and basic supplemental foods.

Home Visiting Program

The Home Visiting Program has five funding sources that are all aimed at providing support services through home visits for pregnant women, children and families. Program goals include: improved pregnancy health outcomes for both mother and child; prevention of child abuse; family preservation and reunification; education and advocacy for parents of children 0-5 years, and promotion of optimal child development. The program also houses the Fetal, Infant, Child Mortality Review (FICMR), and the Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorder (FASD) prevention program which specifically targets women at risk of abusing alcohol during pregnancy.

Home & Community Based Services

Case Management is a component of the State Home and Community Based Services Medicaid Waiver Program, which is designed to offer an option to nursing home placement for elderly and disabled people. A registered nurse/social worker team coordinates the care in order to maximize the independence of the recipient. The team can serve a maximum of 99 clients at a time. Each client must be eligible for Medicaid and need a level of care equal to that provided by a nursing facility. The Case Management Team assesses, plans, implements, and monitors an array of home care services for its clients while staying within an annual budget less than or equal to the cost of a nursing facility. There is currently a waiting list of 46.

Ryan White Title III is provided through a contract with the Partnership Health Center in Missoula for the purpose of assuring that individuals living with HIV/AIDS are receiving quality primary care regardless of ability to pay. Seven cases are currently open.

Ryan White Title II is provided through a contract with the Montana Department of Public Health and Human Services for the purpose of assuring that individuals living with HIV/AIDS are receiving comprehensive outpatient and support services regardless of their ability to pay.

PUBLIC HEALTH

COMMUNITY HEALTH PROMOTION

Goals & Objectives

Tobacco Use Prevention

- Fulfill requirements of contracted workplan from state program.
- Work with community groups to expand media literacy education integration to elementary schools and the public library. Program integration has already occurred in middle and high schools.
- Create a strategic plan to implement smoke-free/tobacco-free parks in Lewis & Clark County.
- Seek funding to expand media literacy and prevention work.

Breast & Cervical Health Program

- Increase the number of at-risk women served by the Breast and Cervical Health Program.
- Increase outreach to rural communities in the four-county service area.
- Continue to seek funding opportunities to expand the capacity of the Breast & Cervical Health Program.

Women, Infants, & Children (WIC) Program

- Maintain current participant numbers and continue to add new participants to the WIC program.
- Provide quality nutrition education and client services efficiently.
- Conduct a strategic planning process to review flow and functions of WIC process and staff.
- Implement process to bill separately for additional nutritional counseling services.

Home Visiting Program

- Integrate new database system to track services and outcomes
- Based on evaluation data, complete strategic planning process and implement program changes
- Increase billable time for Targeted Case Management and Partnership clients.
- Increase numbers of pregnant women served.

Home & Community Based Services

- Assist eligible recipients to live as independently as possible in a community setting
- Follow the principles of practice for HIV/AIDS care.
- Assist recipients in obtaining outpatient and support services utilizing a variety of funding sources.

COMMUNITY HEALTH PROMOTION

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015	(D	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
	<u>^</u>		•		<u>^</u>		•		
Personal Services	\$	361,996	\$	366,317	\$	392,750	\$	26,433	7%
Operating Expenditures		212,552		111,566		224,858		113,292	102%
Internal Charges		61,898		44,564		54,306		9,742	22%
Debt Service								-	
Transfers Out		52,612		59,600		44,033		(15,567)	-26%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	689.058	\$	582,047	\$	715.947	\$	133.900	23%
i otal	=		-		7		=		2070

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
150 Safe Schools	140,747	159,293	90,841	\$ (68,452)	-43%
160-Asthma Home Visiting	21,051	21,475	35,595	\$ 14,120	66%
174 Comp Cancer Control Prog	117,753	120,661	134,563	\$ 13,902	12%
185 Community Transformation	68,938	55,478	10,463	\$ (45,015)	-81%
180 MIECHV Grant	150,786	84,905	207,890	\$ 122,985	145%
183 MT Napa Obesity Prev	37,084	7,988	-	\$ (7,988)	-100%
197 Safe Care	-	-	104,273	\$ 104,273	
227 County Health	139,202	132,247	132,322	75	0%
550 Capital Development	13,497	-	-	-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
Total	\$ 689,058	\$ 582,047	\$ 715,947	\$ 174,330	30%

PUBLIC HEALTH

COMMUNITY HEALTH PROMOTION

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Increase due to Safe Care Grant in FY15

Capital Outlay

• None.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Administrative Assistant	0.43	0.43	0.35
Administrative Clerk			
Health Educator	1.00	1.00	1.12
Community Health Promotion Division Manager	1.00	1.00	0.90
Public Health Nurse	0.20	0.20	
Prevention Program Manager	0.50	0.50	0.50
Environmental health specialist	0.15	0.15	
Case Manager-Nurse	1.65	2.15	1.80
Case Manager-Social w ork	0.20	0.20	0.50
Home Visiting Manager	0.20	0.20	
Home Visiting Case Manager	0.05	0.05	
Total	5.38	5.88	5.17

Performance Measures

Performance Measures

	A		A		D
Measure	Actual FY2011	Actual FY2012	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Proposed FY2015
Comprehensive Cancer Control					
 Maintain the Comprehensive Cancer Control Coalition with Tobacco Prevention and Obesity Prevention programs to serve a 4-county area. 	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2 Provide outreach visits, public, and professional education programs aimed at improving cancer screening in all population in the 4-county area.	HP	Yes	HP	Yes	Yes
3 Proactively feed stories/articles to the local media (TV, print, & radio).	N/A	Yes	HP	Yes	Yes
4 Identify 2 organizations or systems to partner with to achieve increased screening rates in the general population; focusing on people aged 50- 75, with insurance.	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
5 Provide reminder letters and follow-up calls to all people enrolled in the program to ensure access to screening services.	N/A	N/A	LP	Yes	Yes
Tobacco Use Prevention					
 With Youth Connections, track district level data on youth tobacco use. 	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2 Increase calls to the Montana Quit Line in our service area.	No	Yes	HP	Yes	Yes
3 Develop educational and policy-based interventions to be implemented at the community level.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
4 Work with community partners to decrease use of tobacco during pregnancy.	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Built Environment					
 Develop and implement a community-based workplan/projects to increase opportunities for physical activity. (e.g. newsletters) 	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
2 Increase the number of formal practices, procedures, and policies wich include Complete Street standards.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes
Home Visiting Program					
1 All staff keep records current on a weekly basis.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
3 Increase healthy weight, full term births to clients on the current caseload.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
 5 Meet set productivity rate goals for billable time. 6 Improved referrals system from other programs and agencies. 	LP Yes	Yes HP	Yes No	Yes Yes	Yes Yes
5 Full implementation of the Nurse Family Partnerships program serving 1st time, high-risk pregnant women.	N/A	N/A	N/A	HP	Yes

Performance Measures

Performance Measures

Measure Actual P2011 Actual P2012 Actual P2013 Actual P2014 Actual P2015 FICMR (Fetal, Infant, Child Mortality Review) 100% of infant and child deaths are reviewed for preventability. Yes Yes<	Performance Measures					-
1 100% of infant and child deaths are reviewed for yes	Measure	Actual FY2011	Actual FY2012	Actual FY2013		
1 100% of infant and child deaths are reviewed for yes	FICMR (Fetal, Infant, Child Mortality Review)					
Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) Program 1 Meticontract goals for services provided and program accountability as evidence by a Tier 1 rating on the State Mohitoring. Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
1 Meet contract goals for services provided and yes	preventability.					
program accountability as evidence by a Tier 1 rating on the State Monitoring.2 Increase the number of participants served.Yes<	Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) Program					
rating on the State Monitoring. 2 Increase the number of participants served. Yes Yes LP Yes Yes Yes Yes and filter of at least 300 Yes	1 Meet contract goals for services provided and	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
2 Increase the number of participants served. Yes Y						
 3 Maintain an efficiency rate of at least 300 Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Participants per month per FTE. 4 Maintain nutritional services program & refer all N/A N/A Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes increase collaboration & communication between health providers & community and increase education & outrreach about berastfeeding & health. 6 Improve referral process between WIC home N/A N/A Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes referral. 7 Contact referred participants within 5 days of Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes referral. 9 Peritore a surfach about between the auth providers & community and increase education & outreach about berastfeeding & health. 6 Improve referral process between WIC home N/A N/A Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes referral. 9 Perform a home assessment within 60 days of Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes placement on the waiting list and provide updates every three months to all individuals on the waiting list. 3 Provide complimentary case management N/A N/A N/A N/A Yes Yes and options for services in the community while they are waiting to be enrolled. 4 The Case Management Team will have a face-to-face meeting with 100% of individuals to revew the individual's plan of care a minimum of two times per year. 5 Sucessfully implement new electronic data base N/A N/A N/A N/A Yes Yes yes revers yete were write community partners bimonthly to N/A N/A N/A N/A Yes Yes yes revew services and elicit information regarding provision of services to torsurers. Fyan White Part C 1 Assure the availability of primary medical, dental care, and mental health care to 100% uninsured consumers. Paet white Part B 1 Provide case management to both insured and yes Y	5	Vee	Vee		Vee	Vee
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		res	res	N/A	res	res
	program accountability to maintain funding.					

Workload Indicators

Workload Indicators

Vorkload Indicators						
Indicator		Actual FY2011	Actual FY2012	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Proposed FY2015
Comprehnsive Cancer Control						
1 Number of outreach visits to outlying		8	11	16	20	16
communities in the four-county servi	ce area.					
2 Number of media hits (articles,tv,rad	lio)	8	4	16	10	4
3 Number of educational/policy partne	rships	3	11	12	16	4
formed with organizations or system	S.					
4 Number of people screened for brea		402	287	293	200	300
cervical cancer through the program						
5 Number of people screened for colo		50	29	35	36	40
through the program.						
6 Number of people served through co	ommunity	49	36	22	13	20
funding.						
Tobacco Use Prevention						
1 Number of youth media literacy/activ	ism events					
held.						
Lewis & Clark County		16	4	8	11	6
Broadwater County		6	3	6	9	4
2 Number of calls to Quit Line for						
Lewis & Clark County		736	384	447	303	250
Broadwater County		43	31	21	21	25
3 Number of community education eve	ents.					
Lewis & Clark County		21	10	19	15	10
Broadwater County		6	5	7	6	8
4 Number of media hits.		0	0		0	Ū
Lewis & Clark County		51	34	54	61	30
Broadwater County		49	25	23	27	30
5 Number of complaints about lack of	aamalianaa	49	25	23	21	30
-	compliance					
with Montana Clean Indoor Air Act.		0	-	0	0	0
Lewis & Clark County		9	5	9	2	0
Broadwater County		0	0	0	1	0
6 Number of contacts/educational visit		N/A	14	17	19	15
providers to decrease tobacco use c pregnancy	luring					
Built Environment						
	ara ta	N1/A	NI/A	N1/A	100	20
1 Number of meetings with stakeholde		N/A	N/A	N/A	126	30
develop and implement a work plan						
public health/physical activity through						
enviornment/parks & recreation polic						
2 Number of media hits on physical ac	ctivity and	N/A	N/A	N/A	13	10
active transportation.						
3 Number of community-wide events r	elated to	N/A	N/A	N/A	11	
promotion of physical activity/active						4
transportation.						
Home Visiting Program						
1 Average caseload per FTE.		51	51	63	47	50
2 Number of unduplicated clients serv	ed bv	986	964	641	545	300
programs.				- · ·		
3 Average billable time rates.		32%	32%	21%	37%	35%
4 Number of referrals from other progr	ams and	682	581	479	460	260
agencies.		502	001	-13	400	200
5 Number of visits counted.		3 1 1 4	2 694	1 794	1,072	1,600
		3,144 N/A	2,684	1,784 N/A	,	-
6 Number of high risk pregnant wome		N/A	N/A	N/A	89	45
tobacco cessation program.		N1/A	N1/A	N1/A	07	
7 Number of 1st time high risk pregna		N/A	N/A	N/A	27	
enrolled in Nurse Family Partnership	os by 28					
weeks gestation.						
8 Number of clients on the Asthma Ho	me Visiting	N/A	N/A	N/A	13	
caseload.						

Workload Indicators

Workload Indicators

Indicator	Actual FY2011	Actual FY2012	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Proposed FY2015
FICMR (Fetal, Infant, Child Mortality Review)					
1 Number of meetings with FICMR team to review	1	2	2	1	2
preventability of reported infant and child deaths.					
2 Number of deaths					
Fetal	2	0	6	2	0
Infant	5	1	3	2	0
Child	2	1	4	0	0
Women, Infants, & Children (WIC) Program					
1 Average monthly number of participants.	1,172	1,118	1,097	1,031	1,200
2 Number of participants per FTE per month.	318	329	360	397	300
3 Number of hours/week of billable Nutrition	4	2	3	2	8
Services appointments scheduled for high-risk participants.					
4 Percentage of WIC clients initiating	N/A	N/A	N/A	22%	50%
breastfeeding at birth and continuing at 6 months.					
5 Number of referrals to home visiting.	N/A	N/A	N/A	234	120
6 Percent of kept appointments.	N/A	N/A	N/A	61%	80%
Medicaid Waiver Case Management					
1 Average monthly number of consumers.	107	110	120	126	120
2 Number of referrals.	95	102	180	151	40
3 Average monthly number on the waiting list.	24	9	42	44	0
Ryan White Part C					
1 Number of HIV+ uninsured clients receiving case management services.	20	22	20	9	20
Ryan White Part B					
1 Number of HIV+ uninsuredclients on the	20	22	16	17	20
program.					
2 Number of hours of case management per quarter.	150	160	N/A	239	40

Program Description

Junk Vehicle Program

The Montana Department of Environmental Quality has an agreement with Lewis & Clark City-County Health Department for the administration of the Junk Vehicle Program. Sanitarians enforce the state law, which requires vehicles that are unlicensed, substantially wrecked and inoperable to be removed, shielded from public view, or licensed. Approximately 240 vehicles are hauled to the junk vehicle graveyard each year as a free service under this program. This program is also responsible for the annual inspections of the licensed vehicle wrecking facilities, as well as complaints regarding unlicensed facilities.

Subdivision Review

The Montana Department of Environmental Quality has a contract with the City-County Health Department for review of all minor subdivisions proposed in the county. This review is coordinated with the on-site wastewater treatment program. The state reimburses the county for this review.

Outdoor Air Quality/Air Pollution Control

The Montana Department of Environmental Quality has a contract with Lewis & Clark City-County Health Department to monitor and control air quality. Air quality monitors are located at Lincoln and Rossiter schools in Helena. Monitors run every third day through out the year. Sanitarians also enforce the Outdoor Clean Air Ordinance with this contract. This ordinance controls the types of fuels that can be burned, the opacity or density of the smoke emanating from chimneys and the restriction of burning on poor air quality days between November 1 and March 1.

Animal Control

The Animal Control Program includes an Animal Control Officer who enforces the Lewis & Clark County Dog Control Ordinance and investigates animal bites for the prevention of rabies. The county also contributes to the operation of the Humane Society shelter with this fund. Some reimbursement for this program is received from the sale of dog licenses and the payment of fines for violations of the ordinance.

Lead Education and Abatement Program

The East Helena Lead Education and Abatement Program is funded by an ASARCO grant. The goal of the program is to provide lead education to the community, to provide blood lead screening and to act as an advocate for local residents regarding lead related issues. ASARCO will continue to fund this program.

Community Decay

The Community Decay program identifies and investigates written complaints about public nuisances created by the accumulation of debris, junk, rubble or refuse that result in conditions that are injurious to health, or obstruct the free use of property, or interfere with the comfortable enjoyment of life or property.

Water Quality Protection District

The Water Quality Protection District was created in July 1992 to preserve, protect and improve water quality within district boundaries. The district includes all of Lewis & Clark County; however, the fee-assessed area includes the areas that recharge the Helena Valley alluvial aquifer, including Helena, East Helena, and the surrounding drainages within County borders.

Prickly Pear-Lake Helena Project

The Project goal is to begin the implementation of the Water Quality Restoration Plan and TMDLs for the Lake Helena Watershed. The grant funding of this project will support several tasks and objectives including funding a 1/4 FTE for two years to assist the watershed groups with their activities and continue to provide coordination and project development services by the Water Quality District. The project incorporates education and outreach activities to the community including assistance with transportation costs for busing the kids for field trips to the streams for our Water

Lewis & Clark County

Watchers Program. Also funded are efforts to begin planning and outreach necessary to implement a septic system maintenance program within the watershed.

Goals & Objectives

Junk Vehicle Program

- Maintain a fiscally responsible budget.
- Continue to fund Capital Savings for future improvements.
- Increase the number of vehicles removed.
- Reduce the number of open active complaints.
- Continue to inform the public of free pickup and removal of junk vehicles through advertising in local media.
- Continued employee development and training.

Subdivision Review

- Provide timely and accurate review of all subdivision applications.
- Verify information submitted in proposals to ensure accurate placement of wells and wastewater systems.

Outdoor Air Quality/Air Pollution Control

- Maintain Class II airshed status by avoiding exceedances of EPA air quality standards.
- Protect public health through an updated and effective air quality ordinance.
- Provide public education of outdoor air quality.
- Provide public education on living with wildfire smoke.
- Provide continuous monitoring of air quality within the airshed.

Animal Control

- Reduce the number of at-large dogs.
- Reduce the number of negative human-animal encounters and animal bites.
- Reduce the incidence of rabies exposure by encouraging consistent vaccination of all household pets.

Lead Education and Abatement Program

- Provide lead education to the community.
- Provide blood lead screening.
- Act as an advocate for local residents regarding lead related issues.

Community Decay

- Reduce visible solid waste in the County.
- Reduce potential habitat for vermin and vectors.

Water Quality Protection District

• To protect, preserve and improve water quality within District boundaries.

Prickly Pear-Lake Helena Project

• Facilitate the implementation of the Water Quality Restoration Plan and TMDL in the Lake Helena Watershed.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
	•		•		•		•		
Personal Services	\$	933,141	\$	934,561	\$	1,076,046	\$	141,485	15%
Operating Expenditures		607,371		224,580		255,766		31,186	14%
Internal Charges		170,490		115,410		118,179		2,769	2%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		61,956		77,597		69,082		(8,515)	-11%
Capital Outlay		49,160		-		-		-	
Total	\$	1,822,118	\$	1,352,148	\$	1,519,073	\$	166,925	12%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
101 Tenmile Water Quality	-	-	-	\$ -	
102 Aasarco Grant	194,271	184,282	212,856	28,574	16%
104 Junk Vehicle Program	83,384	78,635	87,072	8,437	11%
107 Lic Establishment Inspect	254,293	252,768	274,618	21,850	9%
108 Subdivision Review	-	-	-	-	
121 Helena valley nonpoint sour	22,117	47,416	8,150	(39,266)	-83%
122 Helena area groundw ater	13,889	-	-	-	
123 EPHTP Comm Needs Assmt	33,093	26,709	37,576	10,867	41%
124 Public Water Supply Insp	-	-	-	-	
125 Lake Helena Water	-	-	-	-	
126 Targeted Watershed Grant	347,811	-	-	-	
186 EPA Air Quality	115,241	74,613	47,297	(27,316)	-37%
203 Water Quality District	299,351	317,055	356,408	39,353	12%
227 County Health	241,784	238,184	296,686	58,502	25%
247 Community Decay	15,675	-	-	-	
251-Septic Maintenance	71,331	72,199	92,321	20,122	28%
302 Brownsfield Assmt Grant	129,878	60,287	106,089	45,802	76%
				-	
				-	
				-	
Total \$	1,822,118	\$ 1,352,148 \$	5 1,519,073	\$ 166,925	12%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary Increases.

Capital Outlay

• None.

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Administrative Assistant	0.19	0.14	0.2
Senior Administrative Assistant	0.00	0.00	
Administrative Secretary Community Health Specialist	1.00	1.00	1
Environmental Health Specialist	5.86	5.66	6.06
Environmental Health Supervisor	1.75	1.60	1.7
Finance Coordinator	0.04	0.00	0.01
Equipment Operator	0.25	0.05	0.05
Water Quality District Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1
Water Quality Manager	1.00	1.00	1
Water Quality Outreach Coordinate	0.60	0.35	1.35
Water Quality Outreach/Watershee	0.75	1.00	0
Administrative Clerk		0.50	0.5
Hydrologist	1.00	1.00	1
Health Officer	0.00	0.00	0.02
Total	13.44	13.30	13.89

Staffing Summary

Performance Measures

Performance Measures

renormance measures					_	
Measure	Actual FY2011	Actual FY2012	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Proposed FY2015	
Junk Vehicle						
1 Accurate and timely fiscal report approved by DEQ.	Yes	Yes	High Partial	Yes	Yes	
2 Percentage of requested junk vehicle removals completed.	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
3 Percentage of complaints resolved.	85%	High Partial	75%	100%	100%	
Outdoor Air Quality/Air Pollution Control						
1 Maintain a DEQ acceptance rate of greater than 90% on air monitoring activities and filters submitted.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
2 Implement PM Advance program.	N/A	N/A	N/A	High Partial	Yes	
3 Develop and education campaign to increase understanding of outdoor air quality issues.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Low Partial	Yes	
Lake Helena Water Shed Project						
1 Water projects completed.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Low Partial	Yes	
2 Four watershed group meetings conducted.	N/A	N/A	High Partial	High Partial	Yes	
3 Conduct one seminar/workshop/festival per year.	N/A	N/A	N/A	High Partial	Yes	
Helena Valley Non-point Source Assessment						
1 Complete sampling & analysis program.	N/A	N/A	N/A	High Partial		
2 Develop BMP guidance document.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Low Partial		
3 Project presentation to two groups.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes		
Lead Education & Abatement Program						
1 Meet goals set for public education outlined in the East Helena Institutional Control Plan.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	
2 Implement Soil Regulation.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	
3 Produce Institutional Control Plan.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	
4 Maintain Institutional Control Plan.5 Implement on-line soils database.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	
	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	
Water Quality Protection District						
1 Prepare and distrubute the State of the Basin Report.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Low Partial	Yes	
2 Complete strategic planning with the WQPD Board of Directors.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes	
3 Update Water Quality District website bimonthly.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Septic Maintenance Program						
1 Maintain Certified Inspector program	N/A	N/A	N/A		Yes	
2 Meet goals for public education.	N/A	Yes	Yes		Yes	

Workload Indicators

Workload Indicators

Norkioad indicators								
Measure	Actu			Actual				Proposed
	FY20	11	FY20	12	FY20	13	FY2014	FY2015
Junk Vehicle								
1 Number of enforcement actions resolve	d 0		0		1		2	5
2 Number of junk vehicles transported	64		14		9		4	20
3 Number of media hits.	4		5		0		23	3
4 Number of complaints resolved	33		16		16		10	15
Outdoor Air Quality/Air Pollution Control								
1 Number of air quality complaints receive	ed 6	_	14	_	16	_	9	5
2 Number of media hits about air quality.	5		14		16		18	10
3 Number of public education contacts ec	lucation 4		17		17		6	10
presentations.								
4 Number of air quality days.								
Good Days	347		354		280		354	365
Watch Days	13		9		41		11	0
Poor Days	5		3		13		3	0
Lead Education & Abatement Program								
1 Blood Lead Screening	3		100		49		5	50
2 Enviornomental Assessments	18		20		9		7	10
3 Soil Permits	N/A		N/A		N/A		42	75
4 Number of Lead Advisory/City Council m attended.	neetings 18		19		18		18	20
5 Number of contacts/education visits to p	provide 28		30		16		18	20
education to community.								
Lake Helena Water Shed Project								
1 Number of newsletters distributed.	N/A		4		2		1	2
2 Number of watershed group meetings.	N/A		10		3		4	4
3 Number of sites monitored	N/A		N/A		16		23	36
Helena Valley Non-point Source Assessme	ent							
1 Number of project wells sampled.	N/A		N/A		N/A		44	8
2 Number of drain sites sampled.	N/A		N/A		N/A		186	5
3 Number of public presentations.	N/A		N/A		N/A		5	2
Water Quality Protection District								
1 Number of timely grant reports submitte			20		16		11	12
2 Number of Water Watchers educated.	1,435		1,470		1,417		1,480	1,400
3 Presentations	23		23		10		9	3
4 Mailings and news letters	9		5		4		0	2
5 Community outreach events	N/A		N/A		N/A		12	3
6 Wells sampled	115		102		31		7	10
7 Comments provided by other agencies.			1		4		6	7
8 Repsonse to complaints or requests from public.	om the 11		9		6		109	25
Septic Maintenance Program			_		_			
1 Number of public educational present			0		5		8	3
2 Number of systems pumped.	N/A		N/A		N/A		772	1,500
3 Number of approved inspections.	N/A		N/A		N/A		59	350
4 Number of assessment reports.	N/A		N/A		N/A		783	1,800
5 Cases referred for enforcement.	N/A		N/A		N/A		0	100

Program Descriptions

Tuberculosis Program

Health department nurses manage follow-up of TB cases in the county. Nurses administer TB screening tests, refer clients with positive skin tests for medical workup, and manage preventive/curative medications for clients with infection or disease. Department nurses provide education about TB for clients, their families, and community groups.

HIV Prevention Services

The department provides HIV/AIDS prevention services. Services include anonymous testing and counseling, primary prevention activities such as peer education and outreach to high risk, hard to reach target populations, an early intervention program for newly positive persons, and education presentations for organizations. Public health nurses do partner notification work for all HIV positive individuals. We work with the Lewis and Clark AIDS Project, a community based organization, to increase HIV/AIDS prevention efforts.

Immunization Program

This program implements Montana's Immunization Action Plan to improve immunization levels of children less than two years of age. We promote increased levels of public immunization, maintain a tracking and recall system, perform immunization assessments for families, schools and day cares, educate the public about immunizations, ensure that the Standards for Pediatric Immunization Practice are carefully followed, and conduct events to promote immunization of children 0-2 years of age.

Public Health Emergency Preparedness

The Public Health Emergency Preparedness Project funds are for Lewis & Clark County to enhance its ability to respond to threats to public health, including bioterrorism and potential communicable disease outbreaks.

Licensed Establishment Inspections

State law mandates routine inspections on licensed establishments. These include food service establishments, motels, hotels, trailer courts, campgrounds, swimming pools and spas. In addition, day care centers and licensed group homes are inspected for sanitation standards.

Public Water Supply Inspections

The County Sanitarians inspect seventy-six small PWS associated with licensed establishments every 3 years. These include facilities such as bars, restaurants, and trailer courts that have their own water source.

Youth Suicide Prevention

The purpose of the program is to prevent suicide in the population aged 18 years and younger. The program funds are used to increase screening for potential suicides and depression in Helena-area high schools, increase community awareness of suicide, and improve local access to treatment for suicidal individuals.

Goals & Objectives

Tuberculosis Program

- Prevent outbreaks of Tuberculosis.
- Administer TB screening tests.
- Assure clients with positive skin tests receive medical evaluation.
- Manage preventive/curative medications for clients with infection or disease.
- Provide Tuberculosis education.

HIV Prevention Services

- Prevent outbreaks of HIV infection.
- Provide anonymous testing and counseling for HIV.
- Provide peer education and outreach to high risk, hard to reach populations.
- Provide the early intervention program for newly positive persons.
- Provide an education and information program about HIV for organizations.
- Complete partner notification of all newly identified HIV positive individuals.

Immunization Program

- Improve immunization levels of children less than two years of age.
- Maintain a tracking and recall system for families, schools, and daycares.
- Perform immunization assessments at schools and daycares.
- Educate the public about immunizations.
- Promote immunization to the public at health fairs, clinics, and through the media.

Public Health Emergency Preparedness

- Enhance the ability of the health department to respond to threats to public health.
- Update the health department's Emergency Response Plans.
- Improve our ability to disseminate health information quickly to St. Peter's hospital, VA hospital, physicians, and the public.
- Improve our ability to respond quickly to control an outbreak of disease by being able to accept reports of communicable disease at all hours, and by performing active surveillance.
- Train staff to be able to respond to a public health emergency.
- Exercise our Emergency Response Plan both internally and with our community partners.

Licensed Establishment Inspections

- Prevent disease outbreaks associated with licensed establishments.
- Inspect all licensed establishments in Lewis & Clark County as mandated by state law.
- Train food service and childcare workers in food safety.
- Promote excellent food safety practice in the restaurant business community.

Public Water Supply Inspections

- Ensure safe water for bars, restaurants, and trailer courts that have their own water source.
- Conduct inspections on a three year schedule.

Youth Suicide Prevention

- Reduce the incidence of suicide in the population aged 18 years and younger.
- Increase screening for potential suicides and depression in Helena high schools.
- Increase community education and awareness about suicide.
- Improve local access to treatment for suicidal individuals.

Lewis & Clark County

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ 1,234,172	\$ 1,333,732	\$ 1,397,043	\$ 63,311	5%
Operating Expenditures Internal Charges	349,103 188,901	386,509 161,055	413,025 158,670	26,516 (2,385)	7% -1%
Debt Service Transfers Out Capital Outlay	173,863	196,616	212,791	- 16,175 -	8%
Total	\$ 1,946,039	\$ 2,077,912	\$ 2,181,529	\$ 103,617	5%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund \$	61,000	\$ 61,000	\$ 61,000	\$ -	0%
175 Community Yth Suicide Prv	-	-	-	-	
177 WIC	206,417	186,511	204,201	17,690	9%
178 M C H Block Grant	134,278	148,268	116,901	(31,367)	-21%
179 Home Care/Case Manageme	385,594	400,395	450,253	49,858	12%
181 Ryan White Title III CM	1,307	10,288	3,109	(7,179)	-70%
182 WIC peer breastfeeding	8,930	12,940	8,327	(4,613)	-36%
187 SDMI Waiver	66,854	161,810	122,642	(39,168)	-24%
189 Pblc Hlth Home Visiting	46,609	89,336	88,380	(956)	-1%
190 Tuberculosis Grant	-	-	-	-	
191 HIV Prevention Services	29,197	21,062	11,723	(9,339)	-44%
193 Target Cm Low Birth Wght	51,050	78,062	81,951	3,889	5%
194 Ryan White Title II	9,812	11,317	15,109	3,792	34%
195 Immunization Prog Grant	25,323	-	-	-	
196 Bioterrorism Grant	93,812	81,798	106,517	24,719	30%
197 Intensive Case Management	-	-	-	-	
227 County Health	780,931	764,813	846,316	81,503	11%
238 DUI Program	44,924	50,313	65,100	14,787	29%
				-	
				-	
Total \$	1,946,038	\$ 2,077,913	\$ 2,181,529	\$ 103,616	5%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary Expenses.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Accounting Technician	-	-	
Administrative Assistant	1.21	1.39	1.21
Administrative Clerk	-	-	
Administrative Secretary	1.00	2.00	2.50
Animal Control Officer	-	-	
Community Health Promotion Divisio	-	0.10	0.10
Community Health Specialist	-	-	
Director of Nursing	1.00	1.00	1.00
Environmental Health Specialist	0.10	-	
Environmental Health Supervisor	0.25	0.25	0.25
Finance Coordinator	-	-	
Health Officer	-	-	
Licensed Practical Nurse	1.50	1.50	0.90
Medical Reserve Corps Volunteer Coor	dinator		
Outreach Worker	0.40	-	
Paraprofessional Home Visitor			
PHN Team Leader			
Preparedness Planning Specialist	0.50	0.50	0.50
Public Health Nurse	4.29	4.49	4.99
Public Health Supervisor	1.93	1.93	1.93
Water Quality Manager	-	-	
WIC CPA	1.50	1.50	1.25
WIC Aide	0.50	0.75	0.75
WIC Clinic Coordinator	1.00	-	
WIC Peer Counsel	0.13	-	
Home Visiting Case Manager	2.65	2.63	3.13
Home Visiting Program Manager	0.75	-	
Total	18.71	18.04	18.51

Performance Measures

Performance Measures

Measure	Actual FY2011	Actual FY2012	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Proposed FY2015
Communicable Disease (Mill Funded)					ĺ
1 Investigate communicable disease within 24 hours of receipt of reported case.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
HIV Prevention					
1 Complete partner notification of all newly identified HIV positive individuals.	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Public Health Emergency Preparedness					
1 Emergency response plans are updated as needed.	Yes	HP	Yes	Yes	Yes
2 100% of Health Department staff have received NIMS/ICS training.	Yes	HP	Yes	HP	Yes
Licensed Establishment Inspections					
1 Increase the number of food establishments that have three or fewer risk factor violations.	HP	Yes	LP	HP	Yes
2 Complete one customer satisfaction survey of licensed establishment owner/operators.	N/A	N/A	HP	No	Yes
3 Design and implement one QI measure of licensed estalishment program response to complaints about food facilities.	N/A	N/A	N/A	HP	Yes
4 Post food establishment inspections on th internet for public access.	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes	Yes

Workload Indicators

Workload Indicators

Measure	Actual FY2011	Actual FY2012	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Proposed FY2015
Communicable Disease (Mill Funded)					
1 Number of communicable disease	448	377	444	452	
investigations related to person to person transmission					
HIV Prevention					
1 Number of HIV tests performed.	49	104	90	69	85
2 Number of new HIV infections identified.	0	0	0	0	0
Public Health Emergency Preparedness					
1 Number of Health Alert Messages sent.	31	36	52	35	50
2 Number of emergency response exercises conducted.	1	3	3	7	12
3 Number of Health Department staff trained in NIMS-700 and ICS-100	16	27	16	10	30
4 Number of emergency response plans updated.	5	6	7	7	4
Licensed Establishment Inspections					
1 Number of inspections completed	585	757	785	690	650
food facilities	366	503	506	425	400
pools	108	100	109	106	100
public accommodations	31	21	37	10	40
trailer courts	63	80	83	95	80
day care centers	25	33	31	34	30
group homes	22	19	19	20	20
2 Number of plans reviewed.	49	62	47	42	45
3 Number of people trained.	178	263	223	206	200
4 Number of food, water or vector borne communicable disease investigations.	87	120	92	66	0

PUBLIC HEALTH

PREDATORY PEST CONTROL

Program Description

The Predatory Pest fund is funded through an assessment on the number of sheep in the County. The amount collected each year is remitted to the Department of Agriculture and used to eliminate predatory animals, namely coyotes.

The Mosquito Districts are funded by a mill levy on property owners in the districts. The County contracts with a business to aerial spray for mosquitoes on a yearly basis.

PREDATORY PEST CONTROL

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services				\$-	
Operating Expenditures	212,543	197,518	257,851	60,333	31%
Internal Charges	1,533	1,577	1,597	20	1%
Debt Service	-	-	-	-	
Transfers Out	-	-	-	-	
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 214,076 \$	199,095 \$	259,448	\$ 60,353	30%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
201 Craig Mosquito District	\$ 11,730	\$ 10,128	\$ 15,302	\$ 5,174	51%
202 Mosquito Control District	202,122	185,911	212,512	26,601	14%
215 Pred Animal Control	224	3,056	1,634	(1,422)	-47%
216 Cattle protection	-	-	30,000	30,000	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
				-	
Total	\$ 214,076	\$ 199,095	\$ 259,448	\$ 60,353	30%

PUBLIC HEALTH

OTHER (ALCOHOLISM)

Program Description

Public Health - Other includes alcoholism funds received from the State.

Lewis & Clark County

PUBLIC HEALTH

OTHER (ALCOHOLISM)

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	0		Percent Change
Personal Services Operating Expenditures Internal Charges	\$ 1,804 100,016 -	\$ 391 103,680 -	\$ - 92,000 -	\$	(391) (11,680) -	-100% -11%
Debt Service Transfers Out Capital Outlay	- 1,456 -	- - -	- - -		- - -	
Total	\$ 103,276	\$ 104,071	\$ 92,000	\$	(12,071)	-12%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015		Percent Change
280 Alcoholism	\$	92,210	\$ 93,210	\$ 92,000	\$ (1,210)	-1%
304 Other grants		11,066	10,862	-	(10,862)	-100%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
	Total \$	103,276	\$ 104,072	\$ 92,000	\$ (12,072)	-12%

COOPERATIVE HEALTH CENTER

Program Description

The mission of the Cooperative Health Center is to work in partnership to foster personal responsibility and provide quality primary care (medical, dental, mental health, and social services) to residents of Lewis & Clark County, regardless of their ability to pay. In addition to receiving federal (42%) and county (14%) funds and revenues from billing (42%), the Health Center has established relationships with community partners who contribute time, money (2%), services, expertise, and often resources in an effort to help the Center in its mission.

Goals & Objectives

- Improve access for uninsured or underinsured individuals to medical, dental, and mental health services in the entire County.
- Work in partnership to reduce the burden of mental illness in the community.
- Expand oral health care services.
- Expand mental health care services.
- Improve the image of the cooperative health center in the community.

Performance Measures & Workload Indicators

Performance Measures

Measure	Actual CY2010	Actual CY2011	Actual CY2012	Proposed CY2013
1 Improve patient compliance of monthly testing to 90% using Coumadin Therapy Process.	100%	Yes	Yes	
2 Maintain or increase the number of dental patients seen over last year.	yes	No	No	
3 Increase the number of unduplicated individuals seen in the Healthcare for the Homeless program.	no	Yes	No	
4 Increase the percent of total patients who fill out the QPD measurement tool.	yes	Yes	Yes	
5 Increase the number of encounters in Lincoln.	yes	Yes	Yes	

These measures are evaluated based on the following scale:

Yes: Greater than 75% of the activity described within the question is met.

High Partially: Greater than 50% but no more than 75% of the activity described within the question is met. Low Partially: Greater than 25% but no more than 50% of the activity described within the question is met. No: No more than 25% of the activity described within the question is met.

Workload Indicators

Indicator	Actual CY2010	Actual CY2011	Actual CY2012	Proposed CY2013
1 Medical encounters	15,739	16513	16,485	
2 Dental encounters	3,231	3581	3,349	
3 Mental Health/Substance Abuse encounters	940	886	675	
5 Enabling encounters	1,000	973	1048	
6 Individual patients.	6,529	7018	6,763	

Due to staffing constraints, performance measures and workload indicators will be reviewed and updated for FY16

Program Description

The Senior Citizens function accounts for recreation and transportation monies levied by the County for senior citizen services. The money is transferred to the Rocky Mountain Development Corporation who operates the local senior citizens center and provides senior citizen services.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015	U		Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
Operating Expenditures	Ψ	320	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	
Internal Charges		3,130		3,205		3,263		58	2%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		414,907		307,584		307,584		-	0%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	418,357	\$	310,789	\$	310,847	\$	58	0%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	rease ease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund		\$ 282,578	\$ 149,935	\$ 149,939	\$ 4	0%
228 Senior Citizens		135,779	160,854	160,908	54	0%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
	Total	\$ 418,357	\$ 310,789	\$ 310,847	\$ 58	0%

Program Description

The County allocates General Fund monies each year to fund indigent programs. The funding is allocated by a volunteer Human Services Task Force. Agencies submit budget requests to the Task Force annually for consideration for funding.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services Operating Expenditures Internal Charges Debt Service	\$ - 157,087	\$ - 154,001	\$ - 168,416	\$ - 14,415 -	9%
Transfers Out Capital Outlay	220,671 -	225,045 -	225,045 -	-	0%
Total	\$ 377,758	\$ 379,046	\$ 393,461	\$ 14,415	4%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	377,758	\$ 379,046	\$ 393,461	\$ 14,415	4%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
	Total \$	377,758	\$ 379,046	\$ 393,461	\$ 14,415	4%

Program Description

The Homeless grant provides health care to indigent homeless persons. A clinic is located at the County's homeless shelter.

The Tobacco Control Grant is state funding used to reduce tobacco use by youths and adults and to provide tobacco education in the schools.

The partnership to strength grant focuses on family preservation and reunification after child abuse has occurred.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	65,511	\$ 68,659	\$ 96,498	\$ 27,839	41%
Operating Expenditures		11,457	12,299	7,333	(4,966)	-40%
Internal Charges		11,974	10,656	11,400	744	7%
Debt Service		-	-	-	-	
Transfers Out		-	-	-	-	
Capital Outlay		-	-	-	-	
Tot	al \$	88,942	\$ 91,614	\$ 115,231	\$ 23,617	26%

Financial Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund 184 Homeless Grant	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	
187 Partnership to Strengthen 188 Tobacco Control Grant	- 88,942	- 91,614	- 115,231	- 23,617	26%
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 88,942	\$ 91,614	\$ 115,231	\$ 23,617	26%

Program Description

The Lewis & Clark County Extension Office brings the resources of Montana State University in the form of educational outreach that applies unbiased, research-based university resources to the practical needs identified by the people of Lewis & Clark County. Fifty-six MSU Extension Offices throughout the state illustrate the effectiveness of a voluntary cooperative partnership between local governments, MSU and the USDA. The result is a dynamic cycle of timely and relevant knowledge, resources and support to help Montanans meet new challenges, make informed decisions and take action to improve their own quality of life.

The Lewis & Clark County Extension Office consists of two full-time Extension Agents and 1 FTE Administrative Assistant. The primary work focus of the two Extension Agents is: 4-H/Youth Development, Agriculture, Community Development, Horticulture, Agro-Emergency and Natural Resources.

Goals & Objectives

- 4-H and other Youth Development provides and cultivates important life skills in youth that build character and assist them in making appropriate life and career choices. An inclusive program that is open to all youth ages 6 thru 19 years of age.
- Adult 4-H Volunteer Leadership Development offering training to 4-H volunteers to be Club Organizational and Project Leaders. Recruitment and retention of active volunteers through training and recognition.
- Agriculture research and educational programs assist the residents of Lewis & Clark County with crops, livestock and agro-emergencies (county, state and federal). Work with city, county, state and federal committees (Conservation District, Forest Service, Department of Natural Resources, APHIS, Open Space LEPC).
- Natural Resources teaching landowners and homeowners how to use natural resources wisely and protect the environment with Extension outreach programs.
- Horticulture lawn, garden and landscape questions by phone, home visit and/or programs.
- Community Development on environment and agricultural issues.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	52.922	\$	58.002	\$	58.146	\$	144	0%
Operating Expenditures	φ	118,392	φ	80,355	φ	137,800	ψ	57,445	71%
Internal Charges		30,871		30,851		30,859		8	0%
Debt Service		-		-		-		-	
Transfers Out		8,500		8,500		9,800		1,300	15%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	210,685	\$	177,708	\$	236,605	\$	58,897	33%
	=		=		Ŧ		=		00,0

Financial Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -	
229 Co Extension Agent		210,685	177,708	236,605	58,897	33%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-		
		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
Tota	I \$	210,685 \$	177,708 \$	236,605	\$ 58,897	33%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment.

Operating Expenditures

• Increase due to special projects included in the FY15 budget.

Capital Outlay

• None.

Transfers

• Transfers for capital replacement of assets.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Administrative Assistant	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	1.00	1.00	1.00

Lewis & Clark County

CULTURE & RECREATION

CULTURE & RECREATION

Program Description

To operate and manage a facility that provides and promotes a safe, clean, enjoyable and a comfortable environment for public use and participation. Develop an environment for individuals, families and the community that enhances partnerships and creates quality agricultural, business, recreational and educational events and activities.

Goals & Objectives

- Maintain a high level of service to our users and safety to the public.
- To maintain a clean and safe working environment for the public and employees.
- Provide and maintain an informative and quality web site.
- Continue to upgrade Fairgrounds Facilities.
- Become a more user friendly facility.
- Plan and implement a business plan for the new 40,000 square foot Exhibition Hall and Covered Grandstands.

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Democrat Comvines	¢	204 500	۴	407 000	¢	440.070	¢	11 010	20/
Personal Services	\$	394,508	\$	407,236	\$	418,878	\$	11,642	3%
Operating Expenditures		708,151		684,752		841,414		156,662	23%
Internal Charges		86,732		85,689		87,306		1,617	2%
Debt Service		688,034		665,187		717,804		52,617	8%
Transfers Out		680		9,020		9,020		-	0%
Capital Outlay		85,963		-		30,000		30,000	
Total	\$	1,964,068	\$	1,851,884	\$	2,104,422	\$	252,538	14%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013		Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund 599 Fairgrounds Improv		\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -	\$ - -	
602 Fair Enterprise		1,964,068	1,851,884	2,104,422	252,538	14%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
1	Fotal	\$ 1,964,068	\$ 1,851,884	\$ 2,104,422	\$ 252,538	14%

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• 1.5% matrix adjustment

Operating Expenditures

• Inflationary increases. Final payment on construction loans.

Capital Outlay

• Forklift.

Transfers

• None.

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Adopted FY2015
Fairgrounds Coordinator	1.00	1.00	1.00
Administrative Assistant	1.25	2.26	2.00
Events Coordinator	1.00	-	-
Maintenance Worker II	1.00	1.00	1.00
Maintenance Worker	3.00	3.00	3.00
Total	7.25	7.26	7.00

Lewis & Clark County

Program Description

The Parks and Recreation Department receives money from a small mill levy and from "payment in lieu of parks" from developers of subdivisions. The money is used to improve regional parks as outlined in the Parks master plan and to maintain County parks.

CULTURE & RECREATION

PARKS & RECREATION

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category		Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014		Budget FY2015		Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$	2.406	\$	591	\$	1.115	\$	524	89%
Operating Expenditures	Ψ	35.321	Ψ	44.138	Ψ	52.814	Ψ	8.676	20%
Internal Charges		4,371		3,990		4,446		456	11%
Debt Service								-	
Transfers Out		64,407		28,477		103,000		74,523	262%
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		-	
Total	\$	106,505	\$	77,196	\$	161,375	\$	84,179	109%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	
221 Parks		40,080	45,067	45,915	848	2%
235 Parks Development		61,407	22,081	100,000	77,919	353%
236 Lincoln Parks		5,019	10,048	15,460	5,412	54%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
	Total	\$ 106,506	\$ 77,196	\$ 161,375	\$ 84,179	109%

CULTURE & RECREATION

2015 Budget Highlights

Personnel Services

• Seasonal mower continued.

Operating Expenditures

• Normal expenditures.

Capital Outlay

• None.

Transfers

• Transfers budgeted for improvements in County parks.

Program Description

The County receives money from a mill levy to fund the County-wide library system. Monies collected are remitted to the Lewis & Clark County Library.

CULTURE & RECREATION

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	-	Actual Y2013	Actual FY2014		lget 2015	 ncrease crease)	Percent Change
Personal Services Operating Expenditures Internal Charges Debt Service Transfers Out	\$	- - - 55,527	\$ - - - 527.228	\$ 1 2,667	- - ,500	\$ - 1,500 - 40.372	2%
Capital Outlay		55,527	 - 527,228	\$ 2,669	-	\$ 41,872	2%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources		Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund		\$-	\$ - \$	-	\$ -	
222 Library		2,455,527	2,627,228	2,669,100	41,872	2%
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
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		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
	Total	\$ 2,455,527	\$ 2,627,228 \$	2,669,100	\$ 41,872	2%

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ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Program Description

Economic Development accounts for CDBG Grants administered by the County to fund various development projects such as a domestic violence shelter and low-income housing.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Actual FY2013		Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$-	
366,623		7,474	1,650,000	1,642,526	21977%
-		-	-	-	
-		-	-	-	
5,200		-	-	-	
-		-	-	-	
\$ 371,823	\$	7,474 \$	1,650,000	\$ 1,642,526	21977%
\$	FY2013 \$ - 366,623 - - 5,200 -	FY2013 \$ - \$ 366,623 - - 5,200 -	FY2013 FY2014 \$ - \$ - \$ 366,623 7,474 - - \$ - - - - - - \$ 5,200 -	FY2013 FY2014 FY2015 \$ - \$ - 366,623 7,474 1,650,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - 5,200 - - - - -	FY2013 FY2014 FY2015 (Decrease) \$ - \$ - \$ - 366,623 7,474 1,650,000 1,642,526 - - - - - - - - - - - - - 5,200 - - - - - - - - - - -

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	
243-Hard Rock Reserve	\$ 5,200	\$ -	\$ -	-	
244-Metal Mines Reserve	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	-	
296 CDBG-Economic Developme	366,623	7,474	1,650,000	1,642,526	21977%
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
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	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 371,823	\$ 7,474	\$ 1,650,000	\$ 1,642,526	21977%

DEBT SERVICE

DEBT SERVICE

Program Description

Debt Service Funds service the debt repayment on monies borrowed to remodel/purchase County buildings and finance road improvements in Rural Improvement Districts.

Lewis & Clark County

DEBT SERVICE

Budget by Object of Expenditure Category	Actual FY2013	Actual FY2014	Budget FY2015	Increase ecrease)	Percent Change
Personal Services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Operating Expenditures	-	-	-	-	
Internal Charges	-	-	-	-	
Debt Service	607,828	591,542	745,817	154,275	26%
Transfers Out	67,490	75,447	232,316	156,869	208%
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	
Total	\$ 675,318	\$ 666,989	\$ 978,133	\$ 311,144	47%

Financial Summary

Funding Summary

Funding Sources	Actual FY2013		Budget FY2015	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
001 General Fund	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
500 City/County Bldg Debt	163,287	164,258	169,000	4,742	3%
501-Open Space	205,463	203,063	206,963	3,900	2%
502 Health Facilities Debt	67,490	69,990	69,000	(990)	-1%
503 RSID Revolving	-	2,468	150,000	147,532	5978%
504 Search and Rescue	-	-	189,912	189,912	
505 Debt Service Districts	-	241	-	(241)	-100%
510 Debt Service Districts	212	92	350	258	280%
511 Debt Service Districts	43,235	38,018	16,595	(21,423)	-56%
512 Debt Service Districts	-	-	-	-	
513 Debt Service Districts	-	-	-	-	
514 Debt Service Districts	55,297	23,485	-	(23,485)	-100%
515 Debt Service Districts	959	976	1,005	29	3%
516 Debt Service Districts	-	-	-	-	
517 Debt Service Districts	44,820	43,500	48,500	5,000	11%
518 Debt Service Districts	9,149	8,984	9,350	366	4%
519 Debt Service Districts	24,846	34,741	27,609	(7,132)	-21%
520 Debt Service Districts	2,348	1,790	1,656	(134)	-7%
521 Debt Service Districts	5,809	5,950	6,926	976	16%
522 Debt Service Districts	-	-	-	-	
523 Debt Service Districts	3,224	4,313	3,035	(1,278)	-30%
524 Debt Service Districts	21,411	21,026	22,100	1,074	5%
525 Debt Service Districts	1,283	975	1,200	225	23%
526 Debt Service Districts	7,113	6,889	-	(6,889)	-100%
527 Debt Service Districts	11,206	9,818	14,680	4,862	50%
528 Debt Service Districts	5,193	4,027	2,489	(1,538)	-38%
529 Debt Service Districts	2,974	1,921	1,635	(286)	-15%
530 Debt Service Districts	-	13,279	17,594	4,315	32%
531 Debt Service Districts	-	7,184	9,234	2,050	29%
532 Debt Service Districts	-	-	9,300	9,300	
533 Debt Service Districts	-	-	-	-	
Tota	ıl \$ 675,319	\$ 666,988	\$ 978,133	\$ 311,145	47%

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS

Overview

The **Capital Improvement Plan (CIP)** is a <u>plan</u> which projects the County's capital projects and capital equipment over the course of the next five years. The **Capital Budget** represents one year of the five-year CIP and it is a component of the Annual Operating Budget. Unlike the CIP, the <u>Capital Budget</u> represents the <u>appropriated capital items</u> contained in the current year Annual Operating Budget

The capital budget is separate and distinct from the County's operating budget for several reasons. First, capital outlays reflect non-recurring capital improvements rather than ongoing expenses. Where possible, capital projects are funded from nonrecurring funding sources such as debt proceeds and grants; these one-time revenue sources are not appropriate funding sources for recurring operating expenses. Second, capital projects tend to be of high cost in nature, requiring more stringent control and accountability. To provide direction for the capital program, the County Commission has adopted policies relating to the Capital Improvement Plan and the Capital Budget, which are discussed later in this section.

Linkage

Lewis & Clark County conducts various planning processes (long-term, mid-term and short-term), to help guide the government and to insure that decisions are made in the context of the organization as a whole and with a long-term perspective. Diligent efforts are made to insure each of these component planning processes are in concert with one another. This so called "Linkage" is paramount to insure short-term decisions are consistent with the overriding values embodied in the mid-term and long-term planning processes adopted by the County Commission. This required linkage dictates that the CIP be developed within the context of, and consistent with, the County's long-term and mid-term plans.

Each element of the County's planning process has a different purpose and timeframe. The Strategic Plan, Vision, Mission, Long-term Goals and Growth Policy are the most far-reaching in nature—20 to 25 years. The Capital Improvement Plan and the Five-Year Financial Forecast are mid-term in nature—5 years. The Annual Budget and the Capital Budget are short-term—covering a 1-year timeframe. The most important requisite is that they are coordinated and are in concert with one another.

Shown on the following page is a hierarchy of the County's layered planning processes, all which support one another and are designed with a common goal. The chart depicts how the Capital Improvement Plan, the Annual Operating Budget, and the Capital Budget fit within the County's planning process hierarchy.

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN & CAPITAL BUDGET Long-Term Planning 20-25 Years **Growth Policy** Mission **Core Values Mid-Term Planning** 5 Years **Five Year Financial Capital Improvement** Forecast Program **Short Term Planning** 1 Year Short-Term Goals Fulfilled by Annual Operating Budget **Capital Budget**

Capital Planning

Capital Planning refers to the process of identifying and prioritizing County capital needs for determining which capital projects should be funded in the capital budget as resources become available. Countywide planning is guided by the Lewis & Clark County Strategic Plan and the Growth Policy. These plans provide long-term direction for the growth and development of the County.

Proposed capital projects are reviewed for compliance to the adopted Strategic Plan and Growth Policy as part of the budget adoption process.

The CIP and Capital Budget Processes Described

Lewis & Clark County updates its CIP each year. The Capital Budget is adopted annually. The County prepares its CIP only after significant efforts to insure the public has had ample opportunity to review and comment on the proposed capital acquisition plan. Linkage with the County's long-term and mid-term plans is of utmost importance to the County Commission in their deliberations and decision-making process.

The CIP is prepared under the direction of the Chief Administrative Officer and Finance Director. The CIP update begins in late Fall. Meetings are held with the County's management team to explain the overall process and to provide pertinent information regarding funding and expenditure issues, budget process changes and general instructions. At this meeting the goals and direction for the new budget are outlined. As part of this training, those involved in the capital budget process are given a calendar of key budget cycle dates and written documentation including forms, instructions, and definitions to be used in preparing their capital project budgets, including revising current project estimates and submitting requests to add new capital projects.

The Capital Budget is finalized as part of the Annual Operating Budget in early June of each year. Final budget documents reflecting the adopted budget and CIP are then prepared and distributed, both via hardcopy and electronic format.

Positive results of the Capital Improvement Program and Capital Budget include:

- Translation of the County's Strategic Plan, Growth Policy, individual Department's functional plans, and other programs and policies into tangible projects.
- The coordination of the capital projects of all County Departments so that they will further the implementation of the long-term plans.
- The possibility of guiding private development so that it occurs in a way that is in conformity with the County's long-term plans.
- Enabling the County Commission and the Chief Administrative Officer to better plan the financing for both capital and operating activities.
- Protection of the County's investment in existing facilities, where appropriate, to avoid the higher cost of rehabilitation and/or replacement associated with deferment.
- Fostering economies of scale through inter-jurisdictional cooperation.
- Promotion of economic development and its inherent contributions.

Capital Budget and Its Impact on Future Operating Budgets

Whenever the County commits to a CIP plan, there is an associated long-range commitment of operating funds. For this reason, it is important to evaluate capital commitments in the context of their long-range operating impact. Most capital projects affect future operating budgets either positively or negatively due to an increase or decrease in maintenance costs or by providing capacity for new programs to be offered. Such impacts vary widely from project to project and, as such, are evaluated individually during the process of assessing project feasibility. The five-year financial forecast also provides an opportunity to review the operating impact of growth-related future capital projects.

The operating impact of capital projects is analyzed and taken into consideration during the extensive CIP prioritization process. Estimated new revenues and/or operational efficiency savings associated with projects are also taken into consideration (net operating costs). Department staff plan and budget for significant start-up costs, as well as operation and maintenance of new facilities. The cost of operating new or expanded facilities or infrastructure is included in the operating budget in the fiscal year the asset becomes operational. Debt service payments on any debt issued for capital projects is also included in the operating budget.

Listed on the following page are the capital items included in this year's Annual Budget, together with projected impacts on future operating budgets resulting from significant non-routine capital expenditures.

FY 2015 Capital Budget & Operating Budget Impacts Projects by Department/Project Name

FY 2015 Capital Budget					g Budget Impa	cts
			Personal	Other Operating	Debt Service	
Department/Project Title	Арр	ropriation	Services Costs	Costs	Costs	Total
County Commission						
Vehicle	\$	44,060				
Copier	\$	9,410				
Treasurer/Clerk and Recorder	Ψ	0,410				
Reporting software	¢	13,700			\$	_
Server(3)	\$ \$	37,340			Ψ	_
Scanner/copier	φ \$	17,890				
Reader printer(4)	φ	29,120				
Justice Court		29,120				
		7.040				
Color Copier		7,610				-
District Clerk of Court		7.050				
Scanner		7,650				-
Copier		5,460				
DES		10.010				
Smart Board		13,910				-
County Attorney						
Copiers (3)		29,580				
Miscellaneous-General		29,500				
Flood Projects		550,000				_
CHC Basement remodel		300,000			•	_
Fairgrounds milling project		165,000				
Mental Health Crisis Center		350,000				
		550,000				
Public Works					_	
						-
Road Fund		44.000				
Dump Trucks(2) rebuild		41,200			-	-
York Sand House		28,000				-
Road Projects	1	,945,216				
Bridge Fund						
Bridge Projects		320,000				
Other Capital Projects		320,000				
RID Road Projects		386,500				_
Wastewater Project		500,500				-
CTEP Projects		143,000				
Weed Fund		143,000				
ATV-Mules(2)		37,100				-
County Fair Fund						
Copier(shared with extension		6,960				
Planning					_	
Permit system software		7,160				-
Smart Board		15,000				
Health						
Copier		11,070				-
Extension						
Copier(shared with fair)		6,960				

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FY 2015 Capital Budget & Operating Budget Impacts Projects by Department/Project Name

FY 2015 Capital Budget Annual Operating Budget Impacts			acts		
		Personal	Other Operating	Debt Service	
Department/Project Title	Appropriation	Services Costs	Costs	Costs	Total
Sheriff					
Patrol Car Replacement/Accessories	230,435				-
In Car Cameras	31,350				-
Jet Skis	14,000				-
OMS upgrade-detention	25,000				-
JMS Software Upgrade	24,000				-
ATV's	33,398				-
Detention Center-master plan	450,000				
Search and Rescue-building	1,300,000				-
Radio-Public Safety					
Radio equipment	73,186				
Vehicle	28,063				
Coroner					
					-
Radio	6,330				
Buildings Maintenance					
					-
County Shop					
					-
Forestvale Cemetery	40.500				
Well Pump	10,590				-
Vehicle	20,760				
Shop addition	88,670			-	
Grounds improvements	180,080				-
Mower	10,790				
Solid Waste	• • • • • • • •				\$-
Phase II Closure	\$ 254,240				\$ -
Compactor GRAND TOTAL	647,000 \$ 7,912,728	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$-

Funding Sources for CIP and Capital Budget

A variety of funding sources are available to finance the Capital Improvement Plan and Capital Budget. As noted above, capital projects, unlike operating expenses which recur annually, only require one-time allocations for a given project. This funding flexibility allows the County to use financing and one-time revenue sources to accelerate completion of critical projects.

All potential capital funding resources are evaluated to ensure equity of funding for the CIP. Equity is achieved if the beneficiaries of a project or service pay for it. For example, general tax revenues and/or General Obligation Bonds appropriately pay for projects that benefit the general public as a whole. User fees, development fees, and/or contributions pay for projects that benefit specific users. The following summarizes the funding sources for the CIP.

General Fund:	The County's general fund is available for use for any expenditure deemed to be in the public interest by the Lewis & Clark County Commission.
State Revenues:	The County receives various payments from the State of Montana for different purposes. Gas Tax revenue received by the state is one example.
Grants/Donations:	This fund source consists of Federal grants, State grants, and donations by citizens and businesses where the money is passed through the County.
CTEP:	These are Federal grants primarily directed towards improving or expanding non-motorized transportation.
G.O. Bonds:	These are bonds for which the full faith and credit of the County is pledged. G.O. Bonds require voter approval.
Special Assessments & Other Debt:	Special Assessments are charges against certain properties to defray the cost of infrastructure improvements deemed primarily to benefit those properties. Also included are Revenue bonds where the debt service payments are paid for exclusively from the project earnings and assessments.
User Fees:	User fees are charges for County services where the benefits received from such services can be directly and efficiently applied to those who receive the benefits.
Parks Cash in Lieu Fund:	This fund is set up to account for funding that developer's pay to the County instead of donating park land when they are subdividing bare land.
Other & Private:	This fund source represents other miscellaneous categories.

Capital Expenditures Contrasted with Total County Operating Expenditures

The investment by the County in its capital and infrastructure is of primary importance to insure the longterm viability of service levels. The amount of capital expenditures in relation to the total County budget is a reflection of the County's commitment to this goal.

Lewis & Clark County strives to provide for adequate maintenance of capital, plant, and equipment and for their orderly replacement. All governments experience prosperous times as well as periods of economic decline. In periods of economic decline, proper maintenance and replacement of capital, plant, and equipment is generally postponed or eliminated as a first means of balancing the budget. Recognition of the need for adequate maintenance and replacement of capital, plant, regardless of the economic conditions, will assist in maintaining the government's equipment and infrastructure in good operating condition.

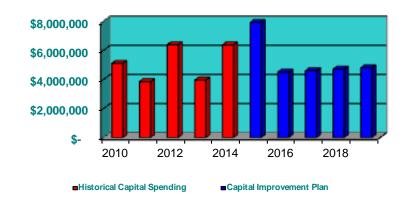
The graph below illustrates Lewis & Clark County's projected investment in capital in relation to projected operating expenditures.



CAPITAL EXPENDITURES CONTRASTED WITH OPERATING EXPENDITURES____

Capital Improvement Program (Next Five Years) Contrasted with Historical Capital Spending (Previous Five Years)

Another indicator of Lewis & Clark County's commitment to providing for the adequate maintenance of capital, plant, and equipment and for their orderly replacement, is the level of projected capital spending over the course of the next five years as compared to the previous five-year period. This information is useful to the County Commission in their deliberations when determining which items will be included in the Capital Budget. This information also helps the County Commission make decisions with a long-term perspective. Shown on the next page is a graph which contrasts historical capital spending (last five years) with the capital spending identified in the Capital Improvement Program (the next five years).



HISTORICAL CAPITAL SPENDING CONTRASTED WITH CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN _____

Capital Improvement Policies

Lewis & Clark County has developed a set of financial management policies that cover all aspects of its financial operations. These and other policies are reviewed periodically by the Chief Administrative Officer, the Finance Director and the County Commissioners and are detailed in the Executive Summary section of this document. Policies on capital improvements are one component of those financial policies. Listed below are excerpts from those policies, which relate specifically to capital improvements.

CIP Formulation

- 1) CIP Purpose. The purpose of the CIP is to systematically plan, schedule, and finance capital projects to ensure cost-effectiveness as well as conformance with established policies. The CIP is a five-year plan organized into the same functional groupings used for the operating programs. The CIP will reflect a balance between capital replacement projects that repair, replace or enhance existing facilities, equipment or infrastructure; and capital facility projects that significantly expand or add to the County's existing fixed assets.
- 2) CIP Criteria. Construction projects of \$15,000 or more and equipment of \$5,000 or more will be included in the Capital Improvement Plan (CIP); minor capital outlays will be included in the regular operating budget. The Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) differentiates the financing of high cost long-lived physical improvements from low cost "consumable" equipment items contained in the operating budget. CIP items may be funded through debt financing or current revenues while operating budget items are annual or routine in nature and should only be financed from current revenues.
- 3) Deteriorating Infrastructure. The capital improvement plan will include, in addition to current operating maintenance expenditures, adequate funding to support repair and replacement of deteriorating infrastructure and avoidance of a significant unfunded liability.

Project Financing

- 1) Minor Capital Projects. Minor capital projects or recurring capital projects, which primarily benefit current residents, will be financed from current revenues. Minor capital projects or recurring capital projects represent relatively small costs of an on-going nature, and therefore, should be financed with current revenues rather than utilizing debt financing. This policy also reflects the view that those who benefit from a capital project should pay for the project.
- 2) Major Capital Projects. Major capital projects, which benefit future residents, will be financed with other financing sources (e.g. debt financing). Major capital projects represent large expenditures of a non-recurring nature which primarily benefit future residents. Debt financing provides a means of generating sufficient funds to pay for the costs of major projects. Debt financing also enables the costs of the project to be supported by those who benefit from the project, since debt service payments will be funded through charges to future residents.

DEBT INFORMATION

Lewis & Clark County Debt Management

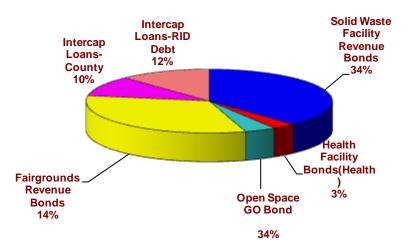
Debt in a governmental entity is an effective financial management tool. Active debt management provides fiscal advantages to county and its citizens. Debt can serve several different purposes. It is useful in matching costs to benefits of public assets. It is useful as an economic development tool. It allows governments to build and acquire assets that would not otherwise be able to be built or acquired. Debt eliminates the need for governments to build up large reserve balances to build or acquire assets. In other words, debt is not something that should be avoided or eliminated. Rather, debt is something that should be used and managed effectively. Debt can be mismanaged, however. Over use of debt places a burden on the financial resources of the County and its taxpayers. Thus, it is important to create policies and follow practices to insure debt is used wisely.

Debt management is a critical component of Lewis & Clark County's financial operations. The County takes an active role in managing its debt. This is done through a variety of means including: debt management policies, bond ratings, comprehensive planning for future bond issues, management of existing and proposed debt levels, legal debt margins, and debt service payments. This section of the budget provides an analysis of each of these factors in addition to providing a detailed schedule of future debt service obligations of the county.

Outstanding Debt

Listed below is a brief description of the County's major outstanding bond/debt issues.

- Solid Waste Facility Revenue Bonds-\$2,957,086.
- Health Facilities Revenue Bonds(Health)-\$240,000
- Fairgrounds Revenue Bond-\$314,910
- Open Space GO Bond-\$2,515,000
- County Loans \$805,035
- RID Debt-\$931,520



Possible Debt in the Next Five Years

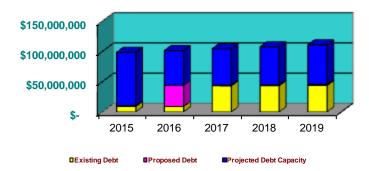
Listed below is a brief description of the County's possible debt issuances over the course of the next five-year period. Following this narrative description is a graphic depiction of the relative effects of these possible debt issuances in relation to the County's current debt and its remaining debt capacity.

- **A.** Detention Center-\$35,000,000 million. The current detention center is overcrowded. A new facility will be needed based on significant growth in the County.
- **B.** Open Space Bond Issue. A bond issue approved by voters in November 2008 to issue \$10,000,000 million in debt to acquire conservation easements in the County.

Debt Capacity

The bar chart below shows a graphic presentation of the county's existing debt, proposed debt, and a projection of the county's projected debt capacity (legal debt margin) for the next five years. As shown by the graph, even if all of the possible bond issues materialize, the county will still have a substantial amount of debt capacity remaining. This reflects the philosophy of the County Commission in holding down the level of debt on the taxpayers, despite the County's rapid development and growing population.

EXISTING DEBT, PROPOSED DEBT, & PROJECTED DEBT CAPACITY_____



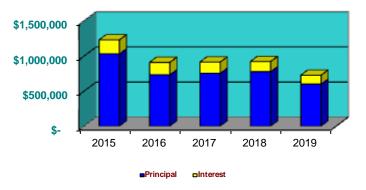
Debt Service

The graph below shows the County's principal and interest payments in the current budget year and five years beyond. As shown by the graph, principal payments are increasing, while interest payments are decreasing. This reflects the declining debt level as the result of the scheduled payments the County will be making.

SCHEDULE OF FUTURE PRINCIPAL AND

Lewis & Clark County

INTEREST PAYMENTS_



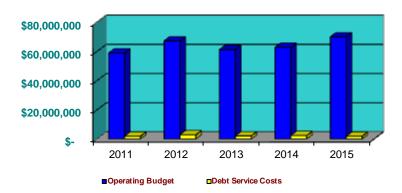
Most major debt obligations for the County are typically structured with declining interest payments and increasing principal payments—thereby resulting in relatively level debt service payments over the life of the bonds.

Debt Service Costs Contrasted with the County's Operating Budget

The graph below illustrates the County's debt in relation to its operating budget. The amount of required debt service relative to the size of the annual budget is an important indicator of fiscal obligations. Since debt service expenditures restrict the amount of funds available for other operating or capital uses, it is important that the ratio of debt service to the total operating budget remain low and at a prudent level.

As shown on the following page, debt payments by the County are a small fraction of its operating budget. This reflects the County's efforts to keep debt service payments at a manageable level.

DEBT SERVICE COSTS CONTRASTED WITH ANNUAL OPERATING BUDGET_____



Bond Rating

Bond ratings reflect the relative strength of the county's financial management and planning capabilities and the quality of its elected and administrative leadership, as well as its wealth and social characteristics. Bond ratings serve as a statement of a locality's economic, financial and managerial condition and represent the business community's assessment of the investment quality of a local government. Highly rated bonds are more attractive and are more competitive in the market and thereby help lower interest costs paid by County residents. High-grade ratings reduce the cost of raising capital for County projects and a substantial savings for the County taxpayers.

Lewis & Clark County continues to seek ways to improve and maintain these ratings so as to provide the finest quality services and lowest cost. Concentrated efforts have been made to maintain and improve the County's "high-grade" ratings for its general obligation bonds through innovations in financial and debt administration.

Lewis & Clark County issued Open Space General Obligation Bonds in December 2010 and obtained a Standard and Poor's bond rating of AA.

Management of Debt and Equity Funding of Capital Needs

An integral part of the County's financial strength has been to aggressively take advantage of the marketplace and refund outstanding debt, thereby reducing interest expense while using excess surpluses wisely to equity fund (pay with cash) capital project expenses and to fund depreciation of capital assets. This actively managed debt program allow us to pass along savings from the refunding of outstanding debt along to the taxpayers through reductions in the millage rates.

Debt Management Policies

Lewis & Clark County has developed a set of financial management policies that cover all aspects of its financial operations. Policies on debt management are one component of those financial policies. All of the County's financial management policies on included in the Executive Summary. Listed below are excerpts from those policies, which relate specifically to debt management.

Restrictions on Debt Issuance

1) Repayment of Borrow Funds. The County will repay borrowed funds used for capital projects within a period not to exceed the expected useful life of the project. This policy reflects the view that those residents who benefit from a project should pay for the project. Adherence to this policy will also help prevent the government from over-extending itself with regard to the incurrence of future debt.

Limitations on Outstanding Debt

1) Reliance on Long-Term Debt. The County will limit long-term debt to capital improvements which cannot be financed from current revenues. Incurring long-term debt serves to obligate future taxpayers. Excess reliance on long-term can cause debt levels to reach or exceed the government's ability to pay. Therefore, conscientious use of long-term debt will provide assurance that future residents will be able service the debt obligations left by former residents.

2) Debt Not Used for Current Operations. The County will not use long-term debt for financing current operations. This policy reflects the view that those residents who benefit from a service should pay for the service. Utilization of long-term debt to support current operations would result in future residents supporting services provided to current residents.

Debt Refinancing

- 1) General Refinancing Guidelines. Periodic reviews of all outstanding debt will be undertaken to determine refinancing opportunities. Refinancing will be considered (within federal tax law constraints) under the following conditions:
 - There is a net economic benefit.
 - It is needed to modernize covenants that are adversely affecting the County's financial position or operations.
 - The County wants to reduce the principal outstanding in order to achieve future working capital to do so from other sources.
- 2) Standards for Economic Savings. In general, refinancing for economic savings will be undertaken whenever net present value savings of at least five percent (5%) of the refunded debt can be achieved.
- 3) Net Present Value Savings. Refinancing that produce net present value savings of less than five percent will be considered on a case-by-case basis, provided that the present value savings are at least three percent (3%) of the refunded debt. Refinancing with savings of less than three percent (3%), or with negative savings, will not be considered unless there is a compelling public policy objective.

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APPENDIX

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES (FTE)

Staffing Summary

Title	Actual	Actual	Adopted
The second secon	FY2013	FY2014	FY2015
General Government Legislative Services	3.00	3.00	3.00
Administrative Services	10.07	9.83	9.83
Treasurer - Clerk & Recorder	23.00	24.00	24.00
County Attorney	20.13	21.13	22.13
District Court	12.50	12.50	12.75
Justice Court	6.00	6.00	6.00
Superintendent of Schools	1.00	1.00	1.00
Planning & Community Developmen	9.50	8.75	8.75
Health Insurance	0.75	0.75	0.75
Information Technology	16.00	16.00	15.00
Sub-Total General Government	101.95	102.96	103.21
Public Safety	2.00	2.00	2.00
Disaster & Emergency Services Sheriff	2.00 76.50	2.00 79.00	2.00 80.00
Probation & Parole	-	-	- 00.00
Fire	-	-	-
Mental Health	_	-	_
Youth	-	-	-
Coroner	1.50	2.50	3.00
Radio Project	-	-	-
Sub-Total Public Safety	80.00	83.50	85.00
Public Works			
Administration	4.04	4.04	4.05
Bridge Maintenance	4.50	4.50	4.50
Road	14.35	16.09	16.11
Road Signs	1.00	1.00	1.00
Solid Waste Services	7.53	7.29	7.35
Facilities Administration	15.26	13.77	13.42
Weed Spraying	3.89	4.75	4.77
Forestvale Cemetery	4.74	4.74	4.74
Sub-total Public Works	55.31	56.18	55.94
Public Health			
Cooney Nursing Home	-	-	-
Public Health Administration	4.62	4.60	4.48
Community Health Promotion	5.38	5.88	5.17
Environmental Health	13.44	13.30	13.89
Disease Control & Prevention	18.71	18.04	18.51
Human Services	1.35	2.85	2.67
CHC Helena and Lincoln	42.48	45.33	35.55
Sub-total Public Health	85.98	90.00	80.27
Social & Economic Services			
Human Services	-	-	-
Senior Citizens	-	-	-
Extension Services	1.00	1.00	1.00
Sub-Total Social & Economic Ser	1.00	1.00	1.00
Culture & Recreation			
Fair	7.25	7.26	7.00
Sub-total Culture & Recreation	7.25	7.26	7.00
GRAND TOTAL	331.49	340.90	332.42

CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

Calendar	U.S.	
Year	Consumer Price	Percent
	Index	Change
1971	40.5	
1972	41.8	3.2
1973	44.4	6.2
1974	49.3	11.0
1975	53.8	9.1
1976	56.9	5.8
1977	60.6	6.5
1978	65.2	7.6
1979	72.6	11.3
1980	82.4	13.5
1981	90.9	10.3
1982	96.5	6.2
1983	99.6	3.2
1984	103.9	4.3
1985	107.6	3.6
1986	109.6	1.9
1987	113.6	3.6
1988	118.3	4.1
1989	124.0	4.8
1990	130.7	5.4
1991	136.2	4.2
1992	140.3	3.0
1993	144.5	3.0
1994	148.2	2.6
1995	152.4	2.8
1996	156.9	3.0
1997	160.5	2.3
1998	163.0	1.6
1999	166.6	2.2
2000	172.2	3.4
2001	177.1	2.8
2002	179.9	1.6
2003	184.0	2.3
2004	188.9	2.7
2005	195.3	3.4
2006	201.6	3.2
2007	207.3	2.8
2008	215.2	3.8
2009	214.5	-0.4
2010	218.0	1.6
2011	224.9	3.2
2012	229.5	2.1
2013	232.9	1.5

GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND

Maximum Allowable Debt - Lewis & Clark County, Montana

Assessed Valuation: FY 15 Certified Market Value	\$ 4,255,781,588	
Factor Allowed for Indebtedness	2.5%	
Total Indebtedness Allowed		\$ 106,394,540
Less Current Indebtedness:		
Intercap Loans	\$ 805,035	
RSID Debt	\$ 931,520	
GO Debt	\$ 2,515,000	
Revenue Bonds	3,511,995	
Total Current Indebtedness		\$ 7,763,550

Maximum Indebtedness Available	\$ 98,630,990

DEMOGRAPHIC & STATISTICAL INFORMATION

GENERAL STATISTICAL INFORMATION

Class of County	First
County Seat	Helena
Year Organized	March 1, 1868
Registered Voters (includes active and inactive voters)	
Area (square miles)	3,461
Courthouse Elevation (City of Helena)	4,100
Incorporated Cities	2
Population of County (2010 estimate)	63,395
Form of Government	Commission

TOP TEN TAXPAYERS

LEWIS & CLARK COUNTY

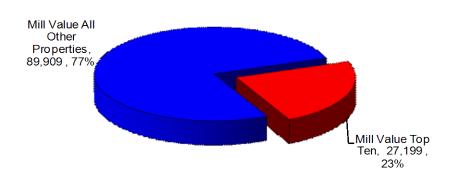
TEN HIGHEST TAXPAYERS IN LEWIS & CLARK COUNTY

2013

Taxpayer	Taxable Value
NORTHWESTERN CORPORATION	\$ 12,378,687
VERIZON WIRELESS	5,439,198
QWEST	2,089,522
PPL MONTANA LLC	2,024,364
BRESNAN COMMUNICATIONS	1,278,966
DRUMLUMMON LTD	1,104,205
THE BOEING COMPANY	951,994
BNSF RAILWAY COMPANY	882,126
MONTANA RAIL LINK	570,206
HELENA FEDERAL OFFICE COMPLEX LLC	479,912
TOP TEN TAXPAYERS AS COMPARED TO	\$ 27,199,180

TOP TEN TAXPAYERS AS COMPARED TO REMAINING TAXPAYERS

Tax Year 2013 (FY 14)_____



Accrual Basis - A basis of accounting in which transactions are recognized at the time they are incurred, as apposed to when cash is received or spent.

Appropriation – An authorization made by the County Commission which permits the County to incur obligations to make expenditures for specific purposes.

Assessed Valuation - A value that is established for real and personal property for use as a basis to levy property taxes.

Asset - Resources owned or held by a government which have monetary value.

Available (Undesignated) Fund Balance -Refers to the funds remaining from the prior years which are available for appropriation and expenditure in the current year.

Base Budget Allowances – Funding for ongoing expenditures for personnel, commodities, contractual services and replacement of existing equipment previously authorized. The base budget allowance provides funding to continue previously authorized services and programs.

Bonds – A written promise to pay a sum of money on a specific date at a specified interest rate. The interest payments and the repayment of the principal are detailed in a bond ordinance. The most common types of bonds are general obligation, revenue bonds, and special improvement district bonds. These are most frequently used to finance capital projects.

Bond Rating – An evaluation of a bond issuer's credit quality and perceived ability to pay the principal and interest on time and in full.

Bond Refinancing - The payoff and re-issuance of bonds, to obtain better interest rates and/or bond conditions.

Budget – A plan of financial operation for a specific time period (Lewis & Clark County's budget is for a fiscal year July 1 - June 30). The budget contains the estimated expenditures needed to continue the county's operations for the fiscal year and revenues anticipated to finance them.

Budget Calendar - The schedule of key dates or milestones which the County follows in the preparation, adoption, and administration of the budget.

Budget Message - The opening section of the budget which provides the County Commission and the public with a general summary of the most important aspects of the budget, changes from the current and previous fiscal years, and recommendations regarding the financial policy for the upcoming period.

Budgetary Basis - This refers to the form of accounting utilized throughout the budget process. These generally take one of three forms: GAAP, Cash, and Modified Accrual.

Budgetary Control - The control or management of a governmental unit or enterprise in accordance with an approved budget for the purpose of keeping expenditures within the limitations of authorized appropriations and available revenues.

Capital Budget – See Capital Improvement Program

Capital Expenditures – The item has a unit cost over \$5,000, it benefits future periods, it has a normal useful life of 1 year or more, it has an identity that does not change with use (i.e., retains its identity throughout its useful life), and it is identifiable and can be separately accounted for. Improvements to existing assets must add value and life to be included in the value of any Capital item.

Capital Improvements - Expenditures related to the acquisition, expansion or rehabilitation of an element of the government's physical plant; sometimes referred to as infrastructure.

Capital Improvement Program (CIP) – A plan for capital expenditures needed to maintain and expand the public infrastructure (for example, roads, parks, buildings, etc). The CIP projects these infrastructure needs for a set number of years (normally 5) and is updated annually to reflect the latest priorities, cost estimates or changing financial strategies. The first year of the adopted Capital Improvement Program becomes the Annual Capital Budget.

Capital Outlay – Items that cost more than \$5,000 and have a useful life of more than one year.

Capital Project – New facility, technology system, land acquisition or equipment acquisition, or improvements to existing facilities beyond routine maintenance. Capital projects are included in the Capital Improvement Program and become fixed assets.

Cash Basis - A basis of accounting in which transactions are recognized only when cash is increased or decreased.

CDBG – Community Development Block Grant.

CIP – See Capital Improvement Program

Contingency - A budgetary reserve set aside for emergencies or unforeseen expenditures not otherwise budgeted.

Contractual Services – Expenditures for services performed by firms, individuals or other city departments.

Debt Ratios - Ratios which provide measure of assessing debt load and ability to repay debt which play a part in the determination of credit ratings. They are also used to evaluate the County's debt position over time and against its own standards and policies.

Debt Service – Payment of principal and interest on an obligation resulting from the issuance of bonds.

Debt Service Fund - Debt Service Funds are set up to receive dedicated revenues used to make principal and interest payments on County debt. They are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation and special assessment debt principal, interest and related costs.

Debt Service Fund Requirements - The amounts of revenue which must be provided for a Debt Service Fund so that all principal and interest payments can be made in full on schedule.

Deficit -The excess of an entity's liabilities over its assets or the excess of expenditures over revenues during a single accounting period. **Department** - A major administrative division of the County which indicates overall management responsibility for an operation or a group of related operations within a functional area.

Depreciation - Expiration in the service life of capital assets attributable to wear and tear, deterioration, action of the physical elements, inadequacy, or obsolescence.

Distinguished Budget Presentation Awards Program - A voluntary awards program

administered by the Government Finance Officers Association to encourage governments to prepare effective budget documents.

Division - A group of homogeneous cost centers within a department, i.e. roads, bridges, gas tax, junk vehicle, maintenance and administration make up the Transportation Division within the Public Works Department.

Enterprise Funds – Funds that are accounted for in a manner similar to a private business. Enterprise funds usually recover their costs (including depreciation) through user fees.

Estimate – The most recent prediction of current year revenue and expenditures. Estimates are based upon several months of actual expenditure and revenue information and are prepared to consider the impact of unanticipated costs or other economic changes.

Estimated Revenue - The amount of projected revenue to be collected during the fiscal year.

Fixed Assets - Assets of long-term character which are intended to continue to be held or used, such as land, buildings, machinery, furniture and other equipment.

FTE - See Full-Time Equivalent

Full Faith and Credit - A pledge of a government's taxing power to repay debt obligations.

Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) – A position converted to the decimal equivalent of a full-time position based on 2,080 hours per year. For example, a part-time clerk working for 20 hours per week would be equivalent to one-half of a full-time position or 0.5 FTE.

Fund – An independent governmental accounting entity with a self-balancing group of accounts including assets, liabilities and fund balance, which record all financial transactions for specific activities of government functions.

Fund Balance – As used in the budget, the excess of resources over expenditures. The beginning fund balance is the residual funds brought forward from the previous fiscal year.

GAAP – See Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

General Obligation Bonds (G.O. Bonds) – Bonds that require voter approval and finance a variety of public capital projects such as roads, buildings, parks and improvements. The bonds are backed by the "full faith and credit" of the issuing government.

Goal – A statement of broad direction, purpose or intent based on the needs of the community. A goal is general and timeless; that is, it is not concerned with a specific achievement in a given time period.

G. O. Bonds – See General Obligation Bonds

Grant – A contribution by one government unit or funding source to another. The contribution is usually made to aid in the support of a specified function (e.g., public safety or drug enforcement, but it is sometimes for general purposes).

Infrastructure – Facilities that support the daily life and growth of the county, for example, roads, public buildings, and parks.

Improvement Districts – Special assessment districts formed by property owners who desire and are willing to pay for mutually enjoyed improvements such as roads or maintenance districts.

Intergovernmental Revenue - Funds received from federal, state and other local government sources in the form of grants, shared revenues, and payments in lieu of taxes.

Levy – See Tax Levy

Line-Item Budget - A budget that lists each expenditure category (salary, materials, telephone service, travel, etc.) separately, along

with the dollar amount budgeted for each specified category.

Mandate – Legislation passed by the state or federal government requiring action or provision of services and/or programs. Examples include the Americans with Disabilities Act, which requires actions such as physical facility improvements and provision of specialized transportation services.

Objective – A desired output-oriented accomplishment that can be measured and achieved within a given time frame, and advances the activity and organization toward a corresponding goal.

Operating Budget - The portion of the budget that pertains to daily operations that provide basic governmental services. The operating budget contains appropriations for such expenditures as personnel; supplies, utilities, materials, travel, and fuel.

Operating Funds – Resources derived from continuing revenue sources used to finance ongoing operating expenditures and "pay-asyou-go" capital projects.

Ordinance – A formal legislative enactment by the County Commission. If it is not in conflict with any higher form of law, such as a state statute or constitutional provision, it has the full force and effect of law within the boundaries of the county.

Outstanding Bonds – Bonds not yet retired through principal and interest payments.

Overlapping Debt - The County's proportionate share of the debt of other local governmental units which either overlap it or underlie it. The debt is generally apportioned based on relative assessed value.

Pay-As-You-Go Capital Projects – Capital projects whose funding comes from day-to-day county operating revenue sources.

Performance Budget - A budget that focuses upon departmental goals and objectives rather than line items, programs, or funds. Workload and unit cost data are collected in order to assess the effectiveness and efficiency of services.

Personal Services – All costs related to compensating county employees including employee benefits costs such as contributions for retirement, social security, and health and workers' compensation insurance. It also includes fees paid to elected officials, jurors, and election judges and clerks. It does not include fees for professional or other services.

PILT - Payment in Lieu of Taxes from the Federal Government based on acreage within each county.

Program Budget - A budget that focuses upon broad functions or activities of an agency or jurisdiction rather than upon its organizational budget units or object classes of expenditure.

Property Tax – A levy upon each \$100 of assessed valuation of property within Lewis & Clark County.

Resolution - A special or temporary order of a legislative body (County Commission) requiring less legal formality than an ordinance or statute.

Resources – Total amounts available for appropriation including estimated revenues, fund transfers and beginning fund balances.

Restricted Funds – See Special Revenue Fund.

Revenue - Funds that the government receives as income. It includes such items as tax payments, fees from specific services, receipts from other governments, fines, forfeitures, grants, shared revenues and interest income.

Revenue Bonds – Bonds usually sold for constructing a project that will produce revenue for the government. That revenue is pledged to pay the principal and interest of the bond.

Risk Management - An organized attempt to protect a government's assets against accidental loss in the most economical method.

Salary Savings – Budget savings realized through normal employee turnover.

Special Revenue Fund – A fund used to account for receipts from revenue sources that have been earmarked for specific activities and related expenditures. Examples include road, public assistance, bridge, fair, and public safety.

State-Shared Revenues – Revenues levied and collected by the state but shared with local governments as determined by state government each year. Entitlement funds received by the County from the state are the largest of such shared revenues.

Taxes - Compulsory charges levied by a government for the purpose of financing services performed for the common benefit of the people. This term does not include specific charges made against particular persons or property for current or permanent benefit, such as special assessments.

Tax Levy - The resultant product when the tax rate per one hundred dollars is multiplied by the tax base.

Transfers In/Out - Amounts transferred from one fund to another to assist in financing the services for the recipient fund.

Unreserved Fund Balance - The portion of a fund's balance that is not restricted for a specific purpose and is available for general appropriation.

User Fees or User Charges – A fee paid for a public service or use of a public facility by the individual or organization benefiting from the service.

Workload Indicator - A unit of work to be done (e.g., number of permit applications received or the number of burglaries to be investigated).

